ELECTRICAL SYSTEM



When you read wiring diagrams:
Read GI section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS".
When you perform trouble diagnoses, read GI section, "HOW TO FOLLOW FLOW CHART IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES" and "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".
Check for any service bulletins before servicing the vehicle.

WIRING DIAGRAM REFERENCE CHART

ECCS (Ignition system)	EC SECTION
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM, SHIFT LOCK SYSTEM	AT SECTION
ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM	BR SECTION
SRS "AIR BAG"	RS SECTION
HEATER AND AIR CONDITIONER	HA SECTION
SRS "AIR BAG"	RS SECTION

Go to Table of Contents

Go to Quick Reference Index

Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG"

The Supplemental Restraint System "AIR BAG", used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of air bag modules (located in the center of the steering wheel and on the instrument panel on the passenger side), a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable. If the vehicle is equipped with side air bag as the Supplemental Restraint System, the supplemental side air bag used along with the seat belt helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a side collision. The supplemental side air bag consists of air bag modules (located in the outer side of front seats), satellite sensor, diagnosis sensor unit (which is one of components of supplemental air bags for a frontal collision), wiring harness, warning lamp (which is one of components of supplemental air bags for a frontal collision). Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **RS section** in this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified with yellow harness protector or yellow insulation tape before the harness connectors.

Description

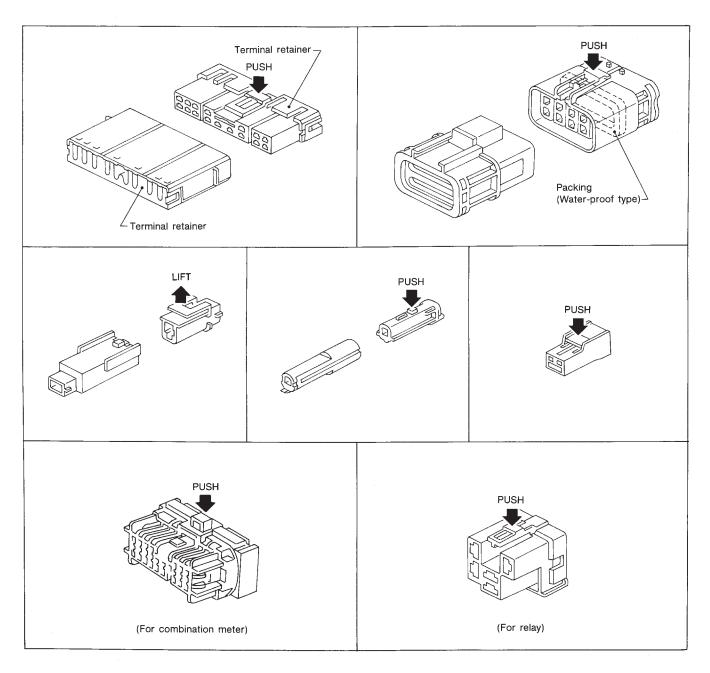
HARNESS CONNECTOR

- All harness connectors have been modified to prevent accidental loosing or disconnection.
- The connector can be disconnected by pushing or lifting the locking section.

CAUTION:

Do not pull the harness when disconnecting the connector.

[Example]

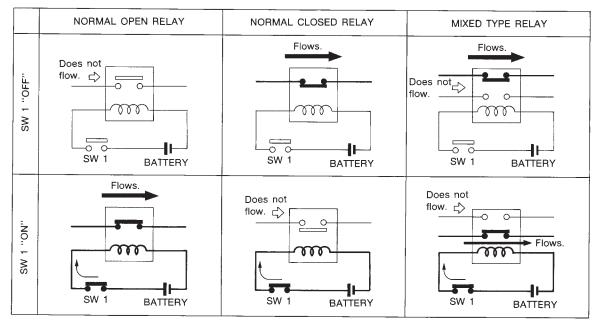


MEL343D

Description

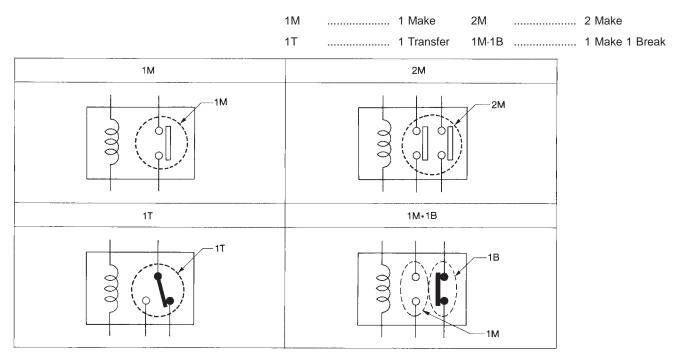
NORMAL OPEN, NORMAL CLOSED AND MIXED TYPE RELAYS

Relays can mainly be divided into three types: normal open, normal closed and mixed type relays.



SEL881H

TYPE OF STANDARDIZED RELAYS



SEL882H

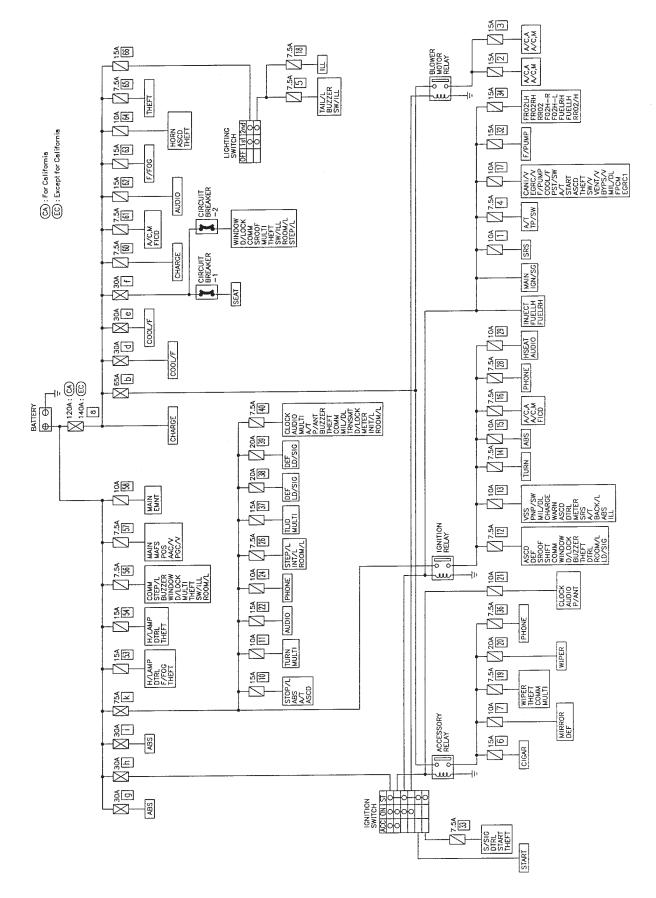
STANDARDIZED RELAY Description (Cont'd)

Туре	Outer view	Circuit	Connector symbol and connection	Case color
1T				BLACK
2М				BROWN
1M•1B				GRAY
1M				BLUE

The arrangement of terminal numbers on the actual relays may differ from those shown above.

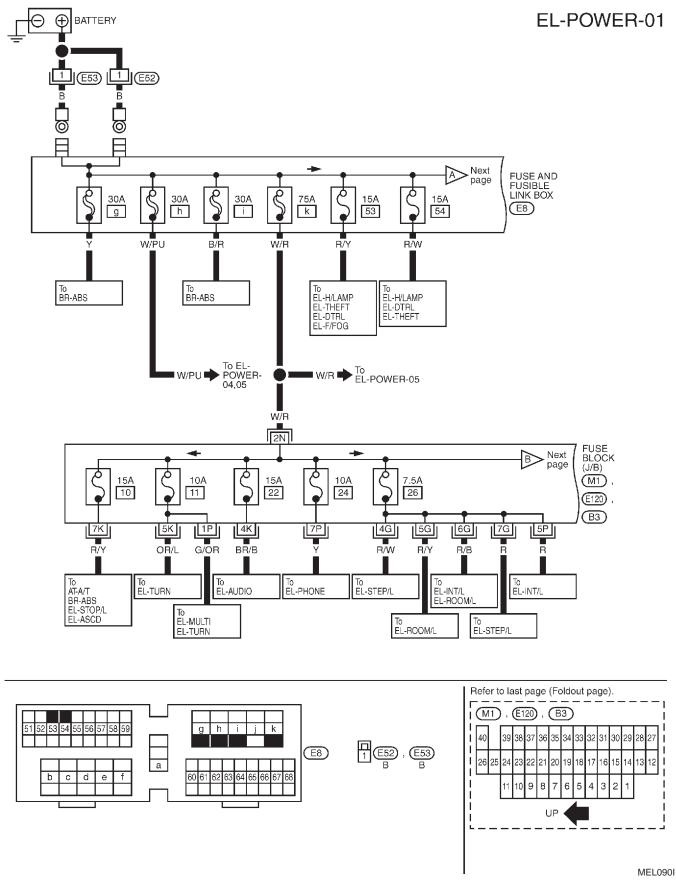
POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

Schematic

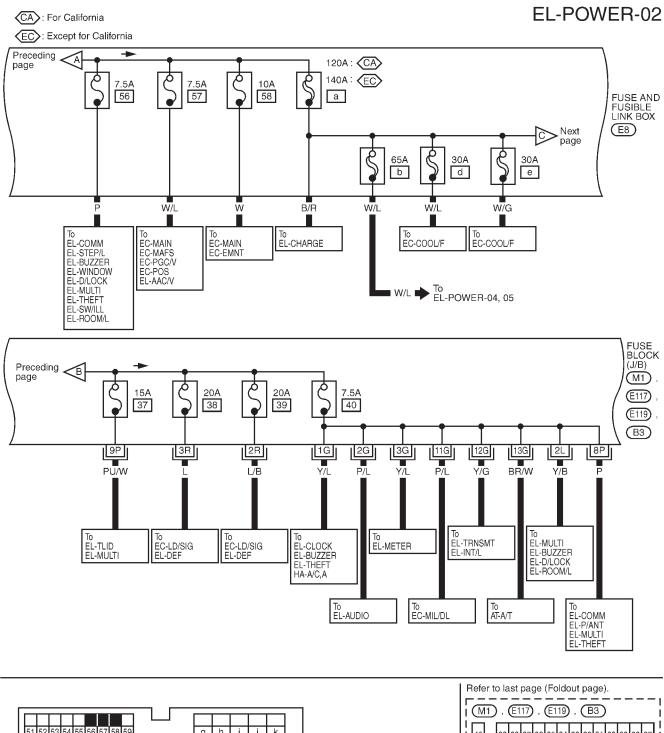


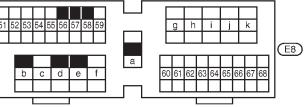
Wiring Diagram — POWER —

BATTERY POWER SUPPLY — IGNITION SW. IN ANY POSITION



POWER SUPPLY ROUTING Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)

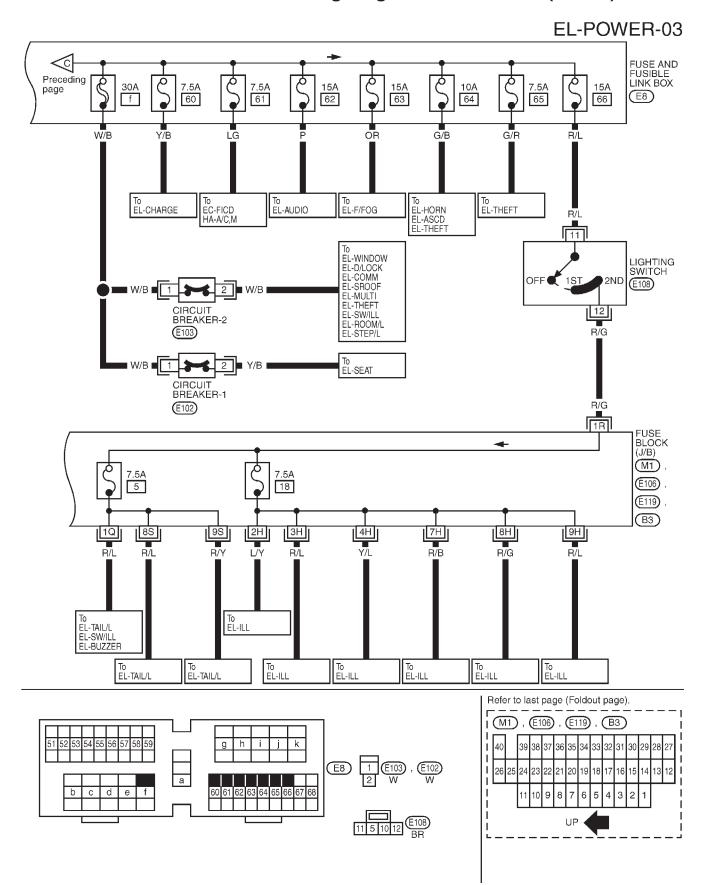




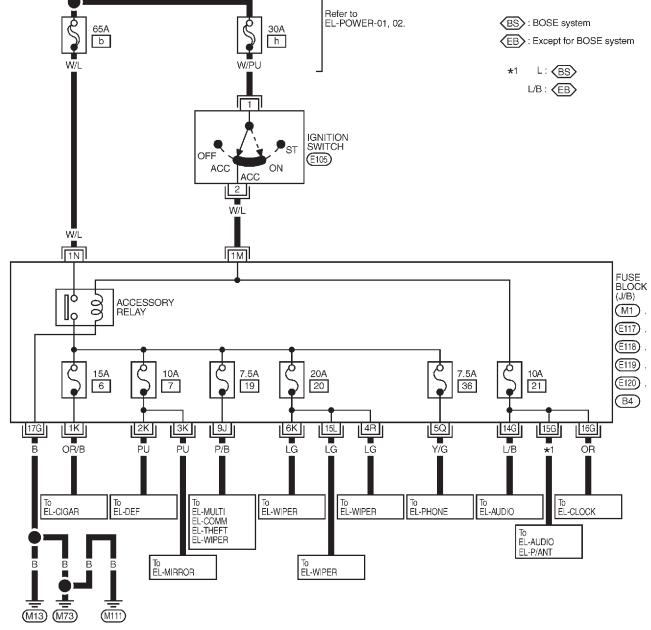
35 34 33 32 31 29 28 27 38 37 36 30 40 39 I 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 I 10 9 8 7 11 4 3 2 6 5 1 UP

POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

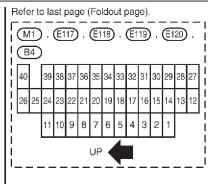
Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)

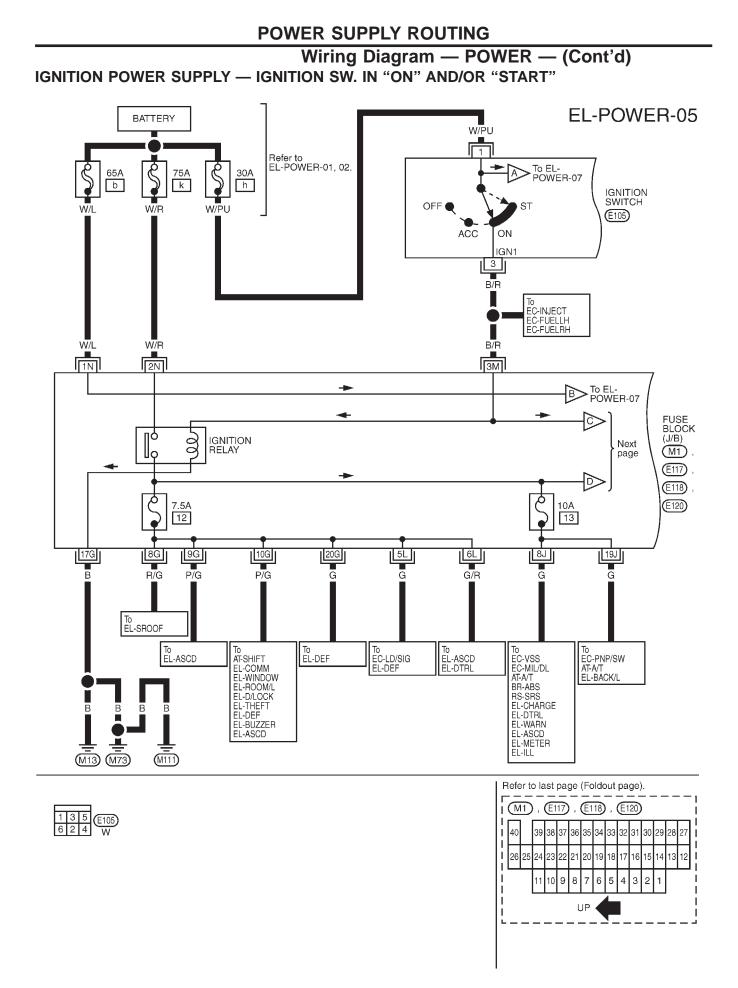


POWER SUPPLY ROUTING Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd) ACCESSORY POWER SUPPLY — IGNITION SW. IN "ACC" OR "ON" EL-POWER-04 Battery FI-POWER-01.02 ES: BOSE system



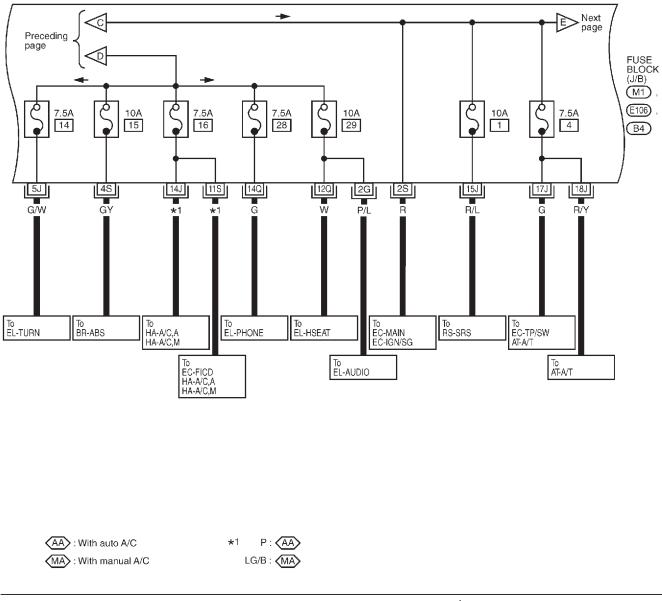
1 3 5 6 2 4 E105 W

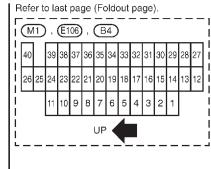




Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)

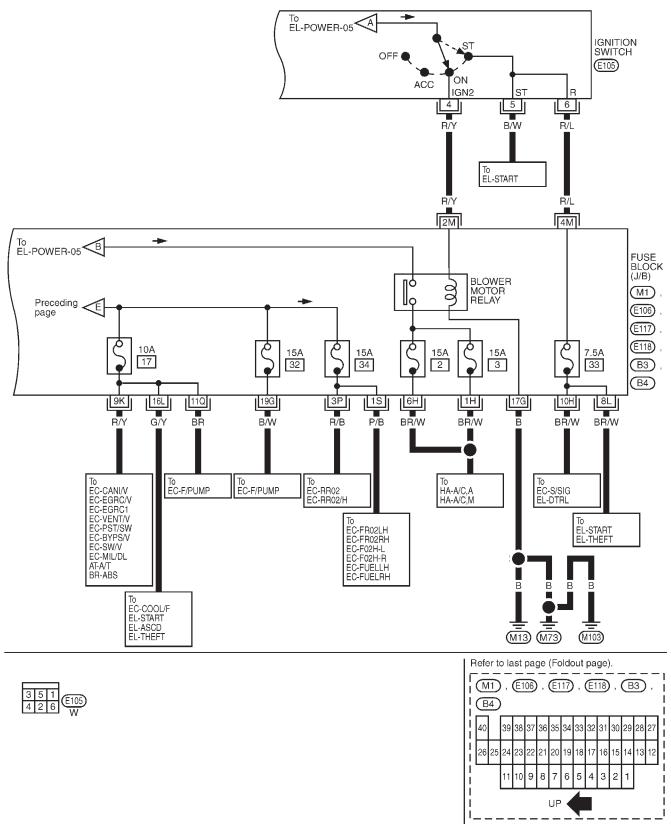
EL-POWER-06

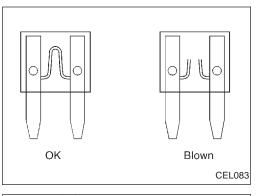




Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)

EL-POWER-07





Fusible link

ค

Fuse

- a. If fuse is blown, be sure to eliminate cause of problem before installing new fuse.
- b. Use fuse of specified rating. Never use fuse of more than specified rating.
- c. Do not partially install fuse; always insert it into fuse holder properly.
- d. Remove fuse for "ELECTRICAL PARTS (BAT)" if vehicle is not used for a long period of time.

Fusible Link

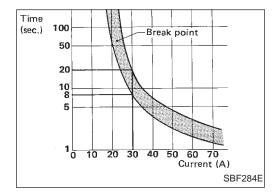
A melted fusible link can be detected either by visual inspection or by feeling with finger tip. If its condition is questionable, use circuit tester or test lamp.

CAUTION:

MEL344D

- If fusible link is melted, it is possible that a critical circuit (power supply or large current carrying circuit) is shorted. In such a case, carefully check these circuits and eliminate cause.
- Never wrap outside of fusible link with vinyl tape.

Important: Never let fusible link touch any other wiring harness, vinyl or rubber parts.



Circuit Breaker Inspection

For example, when current is 30A, the circuit is broken within 8 to 20 seconds.

Circuit breakers are used in the following systems.

- Power seat
- Power window
- Power door lock
- IVMS
- Electric sunroof

EARTH			CELL CODE
E5/E30	AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE SWITCH	E80	HA-A/C, A HA-A/C, M
	ABS SOLENOID VALVE RELAY	E79	BR-ABS
	ASCD HOLD RELAY	E58, E59	EL-ASCD
	BRAKE FLUID LEVEL SWITCH	E1	EL-WARN
	COOLING FAN MOTOR-1	E26	EC-COOL/F
	COOLING FAN MOTOR-2	E27	EC-COOL/F
	COOLING FAN RELAY-2	E56	EC-COOL/F
	COOLING FAN RELAY-3	E62	EC-COOL/F
	DAYTIME LIGHT CONTROL UNIT	E66	EL-DTRL EL-THEFT
	FRONT FOG LAMP LH	E21	EL-F/FOG
	FRONT FOG LAMP RH	E34	EL-F/FOG
	FRONT FOG LAMP SWITCH	E113	EL-F/FOG
	FRONT SIDE MARKER LAMP LH	E23	EL-TAIL/L
	FRONT SIDE MARKER LAMP RH	E33	EL-TAIL/L
	FRONT TURN SIGNAL LAMP LH	E22	EL-TURN
	FRONT TURN SIGNAL LAMP RH	E32	EL-TURN
	FRONT WIPER RELAY	E75	EL-WIPER
	FRONT WIPER SWITCH	E112	EL-WIPER
	HEADLAMP LH	E24	EL-H/LAMP EL-DTRL EL-THEFT
	HEADLAMP RH	E31	EL-H/LAMP EL-THEFT
	HOOD SWITCH	E19	EL-THEFT
	PARKING LAMP LH	E6	EL-TAIL/L
	PARKING LAMP RH	E44	EL-TAIL/L
	THEFT WARNING HORN RELAY-2	E70	EL-THEFT
	TRIPLE-PRESSURE SWITCH	E25	EC-COOL/F HA-A/C, A HA-A/C, M
	WASHER LEVEL SWITCH	E45	EL-WARN
	A/C AUTO AMP.	M98	HA-A/C, A
E35	ALTERNATOR	E37	EL-CHARGE
E115	SHIELD WIRE (FRONT LH WHEEL SENSOR)	E17	BR-ABS
	SHIELD WIRE (FRONT RH WHEEL SENSOR)	M102	BR-ABS
	SHIELD WIRE (REAR LH WHEEL SENSOR)	B109	BR-ABS
	SHIELD WIRE (REAR RH WHEEL SENSOR)	B105	BR-ABS
M13/M73/	ABS CONTROL UNIT	E114	BR-ABS
M111	A/T DEVICE (OD CONTROL SWITCH)	M62	AT-A/T
	A/T DEVICE (PARK POSITION SWITCH)	M62	AT-SHIFT
	ACCESSORY RELAY	M1	EL-POWER
	AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR	M49	HA-A/C, M
	ASCD CONTROL UNIT	M30	EL-ASCD
	ASCD MAIN SWITCH	M27	EL-ASCD
	ASHTRAY ILLUMINATION	M46	EL-ILL
	AUDIO AMP. RELAY	M79	EL-AUDIO
	BCM (BODY CONTROL MODULE)	M105	EL-BUZZER EL-COMM EL-WINDOW EL-ROOM/L EL-D/LOCK EL-MULTI EL-THEFT EL-STEP/L EL-WIPER EL-SW/ILL

EARTH	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CODE
M13/M73/	BLOWER MOTOR RELAY	M1	EL-POWER
M111	CIGARETTE LIGHTER SOCKET	M45	EL-CIGAR
	CLOCK	M59	EL-CLOCK
	CLOCK (ILLUMINATION)	M59	EL-ILL
	CLUTCH INTERLOCK SWITCH	M16	EL-START
	COMBINATION FLASHER UNIT	M34	EL-TURN
	COMBINATION METER (AIR BAG)	M83	RS-SRS EL-WARN
	COMBINATION METER (CRUISE INDICATOR)	M82	EL-ASCD
	COMBINATION METER (FUEL GAUGE)	M83	EL-METER
	COMBINATION METER (HIGH BEAM INDICA- TOR)	M83	EL-H/LAMP EL-DTRL
	COMBINATION METER (UNIFIED METER CONTROL UNIT)	M83	AT-A/T EL-METER EL-ASCD EC-VSS
	COMBINATION METER (TURN)	M83	EL-TURN
	COMBINATION METER (WATER TEMP. GAUGE)	M83	EL-METER
	DATA LINK CONNECTOR FOR CONSULT	M2	EC-MIL/DL AT-A/T BR-ABS RS-SRS
	DATA LINK CONNECTOR FOR GST	M63	EC-MIL/DL
	DOOR MIRROR REMOTE CONTROL SWITCH	M26	EL-MIRROR
	FAN CONTROL AMP.	M57	HA-A/C, A
	FAN SWITCH	M39	HA-A/C, M
	FRONT WIPER MOTOR	M101	EL-WIPER
	GLOVE BOX LAMP SWITCH	M55	EL-ILL
	IGNITION RELAY	M1	EL-POWER
	ILLUMINATION CONTROL SWITCH	M32	EL-ILL
	INTAKE DOOR MOTOR	M69	HA-A/C, A HA-A/C, M
	MODE DOOR MOTOR	M38	HA-A/C, A HA-A/C, M
	PUSH CONTROL UNIT	M85	HA-A/C, A HA-A/C, M
	REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SWITCH	M60	EL-DEF
	SUNROOF RELAY	M7	EL-SROOF
	DRIVER SIDE DOOR MIRROR DEFOGGER	D5	EL-DEF
	PASSENGER SIDE DOOR MIRROR DEFOGGER	D35	EL-DEF
	DRIVER DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU01)	D9	EL-COMM EL-WINDOW EL-D/LOCK EL-ROOM/L EL-STEP/L EL-MULTI EL-THEFT
	FRONT DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH LH	D7	EL-D/LOCK EL-THEFT
	FRONT DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH RH	D37	EL-D/LOCK EL-THEFT
	FRONT DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR LH (DOOR UNLOCK SENSOR)	D12	EL-D/LOCK EL-THEFT EL-MULTI EL-ROOM/L
	FRONT DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR RH (DOOR UNLOCK SENSOR)	D41	EL-D/LOCK EL-THEFT EL-MULTI
	FRONT DOOR SPEAKER LH	D6	EL-AUDIO
	FRONT DOOR SPEAKER RH	D36	EL-AUDIO
	PASSENGER DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU02)	D39	EL-COMM EL-WINDOW EL-STEP/L EL-D/LOCK EL-MULTI EL-THEFT

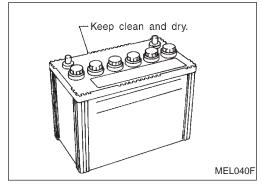
GROUND DISTRIBUTION

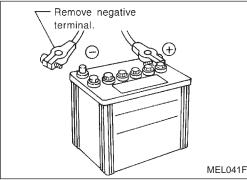
EARTH	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CODE
M13/M73/ M111	SHIELD WIRE (FRONT DOOR SPEAKER AND TWEETER LH)	D6, D13	EL-AUDIO
	SHIELD WIRE (FRONT DOOR SPEAKER AND TWEETER RH)	D36, D42	EL-AUDIO
	TRUNK LID OPENER SWITCH	D10	EL-TLID EL-MULTI EL-MULTI
	INTEGRATED HOMELINK TRANSMITTER	R2	EL-TRNSMT
	SPOT LAMP	R4	EL-INT/L
	VANITY MIRROR ILLUMINATION LH	R2	EL-INT/L
	VANITY MIRROR ILLUMINATION RH	R5	EL-INT/L
	AIR BAG DIAGNOSIS SENSOR UNIT	Z4	RS-SRS
F18/F19	TCM (TRANSMISSION CONTROL MODULE)	F103	AT-A/T
	CONDENSER	F22	EC-IGN/SG
	ECM (ECCS CONTROL MODULE)	F101	EC-MAIN AT-A/T
	IACV-FICD SOLENOID VALVE-1	F12	EC-FICD HA-A/C, M HA-A/C, A
	IGNITION COIL NO. 1	F3	EC-IGN/SG
	IGNITION COIL NO. 2	F31	EC-IGN/SG
	IGNITION COIL NO. 3	F4	EC-IGN/SG
	IGNITION COIL NO. 4	F30	EC-IGN/SG
	IGNITION COIL NO. 5	F6	EC-IGN/SG
	IGNITION COIL NO. 6	F29	EC-IGN/SG
	INHIBITOR SWITCH	F51	AT-A/T EL-START EL-ASCD
	NEUTRAL AND REVERSE POSITION SWITCH	F32	EC-PNP/SW
	POWER STEERING OIL PRESSURE SWITCH	F1	EC-PST/SW
	SHIELD WIRE [CAMSHAFT POSITION SEN- SOR (PHASE)]	F15	EC-PHASE
	SHIELD WIRE [CRANKSHAFT POSITION SEN- SOR (POS)]	F112	EC-POS
	SHIELD WIRE [CRANKSHAFT POSITION SEN- SOR (REF)]	F136	EC-REF
	SHIELD WIRE [FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR (Left bank)]	F28	EC-FRO2LH EC-FUELLH EC-FO2H-L
	SHIELD WIRE [FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR (Right bank)]	F2	EC-FRO2RH EC-FUELRH EC-FO2H-R
	SHIELD WIRE (KNOCK SENSOR)	F122	EC-KS
	SHIELD WIRE (MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR)	F33	EC-MAFS
	SHIELD WIRE (THROTTLE POSITION SEN- SOR)	F8	EC-TPS AT-A/T
	SHIELD WIRE (ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SEN- SOR)	F45	EC-AP/SEN
	DATA LINK CONNECTOR FOR GST	M63	EC-MIL/DL
	SHIELD WIRE (EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR)	B52	EC-PRE/SE
	REAR HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR	B9	EC-RRO2 EC-RRO2/H
	SHIELD WIRE (REAR HEATED OXYGEN SEN- SOR)	В9	EC-RRO2 EC-RRO2/H
	CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)	F112	EC-POS
	CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)	F15	EC-PHASE

EARTH	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CODE
B16/B19	FRONT DOOR SWITCH LH	B18	EL-BUZZER EL-MULTI RS-SRS EL-ROOM/L EL-D/LOCK EL-THEFT
	FRONT DOOR SWITCH RH	B15	EL-D/LOCK EL-THEFT EL-MULTI
	FUEL TANK GAUGE UNIT	B22	EL-METER EL-WARN EC-TFTS
	FUEL PUMP	B21	EC-FPCM EC-F/PUMP
	HEATED SEAT SWITCH LH	B11	EL-HSEAT
	HEATED SEAT SWITCH RH	B12	EL-HSEAT
	HEATED SEAT LH	B8	EL-HSEAT
	HEATED SEAT RH	B13	EL-HSEAT
	REAR SPEAKER LH	B37	EL-AUDIO
	REAR SPEAKER RH	B41	EL-AUDIO
	SEAT BELT BUCKLE SWITCH	B7	EL-WARN EL-BUZZER
	TELEPHONE	B53	EL-PHONE
	TRUNK LID COMBINATION LAMP LH	B30	EL-TAIL/L EL-STOP/L EL-BACK/L
	TRUNK LID COMBINATION LAMP RH	B33	EL-TAIL/L EL-STOP/L EL-BACK/L
	REAR DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR LH	D55	EL-D/LOCK EL-MULTI EL-THEFT
	REAR DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR RH	D75	EL-D/LOCK EL-MULTI EL-THEFT
	REAR LH DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU04)	D53	EL-COMM EL-WINDOW EL-D/LOCK EL-MULTI EL-SW/ILL EL-THEFT
	REAR RH DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU03)	D73	EL-COMM EL-WINDOW EL-D/LOCK EL-MULTI EL-SW/ILL EL-THEFT
	HIGH-MOUNTED STOP LAMP (With rear air spoiler)	Н1	EL-STOP/L
	HIGH-MOUNTED STOP LAMP (Without rear air spoiler)	B40	EL-STOP/L
	POWER SEAT LH	B6	EL-SEAT
	POWER SEAT RH	B14	EL-SEAT
	TRUNK LID KEY CYLINDER SWITCH	B32	EL-THEFT
	TRUNK ROOM LAMP SWITCH	B31	EL-INT/L EL-THEFT
B55	REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER	B54	EL-DEF
B57	SHIELD WIRE (SATELLITE SENSOR LH)	B58	RS-SRS
B63	SHIELD WIRE (SATELLITE SENSOR LH, SAT- ELLITE SENSOR RH)	B58, B62	RS-SRS
B64	SHIELD WIRE (SATELLITE SENSOR RH)	B62	RS-SRS
T6/T9	LICENSE PLATE LAMP	Т8	EL-TAIL/L
	MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL UNIT (LCU05)	T12	EL-COMM EL-MULTI EL-THEFT
	POWER ANTENNA TIMER AND MOTOR	T13	EL-P/ANT
	REAR COMBINATION LAMP LH	T4	EL-TAIL/L EL-STOP/L EL-TURN
	REAR COMBINATION LAMP RH	T10	EL-TAIL/L EL-STOP/L EL-TURN
	REAR SIDE MARKER LAMP LH	Т3	EL-TAIL/L
	REAR SIDE MARKER LAMP RH	T11	EL-TAIL/L

CAUTION:

- If it becomes necessary to start the engine with a booster battery and jumper cables, use a 12-volt booster battery.
- After connecting battery cables, ensure that they are tightly clamped to battery terminals for good contact.
- Never add distilled water through the hole used to check specific gravity.





Thermometer

Ø,

Hydrometer

MEL042F

How to Handle Battery

METHODS OF PREVENTING OVER-DISCHARGE

The following precautions must be taken to prevent over-discharging a battery.

- The battery surface (particularly its top) should always be kept clean and dry.
- The terminal connections should be clean and tight.
- At every routine maintenance, check the electrolyte level. This also applies to batteries designated as "low maintenance" and "maintenance-free".
- When the vehicle is not going to be used over a long period of time, disconnect the negative battery terminal. (If the vehicle has an extended storage switch, turn it off.)

 Check the condition of the battery by checking the specific gravity of the electrolyte.



WARNING:

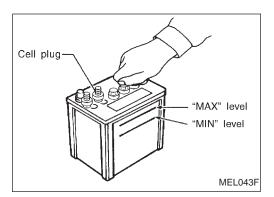
Do not allow battery fluid to come in contact with skin, eyes, fabrics, or painted surfaces. After touching a battery, do not touch or rub your eyes until you have thoroughly washed your hands. If the acid contacts the eyes, skin or clothing, immediately flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention.

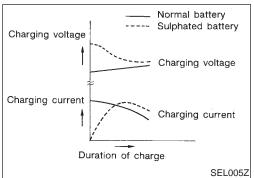
Normally the battery does not require additional water. However, when the battery is used under severe conditions, adding distilled water may be necessary during the battery life.

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How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

- Remove the cell plug using a suitable tool.
- Add distilled water up to the MAX level.



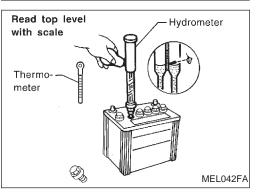


SULPHATION

A battery will be completely discharged if it is left unattended for a long time and the specific gravity becomes less than 1.100. This may result in sulphation on the cell plates. To find if a battery has been "sulphated", pay attention to its voltage and current when charging it. As shown in the figure at left, if the battery has been "sulphated", less current and higher voltage may be observed in the initial stages of charging.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK

• Read hydrometer and thermometer indications at eye level.



BATTERY

How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

• Use the chart below to correct your hydrometer reading according to electrolyte temperature.

Hydrometer temperature correction

Battery electrolyte temperature °C (°F)	Add to specific gravity reading
71 (160)	0.032
66 (150)	0.028
60 (140)	0.024
54 (129)	0.020
49 (120)	0.016
43 (110)	0.012
38 (100)	0.008
32 (90)	0.004
27 (80)	0
21 (70)	-0.004
16 (60)	-0.008
10 (50)	-0.012
4 (39)	-0.016
-1 (30)	-0.020
-7 (20)	-0.024
-12 (10)	-0.028
-18 (0)	-0.032

Corrected specific gravity	Approximate charge condition
1.260 - 1.280	Fully charged
1.230 - 1.250	3/4 charged
1.200 - 1.220	1/2 charged
1.170 - 1.190	1/4 charged
1.140 - 1.160	Almost discharged
1.110 - 1.130	Completely discharged

CHARGING THE BATTERY

CAUTION:

- Do not "quick charge" a fully discharged battery.
- Keep the battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting the charger, connect the leads first, then turn on the charger. Do not turn on the charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- If battery electrolyte temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery at a temperature below 60°C (140°F).

Charging rates:

Amps	Time
50	1 hour
25	2 hours
10	5 hours
5	10 hours

Do not charge at more than 50 ampere rate.

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How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

- Note: The ammeter reading on your battery charger will automatically decrease as the battery charges. This indicates that the voltage of the battery is increasing normally as the state of charge improves. The charging amps indicated above refer to initial charge rate.
- If, after charging, the specific gravity of any two cells varies more than .050, the battery should be replaced.

MEMORY RESET

If the battery is disconnected or goes dead, the following items must be reset:

- Radio AM and FM preset
- Clock
- AUTO temperature setting trimmer

Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

Applied area		USA		Canada
		Standard	Option	Standard
Туре		55D23L	80D	26L
Capacity	V-AH	12-60	12	-65
Cold cranking current (For reference)	A	356	58	32

System Description

M/T MODELS

For models with theft warning system

Power is supplied at all times

- through 30A fusible link (letter h , located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to ignition switch terminal ①.
- With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied
- through terminal (5) of the ignition switch
- to clutch interlock relay terminal ③.
- With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied
- through 10A fuse [No. 17], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to theft warning relay terminal ①.
- With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied
- through 7.5A fuse [No. 33], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to theft warning relay terminal (3).
- If the theft warning system is not triggered, power is supplied
- through theft warning relay terminal (4)
- to clutch interlock relay terminal ①.

When the clutch pedal is depressed, ground is supplied to clutch interlock relay terminal (2) through the clutch interlock switch and body grounds (M13), (M13) and (M111).

The clutch interlock relay is energized and power is supplied

- from terminal (5) of the clutch interlock relay
- to terminal ① of the starter motor windings.

The starter motor plunger closes and provides a closed circuit between the battery and the starter motor. The starter motor is grounded to the cylinder block. With power and ground supplied, the starter motor operates. If the theft warning system is triggered, terminal ② of the theft warning relay is grounded and power to the clutch interlock relay is interrupted.

For models without theft warning system

Theft warning relay acts just as a path circuit between 7.5A fuse [No. 33], located in the fuse block (J/B)] and clutch interlock relay.

A/T MODELS

Power is supplied at all times

- through 30A fusible link (letter h, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to ignition switch terminal ①.

With theft warning system

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 10A fuse [No. 17], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to theft warning relay terminals (1) and (3).
- Also, with the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied
- from ignition switch terminal (5)
- to inhibitor relay terminal 6.
- If the theft warning system is not triggered, power is supplied
- through theft warning relay terminal ④
- to inhibitor relay terminal ①.

Without theft warning system

- With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied
- through 10A fuse [No. 17], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to inhibitor relay terminal ①.
- Also, with the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied
- from ignition switch terminal (5)
- to inhibitor relay terminal (6).

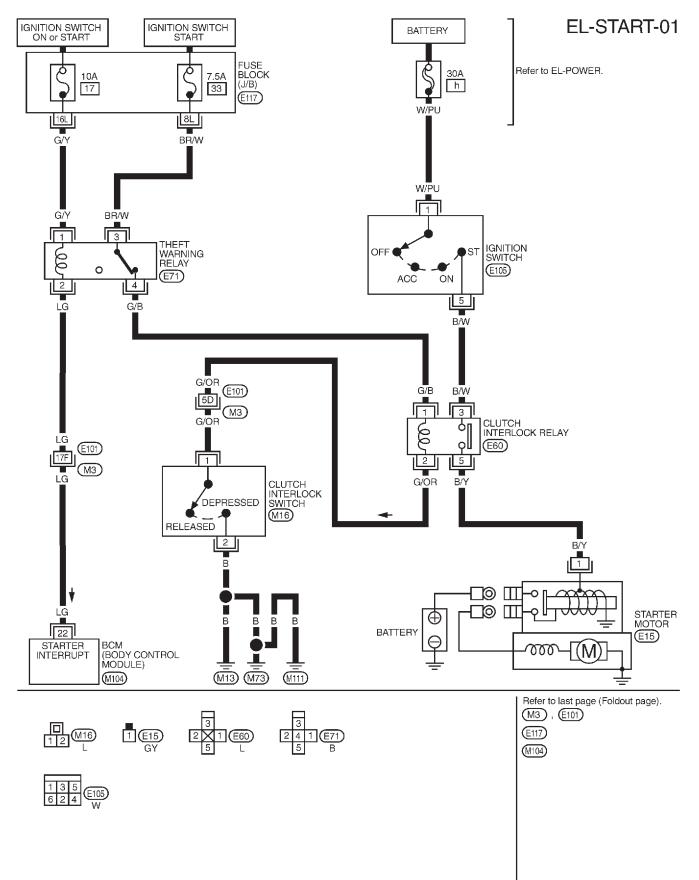
With the selector lever in the P or N position, ground is supplied

- to inhibitor relay terminal 2 through the inhibitor switch and body grounds (F18) and (F19).
- Then inhibitor relay is energized and power is supplied
- from ignition switch terminal (5)
- through inhibitor relay terminals (6) and (7)

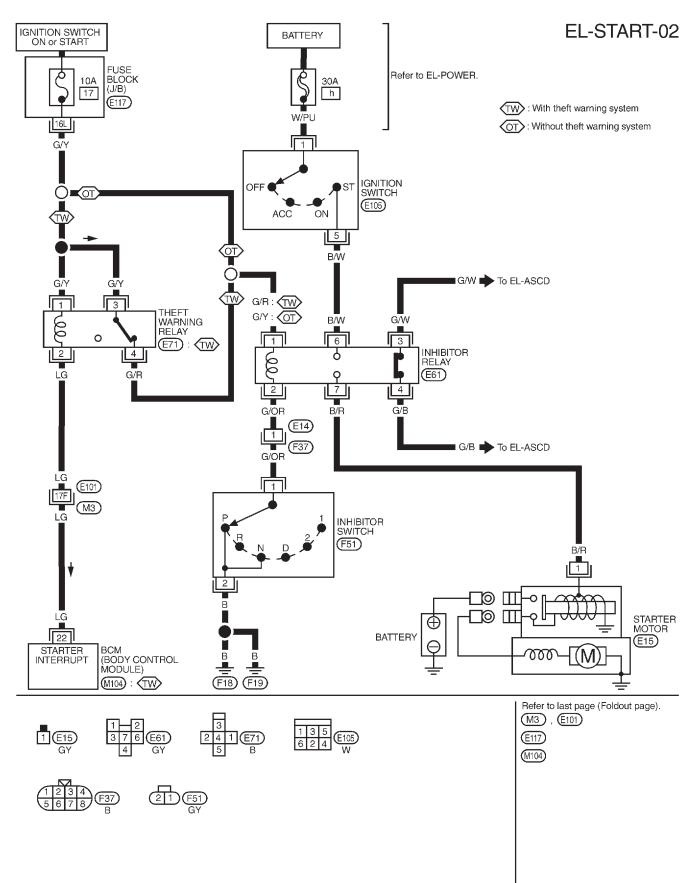
System Description (Cont'd)

• to terminal ① of the starter motor windings. The starter motor plunger closes and provides a closed circuit between the battery and the starter motor. The starter motor is grounded to the cylinder block. With power and ground supplied, the starter motor operates. If the theft warning system is triggered, terminal 2 of the theft warning relay is grounded and power to the inhibitor relay terminal ① is interrupted.

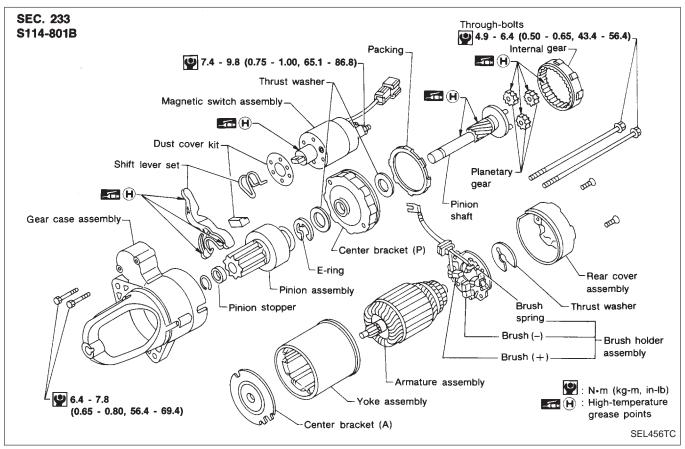
Wiring Diagram — START —/M/T Models

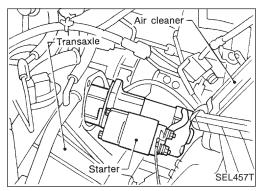


Wiring Diagram — START —/A/T Models



Construction





77.5 - 98.1 (7.9 - 10.0, 57.1 - 72.3)-30.4 - 41.2 (3.1 - 4.2, 22.4 - 30.4) 🖸 : N•m (kg-m, ft-lb) SEL458T

Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

- Remove air duct assembly. 1.
- 2. Disconnect starter harness.
- 3. Remove starter bolts (two).
- 4. Remove starter.

INSTALLATION

To install, reverse the removal procedure.

Pinion/Clutch Check

- 1. Inspect pinion teeth.
- Replace pinion if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of ring gear teeth.)
- 2. Inspect reduction gear teeth.
- Replace reduction gear if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of armature shaft gear teeth.)
- 3. Check to see if pinion locks in one direction and rotates smoothly in the opposite direction.
- If it locks or rotates in both directions, or unusual resistance is evident, replace.

Service Data and Specifications (SDS) STARTER

	S114-801B
Туре	HITACHI make
	Reduction gear type
System voltage V	12
No-load	
Terminal voltage V	11.0
Current A	Less than 90
Revolution rpm	More than 2,700
Minimum diameter of commutator mm (in)	28 (1.10)
Minimum length of brush mm (in)	10.5 (0.413)
Brush spring tension N (kg, lb)	12.7 - 17.7 (1.3 - 1.8, 2.9 - 4.0)
Clearance of bearing metal and armature shaft mm (in)	Less than 0.2 (0.008)
Clearance between pinion front edge and pinion stopper mm (in)	0.3 - 2.5 (0.012 - 0.098)

System Description

The alternator provides DC voltage to operate the vehicle's electrical system and to keep the battery charged. AC voltage is converted into DC voltage by the diode assembly in the alternator.

- Power is supplied at all times to alternator terminal (\$) through:
- 120A (For California) or 140A (Except for California) fusible link (letter a), located in the fuse and fusible link box), and
- 7.5A fuse (No. 60, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

Voltage output through alternator terminal (B), is controlled by the IC regulator at terminal (S). The charging circuit is protected by the 120A or 140A fusible link.

Terminal (E) of the alternator supplies ground through body ground (E35).

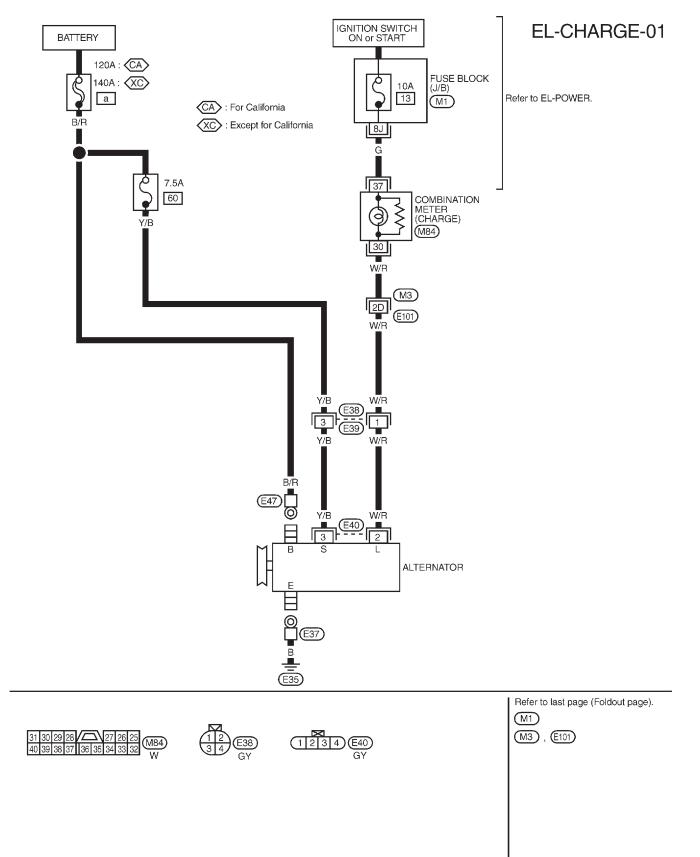
With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

• through 10A fuse [No. 13, located in the fuse block (J/B)]

• to combination meter terminal 3 for the charge warning indicator.

Ground is supplied to terminal ③ of the combination meter through terminal ① of the alternator. With power and ground supplied, the charge warning indicator will illuminate. When the alternator is providing sufficient voltage, the ground is opened and the charge warning indicator will go off.

If the charge warning indicator illuminates with the engine running, a malfunction is indicated. Refer to "Trouble Diagnoses" (EL-31).



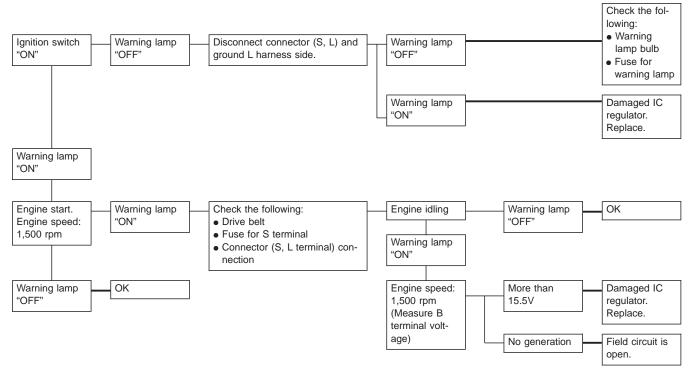
Wiring Diagram — CHARGE —

Trouble Diagnoses

Before conducting an alternator test, make sure that the battery is fully charged. A 30-volt voltmeter and suitable test probes are necessary for the test. The alternator can be checked easily by referring to the Inspection Table.

- Before starting, inspect the fusible link.
- Use fully charged battery.

WITH IC REGULATOR



Warning lamp: "CHARGE" warning lamp in combination meter

Note:

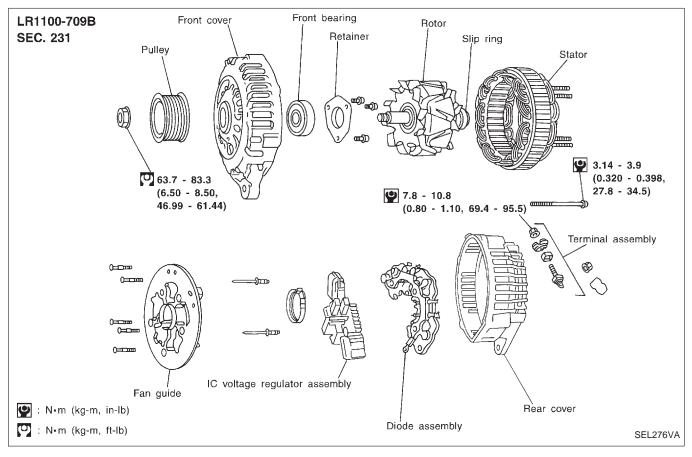
- If the inspection result is OK even though the charging system is malfunctioning, check the B terminal connection. (Check the tightening torque.)
- When field circuit is open, check condition of rotor coil, rotor slip ring and brush. If necessary, replace faulty parts with new ones.

MALFUNCTION INDICATOR

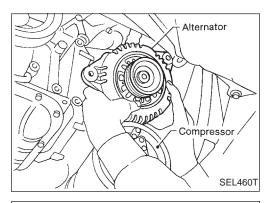
The IC regulator warning function activates to illuminate "CHARGE" warning lamp, if any of the following symptoms occur while alternator is operating:

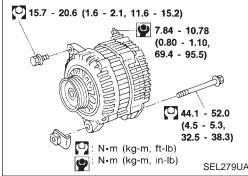
- Excessive voltage is produced.
- No voltage is produced.

CHARGING SYSTEM



Construction





Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove engine undercover RH.
- 2. Remove side inspection cover RH.
- 3. Loosen belt idler pulley.
- 4. Remove drive belt.
- 5. Remove A/C compressor mounting bolts (four).
- 6. Remove cooling fan and fan shroud.
- 7. Slide A/C compressor forward.
- 8. Disconnect alternator harness connector.
- 9. Remove alternator upper bolt and lower bolt.

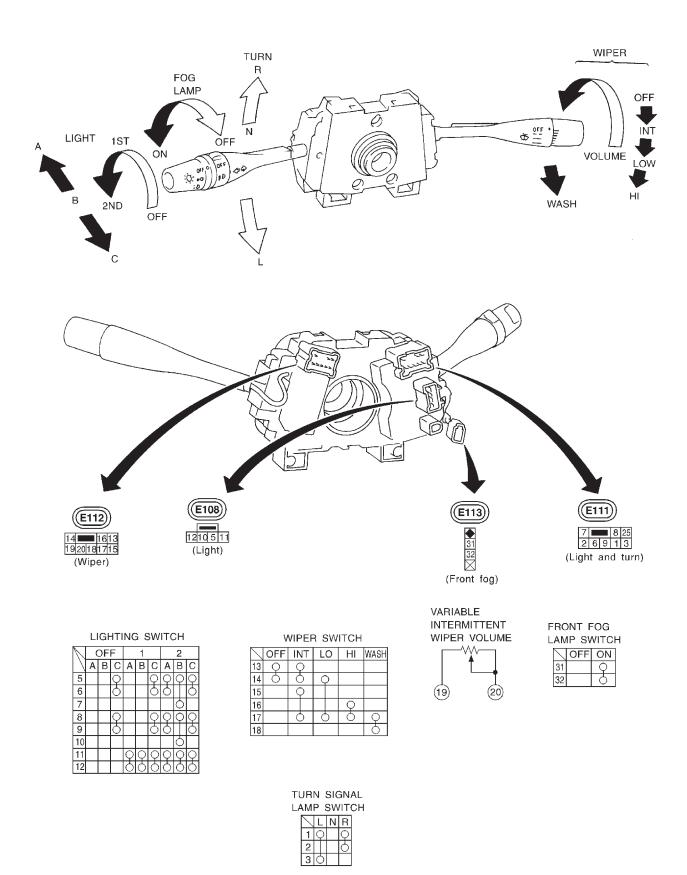
INSTALLATION

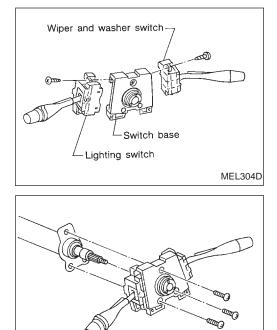
To install, reverse the removal procedure.

Service Data and Specifications (SDS) ALTERNATOR

Туре		LR1110-709B
туре		HITACHI make
Nominal rating	V-A	12-110
Ground polarity		Negative
Minimum revolution under no- (When 13.5 volts is applied)	load rpm	Less than 1,000
Hot output current (When 13.5 volts is applied)	A/rpm	More than 36/1,300 More than 85/2,500 More than 110/5,000
Regulated output voltage	V	14.1 - 14.7
Minimum length of brush	mm (in)	6.0 (0.236)
Brush spring pressure	N (g, oz)	1.000 - 3.432 (102 - 350, 3.60 - 12.34)
Slip ring minimum outer diam	eter mm (in)	26.0 (1.024)
Rotor (Field coil) resistance	Ω	2.31

Check

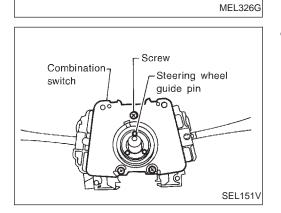




Replacement

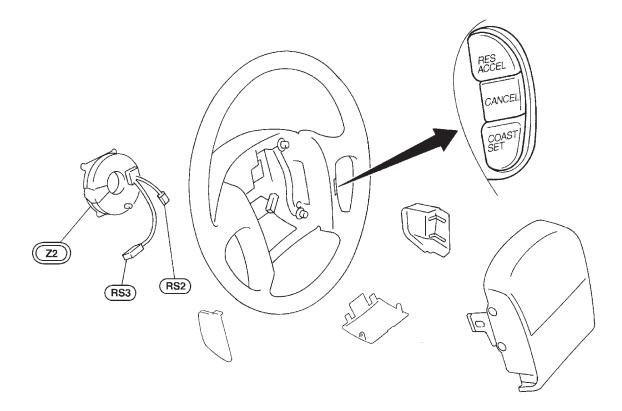
For removal and installation of spiral cable, refer to RS section ["Installation — Air Bag Module and Spiral Cable", "SUPPLE-MENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS)"].

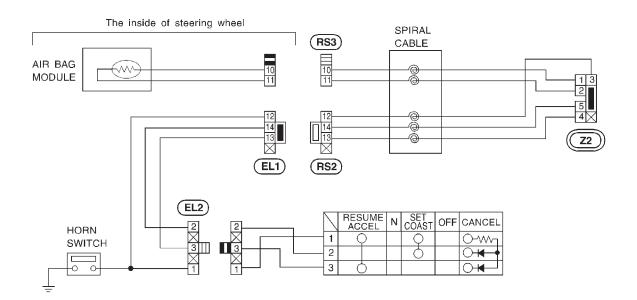
- Each switch can be replaced without removing combination switch base.
- To remove combination switch base, remove base attaching screw.



• Before installing the steering wheel, align the steering wheel guide pins with the screws which secure the combination switch as shown in the left figure.

Check





System Description (For USA)

Power is supplied at all times

- through 15A fuse (No. 54, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to lighting switch terminal (5), and
- through 15A fuse (No. 53, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to lighting switch terminal (8).
- When the lighting switch is turned to the 2ND and LOW ("B") position, power is supplied
- from lighting switch terminal 10
- to terminal ② of the LH headlamp, and
- from lighting switch terminal ⑦
- to terminal ② of the RH headlamp.

Terminal ③ of each headlamp supplies ground through body grounds (E5) and (E30).

With power and ground supplied, the headlamps will illuminate.

When the lighting switch is placed in the 2ND and HIGH ("A") or PASS ("C") position, power is supplied • from lighting switch terminal (9)

- to terminal (1) of the LH headlamp, and
- to combination meter terminal (2) for the HIGH BEAM indicator, and
- from lighting switch terminal (6)
- to terminal (1) of the RH headlamp.

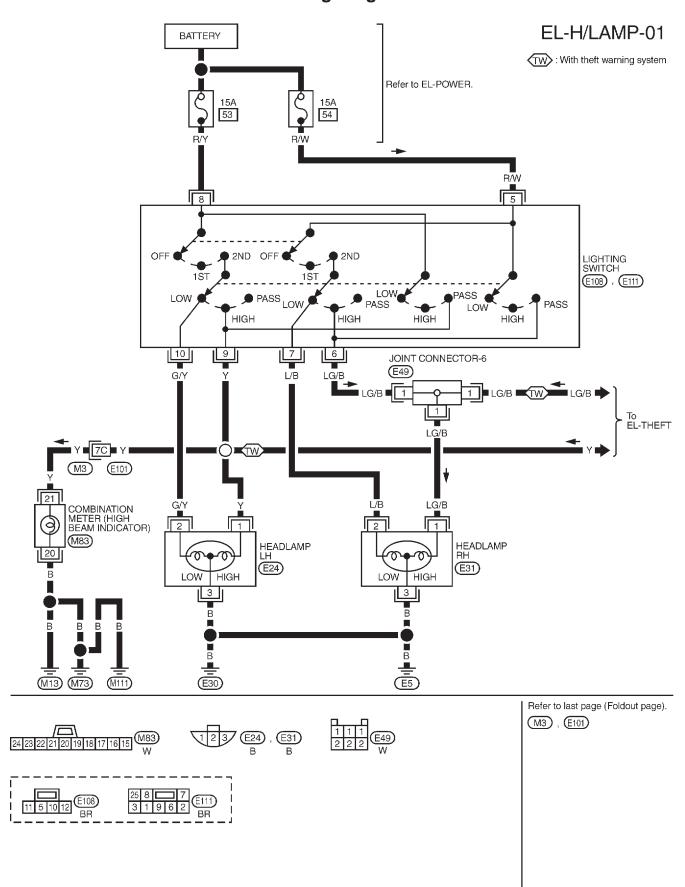
Ground is supplied to terminal @ of the combination meter through body grounds (MI3), (MI3) and (MIII).

With power and ground supplied, the high beams and the HIGH BEAM indicator illuminate.

With theft warning system

The theft warning system will flash the high beams if the system is triggered. Refer to "THEFT WARNING SYSTEM — IVMS" (EL-251).

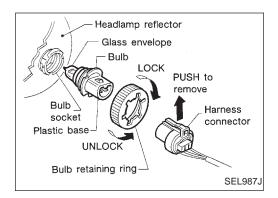
Wiring Diagram — H/LAMP —



HEADLAMP

Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order
LH headlamps do not operate.	 Bulb Grounds (E5) and (E30) 15A fuse Lighting switch 	 Check bulb. Check grounds <u>E5</u> and <u>E30</u>. Check 15A fuse (No. <u>53</u>, located in fuse and fusible link box). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (8) of lighting switch. Check lighting switch.
RH headlamps do not operate.	 Bulb Grounds E5 and E30 15A fuse Lighting switch 	 Check bulb. Check grounds E5 and E30. Check 15A fuse (No. 54, located in fuse and fusible link box). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (5) of lighting switch. Check lighting switch.
LH high beam does not operate, but LH low beam operates.	 Bulb Open in LH high beam circuit Lighting switch 	 Check bulb. Check Y wire between lighting switch and LH head- lamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.
LH low beam does not operate, but LH high beam operates.	 Bulb Open in LH low beam circuit Lighting switch 	 Check bulb. Check G/Y wire between lighting switch and LH head- lamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.
RH high beam does not operate, but RH low beam operates.	 Bulb Open in RH high beam circuit Lighting switch 	 Check bulb. Check LG/B wire between lighting switch and RH headlamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.
RH low beam does not operate, but RH high beam operates.	 Bulb Open in RH low beam circuit Lighting switch 	 Check bulb. Check L/B wire between lighting switch and RH head- lamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.
High beam indicator does not work.	 Bulb Grounds (M13) and (M73) Open in high beam circuit 	 Check bulb in combination meter. Check grounds (M13), (M73) and (M11). Check Y wire between lighting switch and combination meter for an open circuit.



Bulb Replacement

The headlamp is a semi-sealed beam type which uses a replaceable halogen bulb. The bulb can be replaced from the engine compartment side without removing the headlamp body.

- Grasp only the plastic base when handling the bulb. Never touch the glass envelope.
- 1. Disconnect the battery cable.
- 2. Turn the bulb retaining ring counterclockwise until it is free from the headlamp reflector, and then remove it.
- 3. Disconnect the harness connector from the back side of the bulb.
- 4. Remove the headlamp bulb carefully. Do not shake or rotate the bulb when removing it.
- 5. Install in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

Do not leave the bulb out of the headlamp reflector for a long period of time. Dust, moisture, smoke, etc. entering headlamp may affect the performance of the headlamp. Remove headlamp bulb from the headlamp reflector just before a replacement bulb is installed.

Bulb Specifications

ltem	Wattage (W)
Semi-sealed beam High/Low	60/55

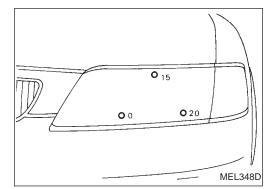
Aiming Adjustment

When performing headlamp aiming adjustment, use an aiming machine, aiming wall screen or headlamp tester. Aimers should be in good repair, calibrated and operated in accordance with respective operation manuals.

If any aimer is not available, aiming adjustment can be done as follows:

For details, refer to the regulations in your own country.

- a. Keep all tires inflated to correct pressures.
- b. Place vehicle and tester on one and same flat surface.
- c. See that there is no-load in vehicle (coolant, engine oil filled up to correct level and full fuel tank) other than the driver (or equivalent weight placed in driver's position).



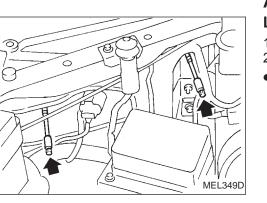
AIMER ADJUSTMENT MARK

When using a mechanical aimer, adjust adapter legs to the data marked on the headlamps.

Adjustment value for mechanical aimer

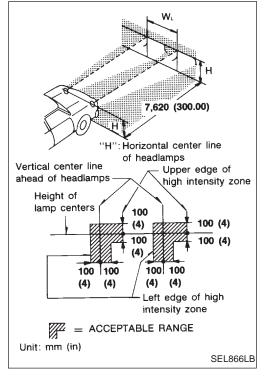
	Mechanical aimer level
Horizontal side	-4 to 4
Vertical side	-4 to 4

HEADLAMP



Aiming Adjustment (Cont'd)

- 1. Turn headlamp low beam on.
- 2. Use adjusting screws to perform aiming adjustment.
- First tighten the adjusting screw all the way and then make adjustment by loosening the screw.



If the vehicle front body has been repaired and/or the headlamp assembly has been replaced, check aiming. Use the aiming chart shown in the figure.

- Upper edge and left edge of high intensity zone should be within the range shown at left. Adjust headlamps accordingly.
- Dotted lines in illustration show center of headlamp.

"H": Horizontal center line of headlamps

"WL": Distance between each headlamp center

System Description (For Canada)

The headlamp system on vehicles for Canada contains a daytime light unit. The unit activates the high beam headlamps at approximately half illumination whenever the engine is running. If the parking brake is applied before the engine is started, the daytime lights will not be illuminated. The daytime lights will illuminate once the parking brake is released. After that, the daytime lights will continue to operate even when the parking brake is applied.

Power is supplied at all times

- through 15A fuse (No. 53, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to daytime light control unit terminal ③ and
- to lighting switch terminal (8).
- Power is also supplied at all times
- through 15A fuse (No. 54, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to daytime light control unit terminal ②,
- to lighting switch terminal (5) and

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to daytime light control unit terminal 12.

Ground is supplied to daytime light control unit terminal (9) through body grounds (5) and (3).

HEADLAMP OPERATION

Low beam operation

When the lighting switch is moved to the 2ND and LOW ("B") position, power is supplied

- from lighting switch terminal ①
- to LH headlamp terminal 2.
- Ground is supplied to LH headlamp terminal ③ through body grounds (E5) and (E30).

Also, when the lighting switch is moved to the 2ND and LOW ("B") position, power is supplied

- from lighting switch terminal ⑦
- to RH headlamp terminal (2).

Ground is supplied

- to RH headlamp terminal ③
- from daytime light control unit terminal ⑦
- through daytime light control unit terminal (9)
- through body grounds (E5) and (E30).

With power and ground supplied, the low beam headlamps illuminate.

High beam operation

When the lighting switch is moved to the 2ND and HIGH ("A") or PASS ("C") position, power is supplied

- from lighting switch terminal (9)
- to LH headlamp terminal ①.
- Also, when the lighting switch is moved to the 2ND and HIGH ("A") or PASS ("C") position, power is supplied
- from lighting switch terminal (6)
- to daytime light control unit terminal (5)
- to combination meter terminal 2 for the high beam indicator
- through daytime light control unit terminal 6
- to RH headlamp terminal ①.
- Ground is supplied in the same manner as low beam operation.

Ground is supplied to terminal (2) of the combination meter through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M11). With power and ground supplied, the high beam headlamps illuminate.

DAYTIME LIGHT OPERATION

With the engine running and the lighting switch in the OFF position, power is supplied

- to daytime light control unit terminal (3)
- through daytime light control unit terminal (6)
- to headlamp RH terminal ①
- through headlamp RH terminal ③
- to daytime light control unit terminal
- through daytime light control unit terminal (8)
- to headlamp LH terminal ①.

Ground is supplied to headlamp LH terminal ③ through body grounds (E5) and (E30).

Because the high beam headlamps are now connected in series, they operate at half illumination.

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Operation (For Canada)

After starting the engine with the lighting switch in the "OFF" position or "1ST" position, the headlamp high beam automatically turns on. Lighting switch operations other than the above are the same as conventional light systems.

Engine			V	Vith er	ngine s	stoppe	d			With engine running									
Lighting switch		OFF 1ST 2ND		OFF		1ST			2ND										
		Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	A	В	С	А	В	С	Α	В	С
Headlamp	High beam	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	0	0	Х	0	Δ	_∆*	0	∆*	∆*	0	0	Х	0
	Low beam	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	X
Clearance and tail lamp		Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0
License and instrument illumination lamp		Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0

A: HIGH

B: LOW

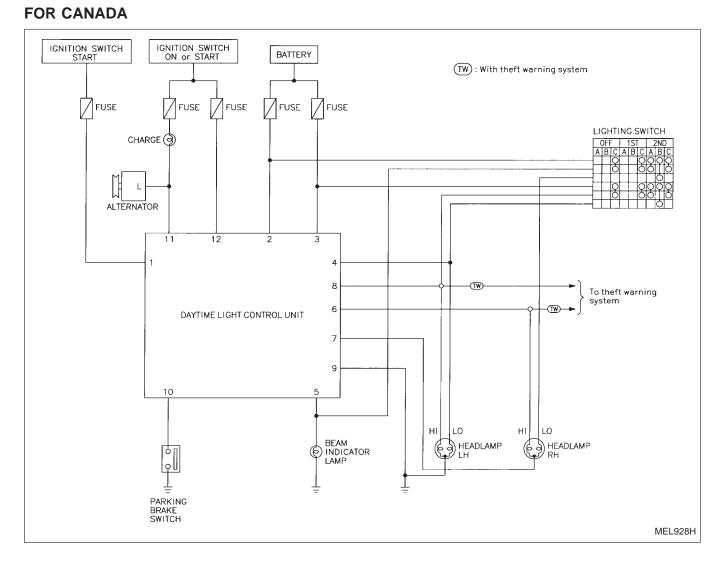
C: PASS

O: Lamp "ON"

X : Lamp "OFF"

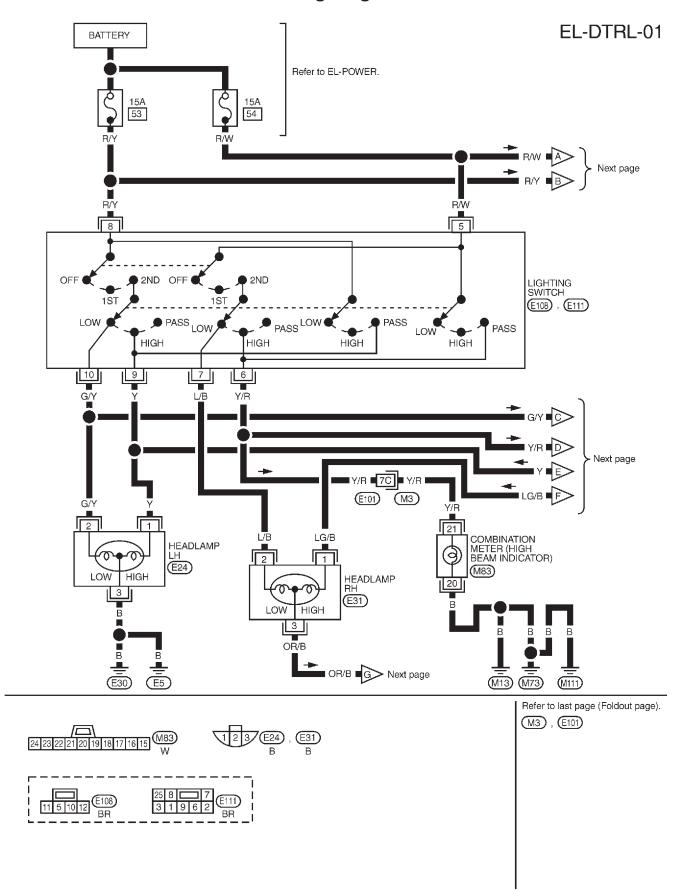
 \triangle : Lamp dims. * : When starting the engine with the parking brake released, the daytime lamp will come ON. When starting the engine with the parking brake pulled, the daytime lamp won't come ON.

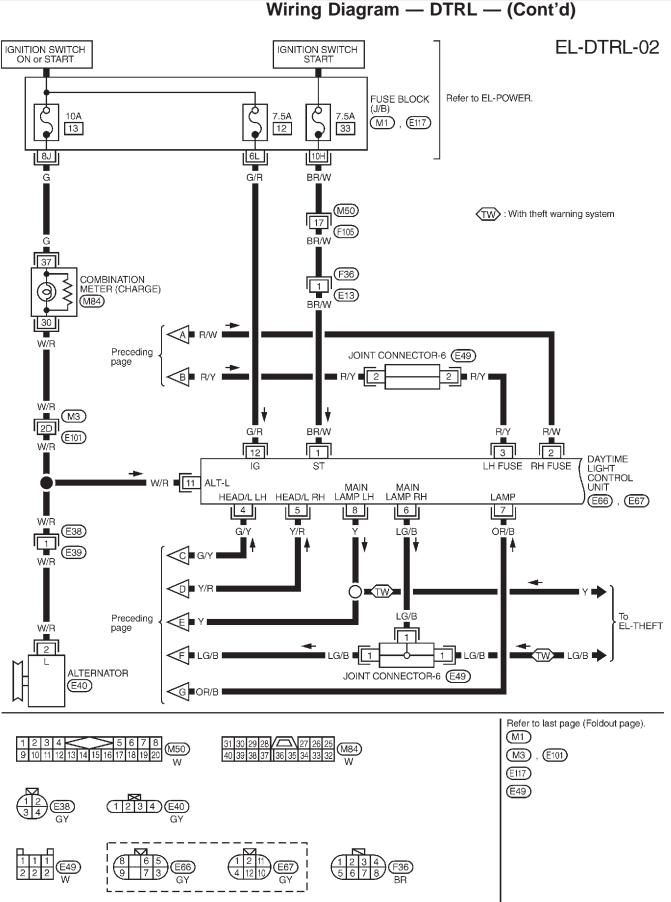
Schematic

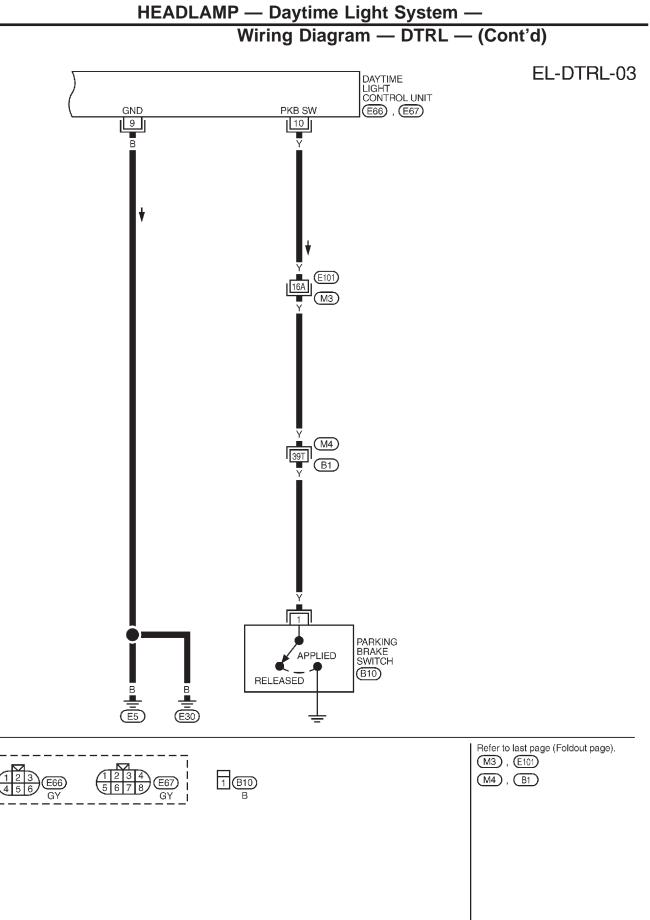


EL-43

Wiring Diagram — DTRL —







Trouble Diagnoses

DAYTIME LIGHT CONTROL UNIT INSPECTION TABLE

(Data are reference values.)

Termi- nal No.	ltem		Condition	Judgement standard
1	Start signal	(Lat	When turning ignition switch to "ST"	Battery voltage
			When turning ignition switch to "ON" from "ST"	Less than 1V
		(GFF)	When turning ignition switch to "OFF"	Less than 1V
2	Power source		When turning ignition switch to "ON"	Battery voltage
		T	When turning ignition switch to "OFF"	Battery voltage
3	Power source	(Con	When turning ignition switch to "ON"	Battery voltage
		T	When turning ignition switch to "OFF"	Battery voltage
4	Lighting switch		When turning lighting switch to headlamp "ON"	Battery voltage
	(Low beam)		(2ND) position, "LOW BEAM"	
5	Lighting switch		When turning lighting switch to "HIGH" ("A")	Battery voltage
6	(High beam) RH high beam		When turning lighting switch to "PASS" ("C") When turning lighting switch to "HIGH" ("C")	Battery voltage Battery voltage
			When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch to "OFF" (daytime light operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector lever is in N or P position.	Battery voltage
7	RH headlamp control (ground)		When lighting switch is turned to headlamp "ON" (2ND) position, "LOW BEAM"	Less than 1V
			When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch to "OFF" (daytime light operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector lever is in N or P position.	Approx. half battery voltage
8	LH high beam		When turning lighting switch to "HIGH" ("A")	Battery voltage
			When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch to "OFF" (daytime light operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector lever is in N or P position.	Approx. half battery voltage
9	Ground		· _	_
10	Parking brake switch		When parking brake is released	Battery voltage
		((LON))	When parking brake is set	Less than 1.5V

HEADLAMP — Daytime Light System —

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

Termi- nal No.	ltem		Condition	Judgement standard
11	Alternator	Con	When turning ignition switch to "ON"	Less than 1V
			When engine is running	Battery voltage
		(CFF)	When turning ignition switch to "OFF"	Less than 1V
12	Power source	Con	When turning ignition switch to "ON"	Battery voltage
		(Îst	When turning ignition switch to "ST"	Battery voltage
		(EFF	When turning ignition switch to "OFF"	Less than 1V

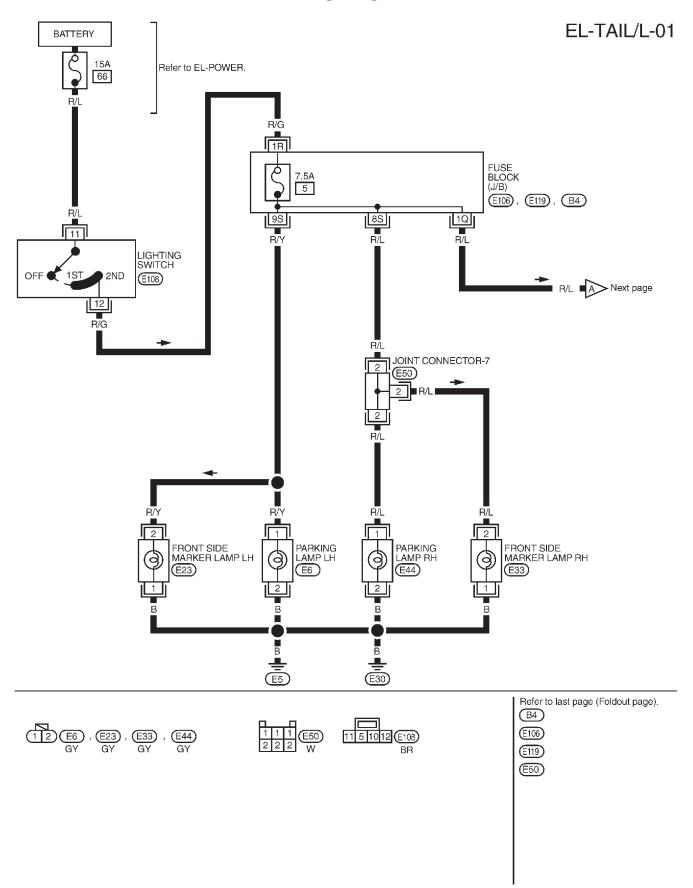
Bulb Replacement

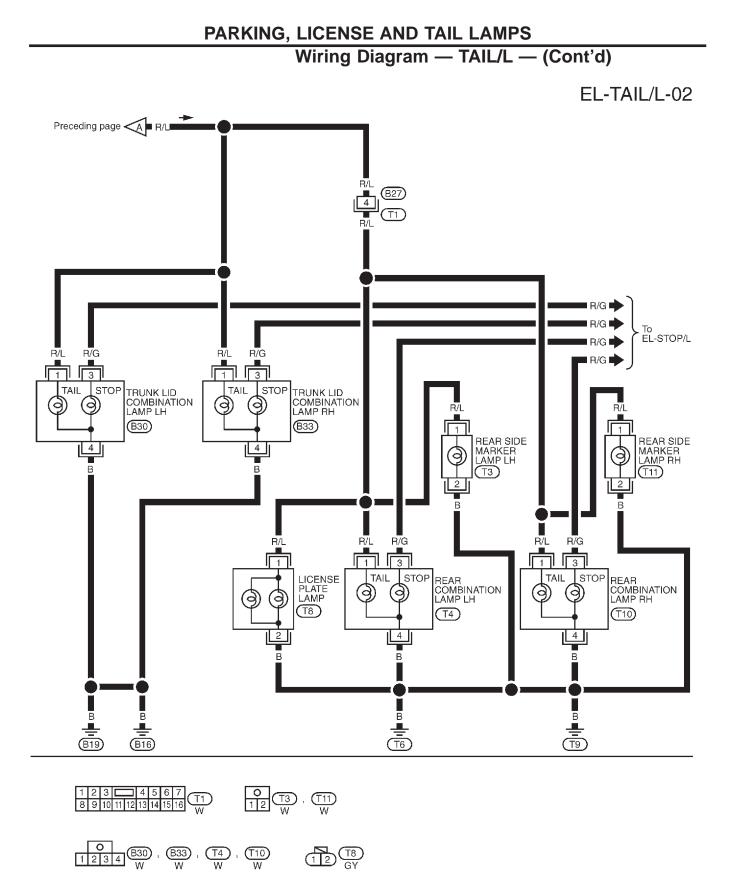
Refer to "HEADLAMP" (EL-40).

Aiming Adjustment

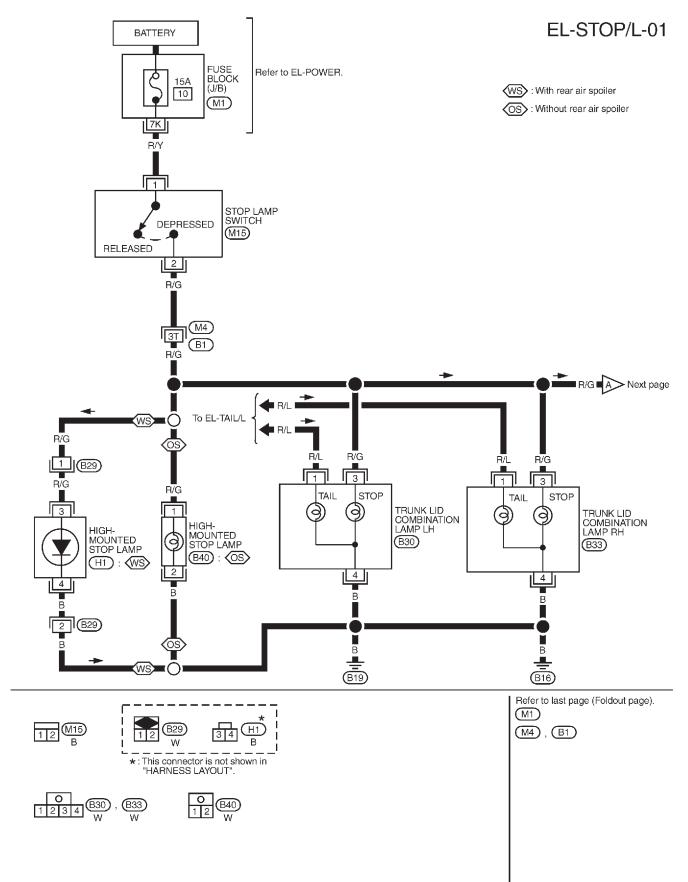
Refer to "HEADLAMP" (EL-40).

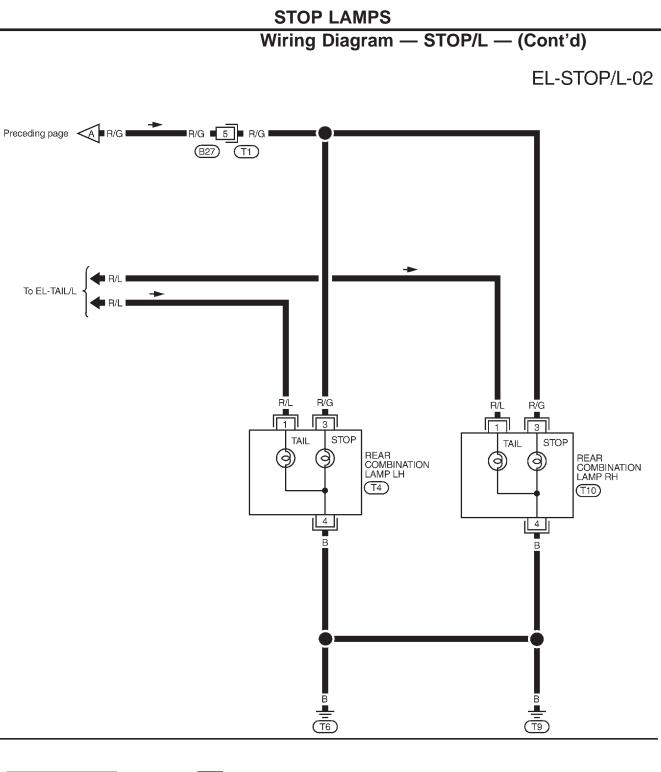
Wiring Diagram — TAIL/L —



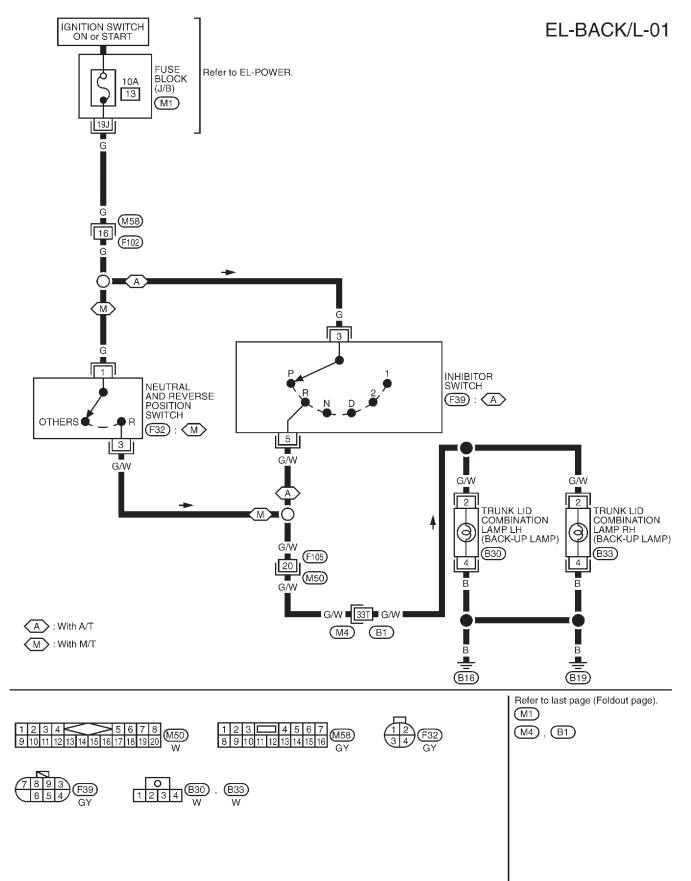


Wiring Diagram — STOP/L —





 Wiring Diagram — BACK/L —



System Description

Power is supplied at all times to front fog lamp relay terminal ③ through

- 15A fuse (No. 63, located in the fuse and fusible link box).
- With the lighting switch in the 2ND and LOW ("B") position, power is supplied
- through 15A fuse (No. 53], located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to lighting switch terminal (8)
- through terminal ① of the lighting switch
- to front fog lamp relay terminal 2.

Front fog lamp operation

The lighting switch must be in the 2ND and LOW ("B") position for front fog lamp operation. With the front fog lamp switch in the ON position

• ground is supplied to front fog lamp relay terminal ① through the front fog lamp switch and body grounds (E5) and (E30).

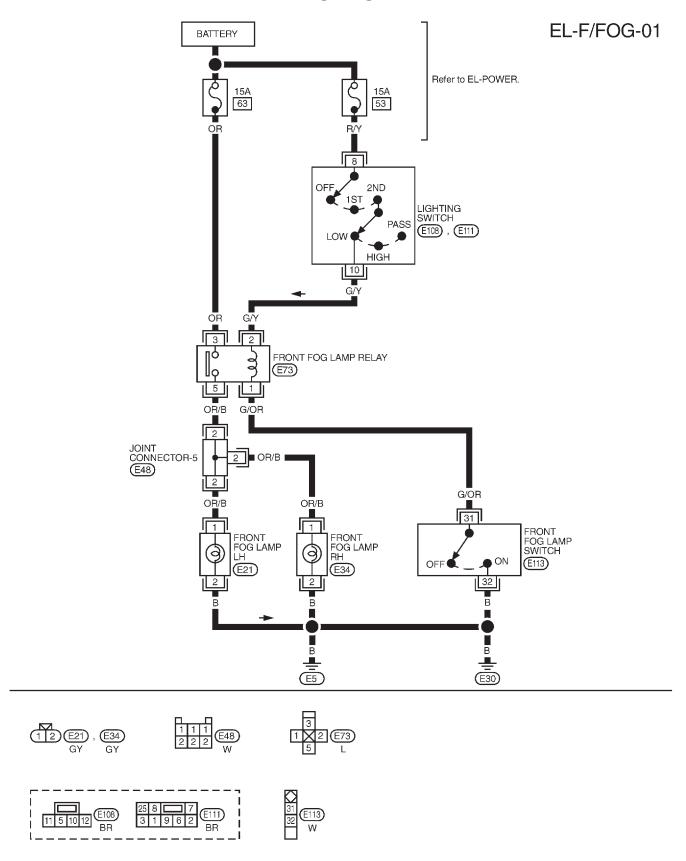
The front fog lamp relay is energized and power is supplied

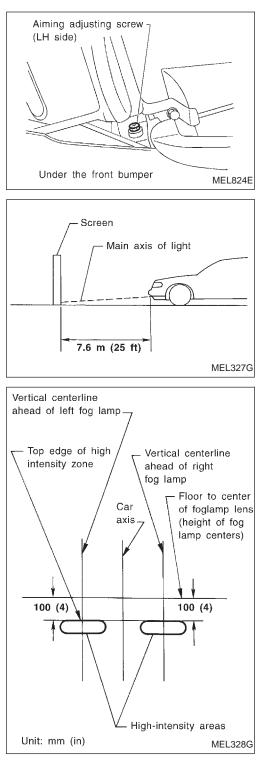
- from front fog lamp relay terminal (5)
- to terminal (1) of each front fog lamp.

Ground is supplied to terminal (2) of each front fog lamp through body grounds (E5) and (E30).

With power and ground supplied, the front fog lamps illuminate.

Wiring Diagram — F/FOG —





Aiming Adjustment

Before performing aiming adjustment, make sure of the following.

- a. Keep all tires inflated to correct pressure.
- b. Place vehicle on level ground.
- c. See that vehicle is unloaded (except for full levels of coolant, engine oil and fuel, and spare tire, jack, and tools). Have the driver or equivalent weight placed in driver seat.

Adjust aiming in the vertical direction by turning the adjusting screw.

- 1. Set the distance between the screen and the center of the fog lamp lens as shown at left.
- 2. Turn front fog lamps ON.

- 3. Adjust front fog lamps so that the top edge of the high intensity zone is 100 mm (4 in) below the height of the fog lamp centers as shown at left.
- When performing adjustment, if necessary, cover the headlamps and opposite fog lamp.

Bulb Specifications

Item	Wattage (W)
Front fog lamp	55

System Description

TURN SIGNAL OPERATION

With the hazard switch in the OFF position and the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 14, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to hazard switch terminal (2)
- through terminal ① of the hazard switch
- to combination flasher unit terminal (B)
- through terminal ① of the combination flasher unit
- to turn signal switch terminal ①.

Ground is supplied to combination flasher unit terminal (E) through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M11).

LH turn

When the turn signal switch is moved to the LH position, power is supplied from turn signal switch terminal (3) to

- front turn signal lamp LH terminal ① (through fuse block (J/B) terminals (55) and (65))
- rear combination lamp LH terminal 2 (through fuse block (J/B) terminals 5 and 4) and
- combination meter terminal 2 (through fuse block (J/B) terminals 5 and 12).

Ground is supplied to the front turn signal lamp LH terminal 2 through body grounds 5 and 5.

Ground is supplied to the rear combination lamp LH terminal ④ through body grounds (16) and (19).

Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal (7) through body grounds (13), (13) and (11).

With power and grounds supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing interval of the LH turn signal lamps.

RH turn

When the turn signal switch is moved to the RH position, power is supplied from turn signal switch terminal (2) to

- front turn signal lamp RH terminal ① (through fuse block (J/B) terminals (145) and (105))
- rear combination lamp RH terminal (2) (through fuse block (J/B) terminals (145) and (130)) and
- combination meter terminal 22 (through fuse block (J/B) terminals (145) and (5H)).

Ground is supplied to the front turn signal lamp RH terminal 2 through body grounds (5) and (3).

Ground is supplied to the rear combination lamp RH terminal (4) through body grounds (16) and (19).

Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal (7) through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M11).

With power and ground supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing interval of the RH turn signal lamps.

HAZARD LAMP OPERATION

Power is supplied at all times

- through 10A fuse [No. 11], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to hazard switch terminal 3.

With the hazard switch in the ON position, power is supplied

- through terminal ① of the hazard switch
- to combination flasher unit terminal (B)
- through terminal (1) of the combination flasher unit
- to hazard switch terminal ④.

Ground is supplied to the combination flasher unit terminal (E) through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M111). Power is supplied through terminal (5) of the hazard switch to

- front turn signal lamp LH terminal (1) (through fuse block (J/B) terminals (2) and (65))
- rear combination lamp LH terminal 2 (through fuse block (J/B) terminals 2 and 4) and
- combination meter terminal 2 (through fuse block (J/B) terminals 2 and 12).

Power is also supplied through terminal 6 of the hazard switch to

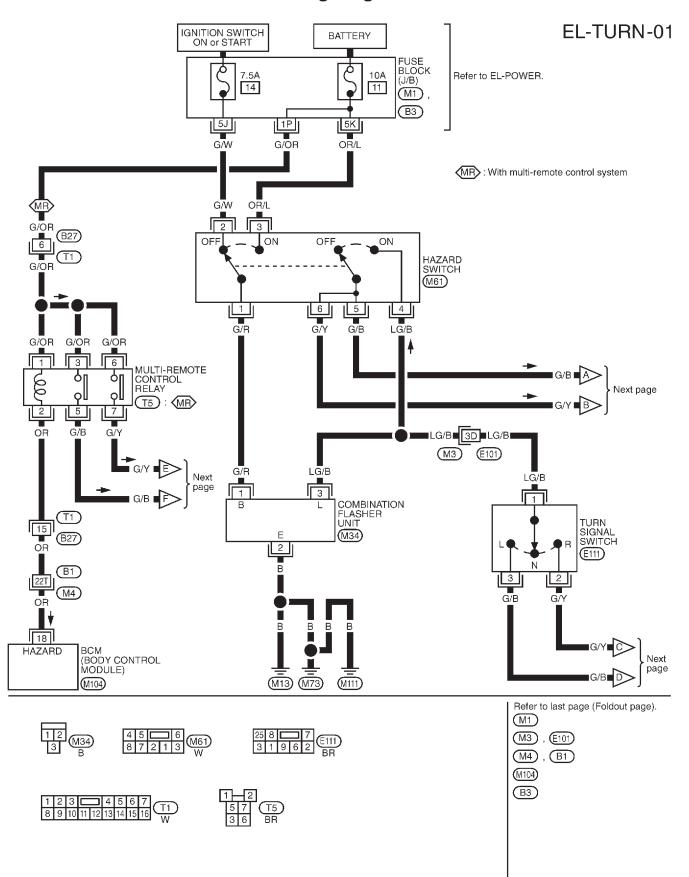
- front turn signal lamp RH terminal ① (through fuse block (J/B) terminals (11) and (105))
- rear combination lamp RH terminal (2) (through fuse block (J/B) terminals (11) and (130)) and
- combination meter terminal (2) (through fuse block (J/B) terminals (11) and (5H)).

Ground is supplied to terminal 2 of the front turn signal lamps through body grounds (5) and (3).

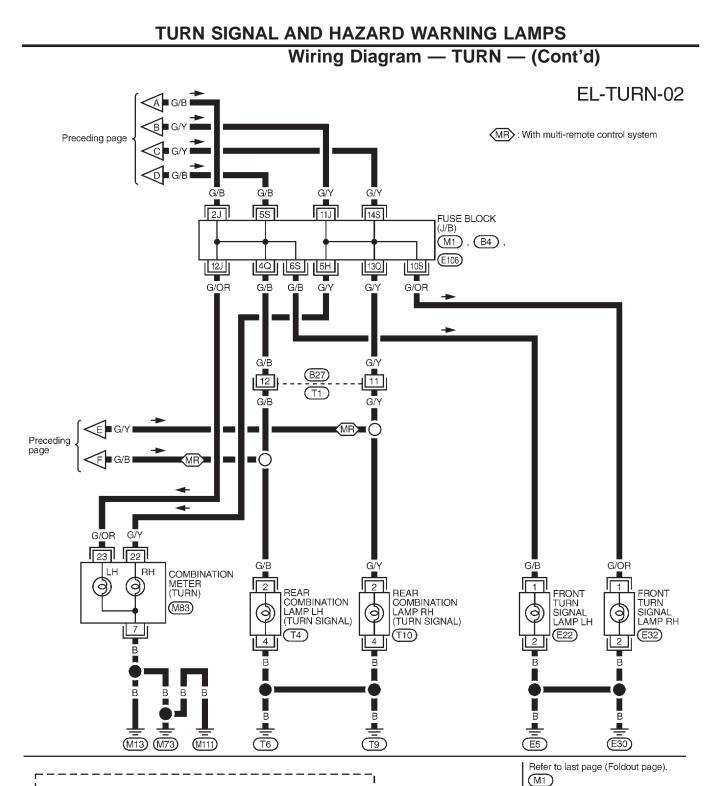
Ground is supplied to terminal ④ of the rear combination lamps through body grounds (16) and (19).

Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal (7) through body grounds (M3), (M3) and (M11).

With power and ground supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing interval of the hazard warning lamps.



Wiring Diagram — TURN —



Т

I

w

24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 M83

T4 W ,

(T10) W

0 1 2 3 4

(12)(E22), (E32)

BR

BR

(E106)

(B4)

5 4 3 2 1 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 W

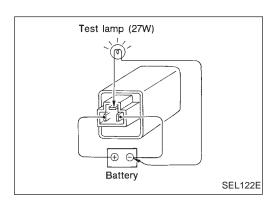
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

W

T1 W

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order
Turn signal and hazard warning lamps do not operate.	 Hazard switch Combination flasher unit Open in combination flasher unit circuit 	 Check hazard switch. Refer to combination flasher unit check. Check wiring to combination flasher unit for open circuit.
Turn signal lamps do not operate but hazard warning lamps operate.	 7.5A fuse Hazard switch Turn signal switch Open in turn signal switch circuit 	 Check 7.5A fuse (No. 14, located in fuse block). Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 2 of hazard switch. Check hazard switch. Check turn signal switch. Check LG/B wire between combination flasher unit and turn signal switch for open circuit.
Hazard warning lamps do not oper- ate but turn signal lamps operate.	 1. 10A fuse 2. Hazard switch 3. Open in hazard switch circuit 	 Check 10A fuse (No. 11, located in fuse block). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 3 of hazard switch. Check hazard switch. Check LG/B wire between combination flasher unit and hazard switch for open circuit.
Front turn signal lamp LH or RH does not operate.	1. Bulb 2. Grounds (E5) and (E30)	 Check bulb. Check grounds E5 and E30.
Rear turn signal lamp LH or RH does not operate.	 Bulb Grounds T6 and T9 	 Check bulb. Check grounds (16) and (19).
LH and RH turn indicators do not operate.	1. Ground	1. Check grounds (M13), (M73) and (M111).
LH or RH turn indicator does not operate.	1. Bulb	1. Check bulb in combination meter.

Trouble Diagnoses



Electrical Components Inspection

COMBINATION FLASHER UNIT CHECK

- Before checking, ensure that bulbs meet specifications.
- Connect a battery and test lamp to the combination flasher unit, as shown. Combination flasher unit is properly functioning if it blinks when power is supplied to the circuit.

System Description

Power is supplied at all times

• through 15A fuse (No. 66, located in the fuse and fusible link box)

• to lighting switch terminal (1).

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 10A fuse [No. 13, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to combination meter terminal 37.

Then the illumination of odo/trip meter in combination meter turns on.

The lighting switch must be in the 1ST or 2ND position for illumination.

A variable resistor is built in the illumination control switch to control the amount of current to the illumination system.

The ashtray, clock and the glove box lamp are not controlled by the illumination control switch. The brightness of these lamps does not change.

The following chart shows the power and ground connector terminals for the components included in the illumination system.

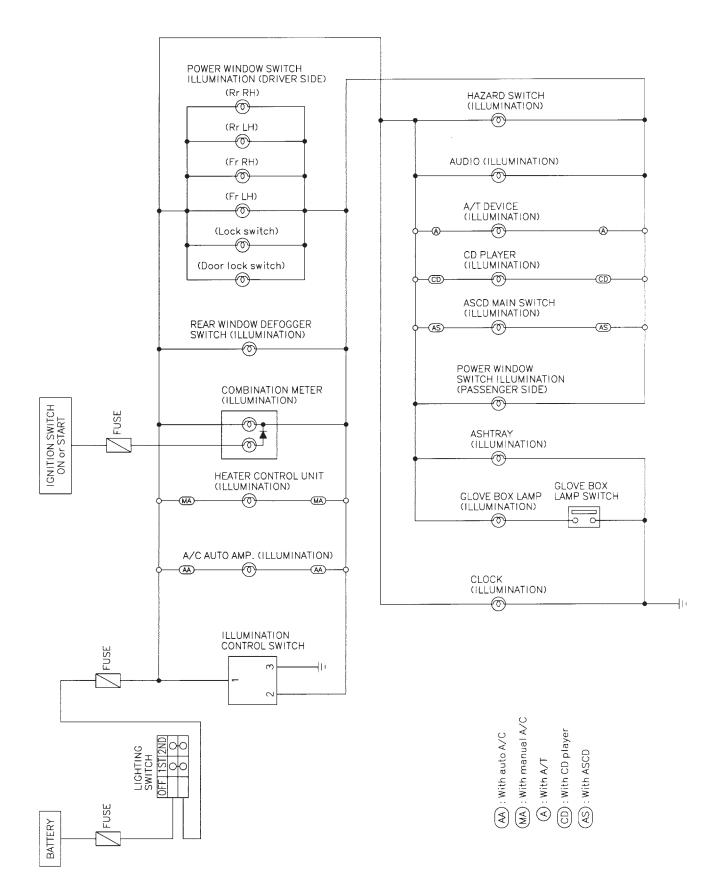
Component	Power terminal	Ground terminal
Illumination control switch	(1)	② and ③
Combination meter	(28)	29
Combination meter (Odo/trip meter)	3)	29
A/C auto amp. (With auto A/C)	29	25
Heater control unit (With manual A/C)	(15)	(16)
Rear window defogger switch	(5)	6
Power window switch LH	\bigcirc	(1)
Hazard switch	\bigcirc	8
Audio	8	\bigcirc
A/T device	(4)	3
CD player	(2)	22
ASCD main switch	(5)	6
Power window switch RH	(1)	10
Ashtray	(1)	2
Glove box lamp	(1)	2
Clock	2	0

With the exception of the glove box lamp, clock illumination and the ashtray illumination, the ground for all of the components are controlled through terminals (2) and (3) of the illumination control switch and body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M111).

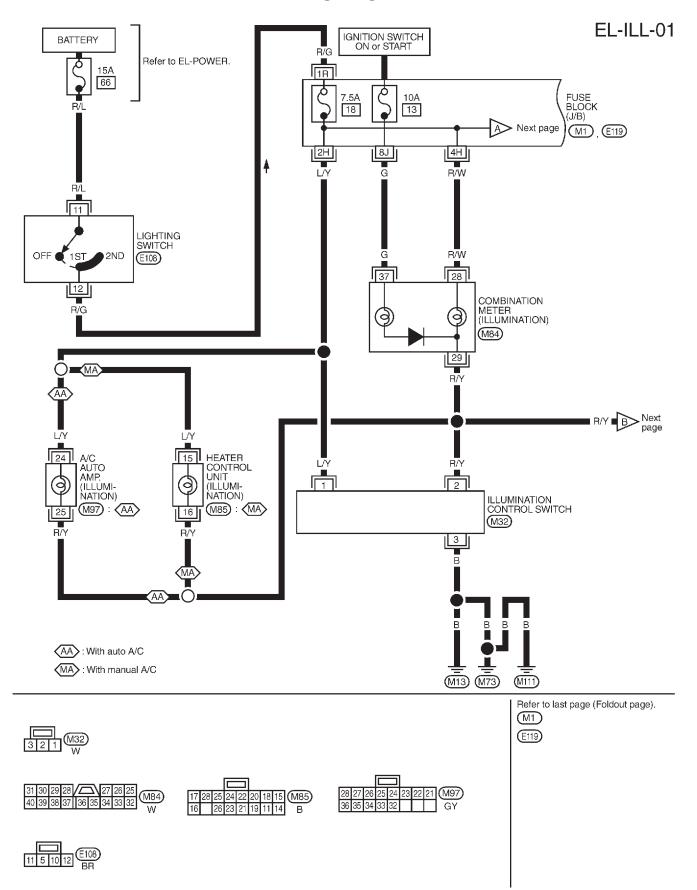
When the glove box is open, glove box lamp terminal ② is grounded through the glove box lamp switch terminal ① and body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M111).

The ashtray illumination terminal (2) and clock illumination terminal (1) are grounded directly through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M11).

Schematic

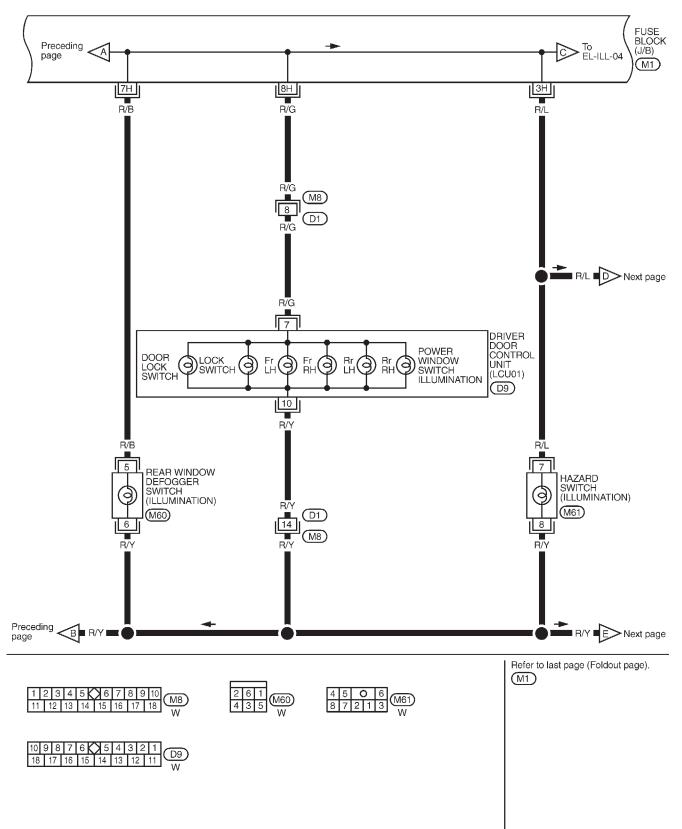


Wiring Diagram — ILL —



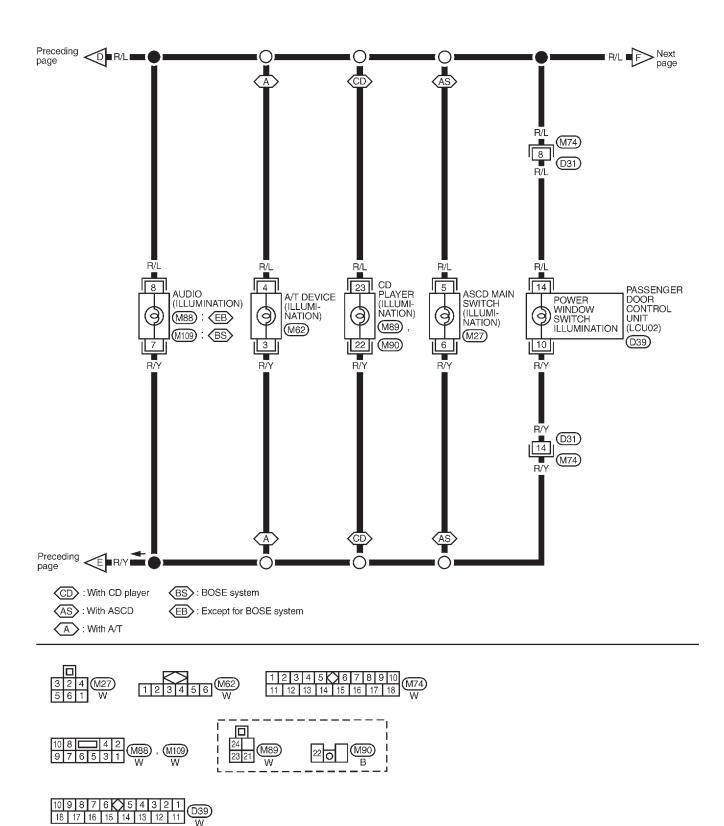
ILLUMINATION Wiring Diagram — ILL — (Cont'd)

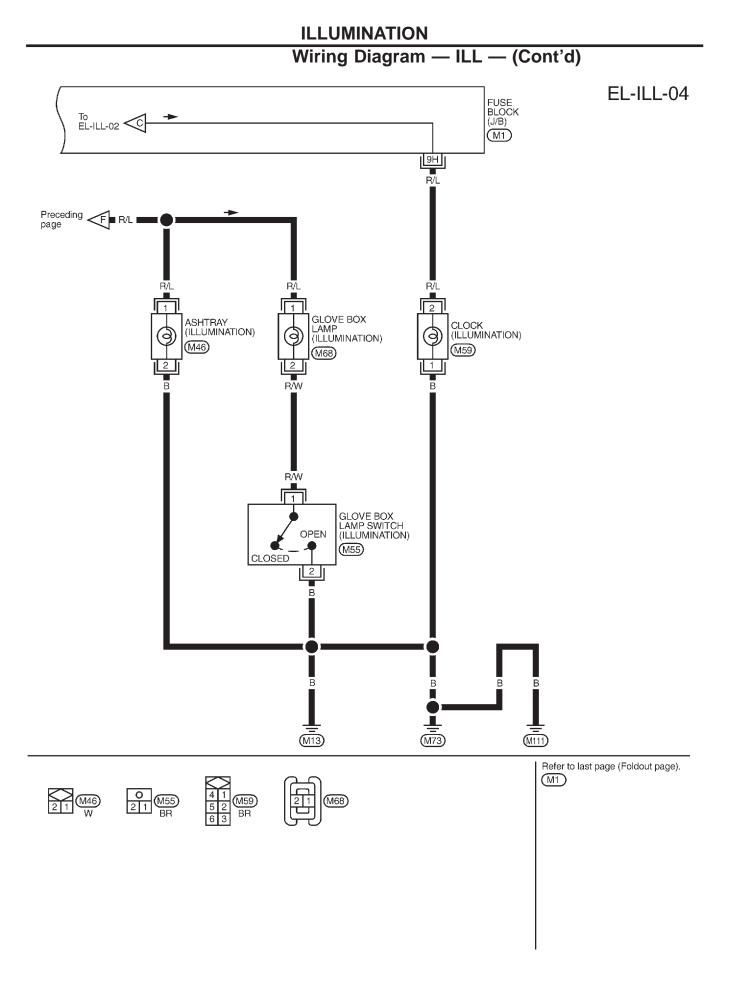




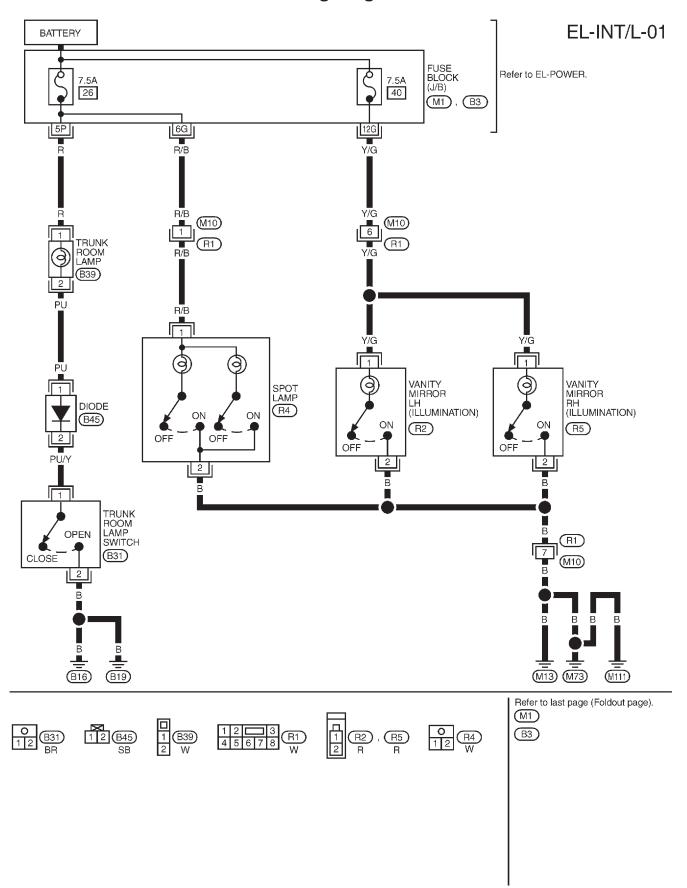
ILLUMINATION Wiring Diagram — ILL — (Cont'd)

EL-ILL-03





Wiring Diagram — INT/L —

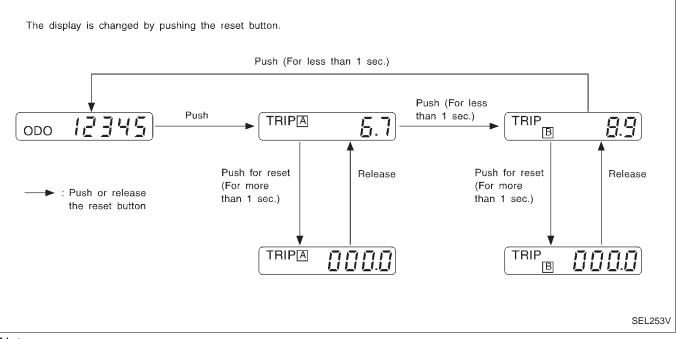


System Description

UNIFIED CONTROL METER

- Speedometer, odo/trip meter, tachometer, fuel gauge and water temperature gauge are controlled totally by control unit combined with speedometer.
- Digital meter is adopted for odo/trip meter.*
 *The record of the odo meter is kept even if the battery cable is disconnected. The record of the trip meter is erased when the battery cable is disconnected.
- Odo/trip meter segment can be checked in diagnosis mode.
- Meter/gauge can be checked in diagnosis mode.

HOW TO CHANGE THE DISPLAY FOR ODO/TRIP METER



Note:

Turn ignition switch to the "ON" position to operate odo/trip meter.

POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to combination meter terminal (15).
- With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied
- through 10A fuse [No. 13, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to combination meter terminal 37.
- Ground is supplied
- to combination meter terminal 16
- through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M111).

FUEL GAUGE

The fuel gauge indicates the approximate fuel level in the fuel tank.

- The fuel gauge is regulated by a variable ground signal supplied
- to combination meter terminal (5) for the fuel gauge
- from terminal ③ of the fuel tank gauge unit
- through terminal 2 of the fuel tank gauge unit and
- through body grounds (B16) and (B19).

System Description (Cont'd)

WATER TEMPERATURE GAUGE

The water temperature gauge indicates the engine coolant temperature. The reading on the gauge is based on the resistance of the thermal transmitter.

As the temperature of the coolant increases, the resistance of the thermal transmitter decreases. A variable ground is supplied to terminal () of the combination meter for the water temperature gauge. The needle on the gauge moves from "C" to "H".

TACHOMETER

The tachometer indicates engine speed in revolutions per minute (rpm). The tachometer is regulated by a signal

- from terminal (5) of the ECM (ECCS control module)
- to combination meter terminal (3) for the tachometer.

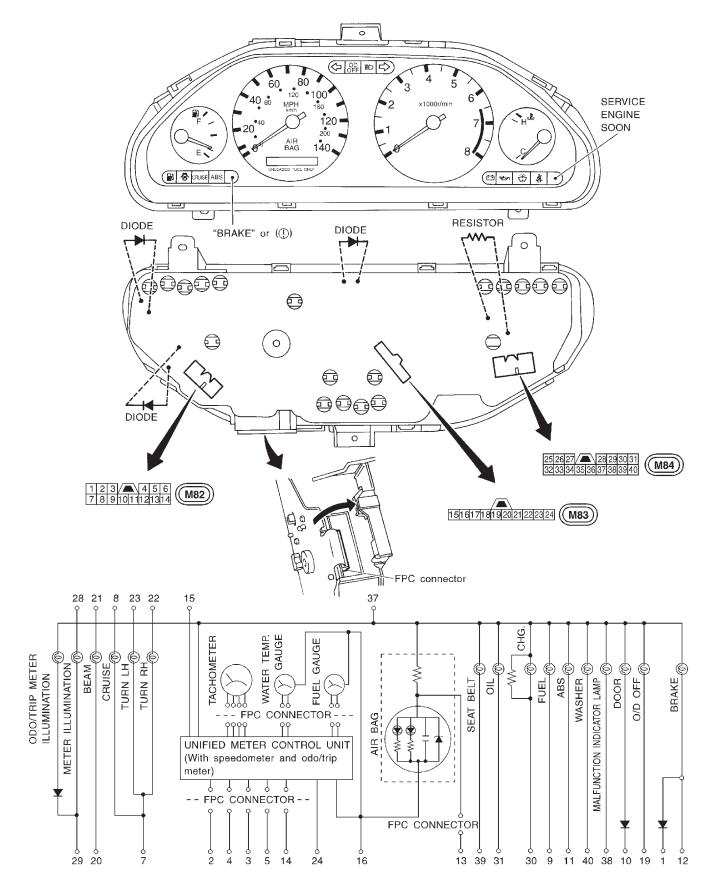
SPEEDOMETER

The vehicle speed sensor provides a voltage signal to the combination meter for the speedometer. The voltage is supplied

- to combination meter terminals (2) and (4) for the speedometer
- from terminals (1) and (2) of the vehicle speed sensor.

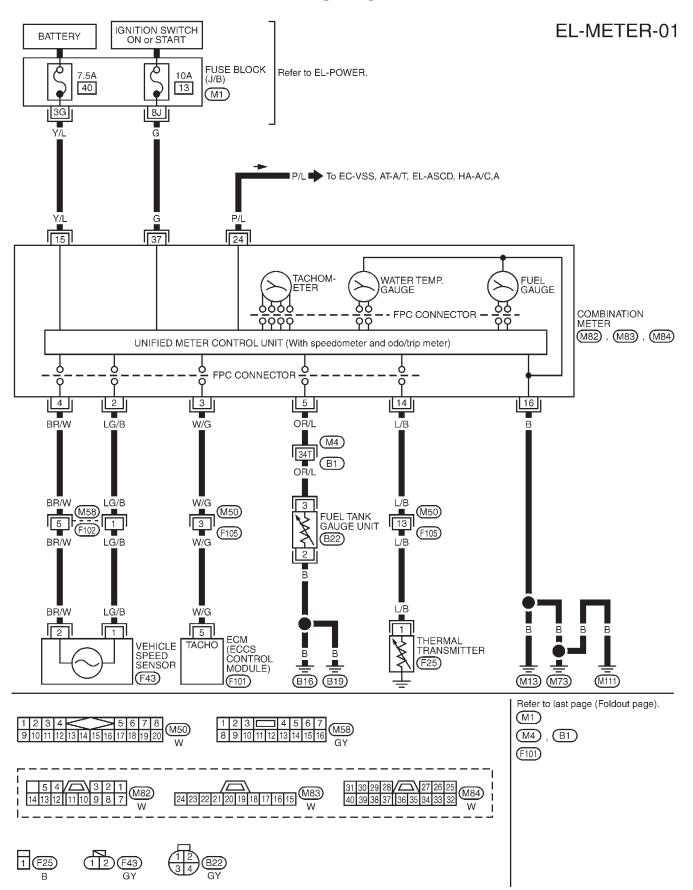
The speedometer converts the voltage into the vehicle speed displayed.

Combination Meter



EL-70

Wiring Diagram — METER —

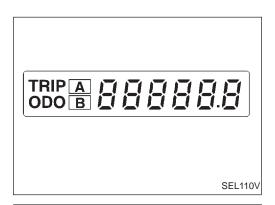


Meter/Gauge Operation and Odo/Trip Meter Segment Check in Diagnosis Mode DIAGNOSIS FUNCTION

- Odo/trip meter segment can be checked in diagnosis mode.
- Meters/gauges can be checked in diagnosis mode.

HOW TO ALTERNATE DIAGNOSIS MODE

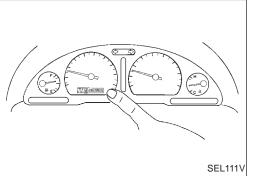
- 1. Turn ignition switch to ON and change odo/trip meter to "TRIP A" or "TRIP B".
- 2. Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 3. Turn ignition switch to ON when pushing odo/trip meter switch.
- 4. Confirm that trip meter indicates "000.0".
- 5. Push odo/trip meter switch more than three times within 5 seconds.



- 6. All odo/trip meter segments should be turned on.
- NOTE: If some segments are not turned on, speedometer (unified meter control unit) with odo/trip meter should be replaced.

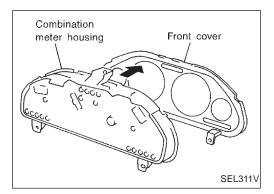
At this point, the unified control meter is turned to diagnosis mode.

- 7. Push odo/trip meter switch. Indication of each meter/gauge should be as shown left during pushing odo/trip meter switch if it is no malfunctioning.
- NOTE: It takes about 1 minute for indication of fuel gauge to become stable.



Flexible Print Circuit (FPC)

Tachometer, fuel gauge and water temperature gauge are connected with unified meter control unit (speedometer) by Flexible Print Circuit (FPC) connector. When replace or remove and install unified control unit (speedometer), disconnect and connect FPC connector according to the following steps.

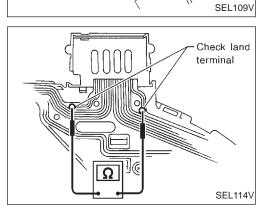


Cover

DISCONNECT

1. Remove front cover from combination meter housing.

- 2. Open connector cover.
- 3. Release connector lock by holding both ends of it and pulling it up.
- 4. Disconnect FPC by pulling it up.



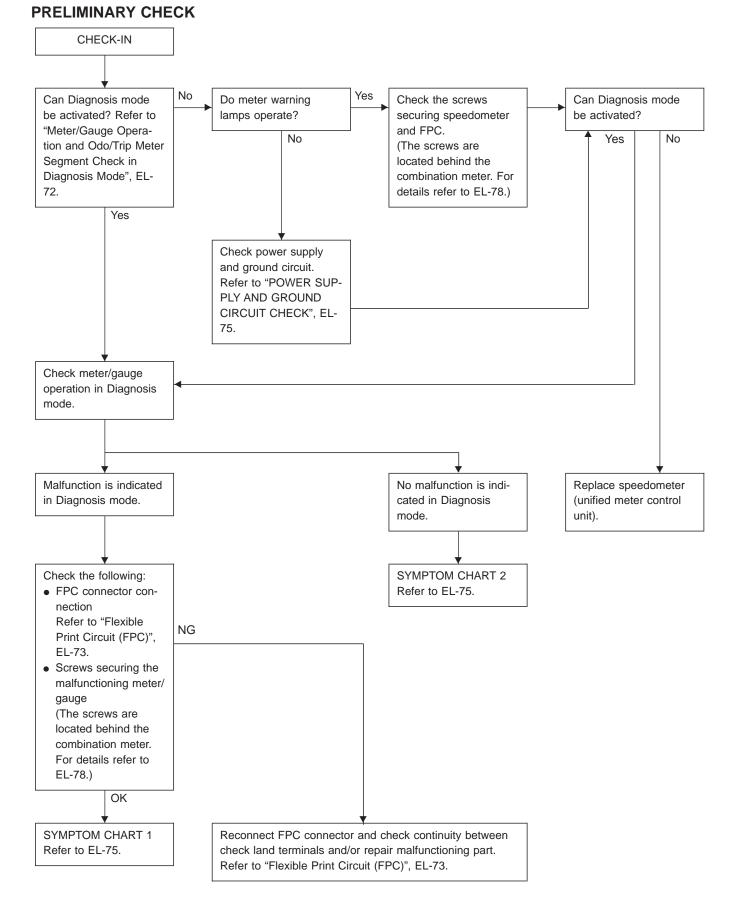
CONNECT

- 1. Insert FPC into connector and lock connector pushing FPC downward.
- 2. Check secure connection of FPC.
- 3. Check continuity of check land terminal for secure connection of FPC.

Resistance: $\mathbf{0}\Omega$

4. Close connector cover.

Trouble Diagnoses



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

SYMPTOM CHART

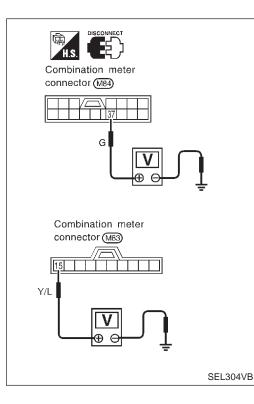
Symptom chart 1 (Malfunction is indicated in Diagnosis mode)

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Speedometer and/or odo/trip meter indicate(s) malfunction in Diagnosis mode.	Speedometer (Unified meter control unit)	Replace speedometer (unified meter control unit).
Multiple meter/gauge indicate malfunction in Diagnosis mode.		
One of tachometer/fuel gauge/ water temp. gauge indicates malfunction in Diagnosis mode.	 Meter/Gauge Speedometer (Unified meter control unit) 	 Check resistance of meter/gauge indicating malfunction. If the resistance is NG, replace the meter/gauge. Refer to "METER/GAUGE RESISTANCE CHECK", EL-78. If the resistance is OK, replace speedometer (unified meter control unit).

Symptom chart 2 (No malfunction is indicated in Diagnosis mode)

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Speedometer and odo/trip meter are malfunctioning.	 Sensor Speedometer, Odo/Trip meter FPC connector Speedometer (Unified meter control unit) 	 Check vehicle speed sensor. INSPECTION/VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR (Refer to EL-76.) Check FPC connector. Refer to "Flexible Print Circuit (FPC)", EL-73. Replace speedometer (unified meter control unit).
Multiple meter/gauge are mal- functioning. (except speedometer, odo/trip meter)	 FPC connector Speedometer (Unified meter control unit) 	 Check FPC connector. Refer to "Flexible Print Circuit (FPC)", EL-73. Replace speedometer (unified meter control unit).
One of tachometer/fuel gauge/ water temp. gauge is malfunc- tioning.	 Sensor/Engine revolution signal Tachometer Fuel gauge Water temp. gauge FPC connector Speedometer (Unified meter control unit) 	 Check the sensor for malfunctioning meter/gauge. INSPECTION/ENGINE REVOLUTION SIGNAL (Refer to EL- 77.) INSPECTION/FUEL TANK GAUGE (Refer to EL-77.) INSPECTION/THERMAL TRANSMITTER (Refer to EL-78.) Check FPC connector. Refer to "Flexible Print Circuit (FPC)", EL-73. Replace speedometer (unified meter control unit).

Before starting trouble diagnoses above, perform PRELIMINARY CHECK, EL-74.



POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK

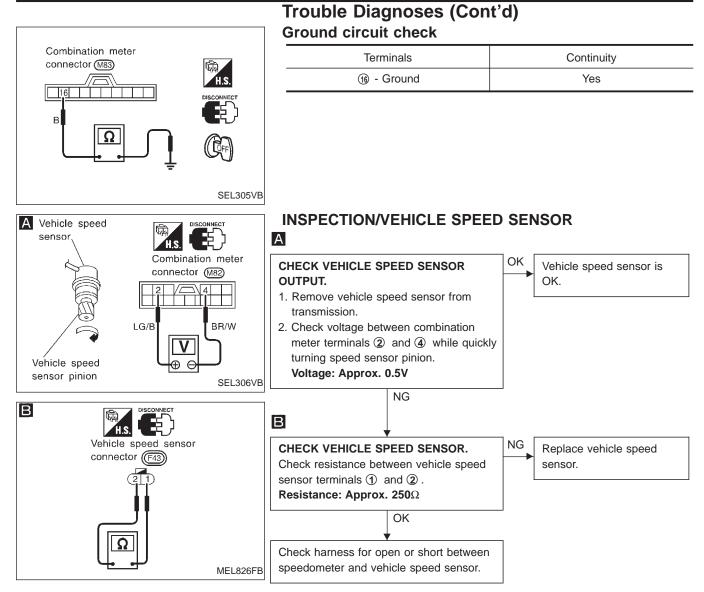
Power supply circuit check

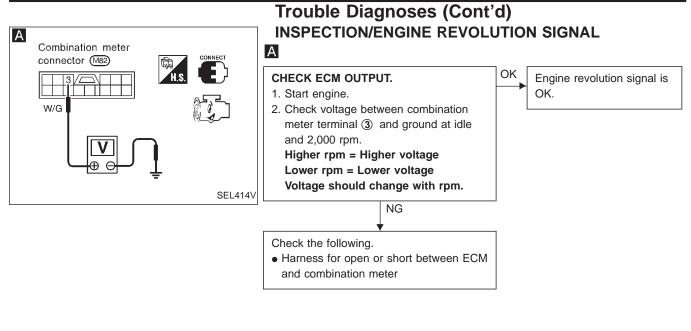
Terminals		Ignition switch position		
\oplus	Θ	OFF	ACC	ON
(15)	Ground	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	Battery voltage
3)	Ground	0V	0V	Battery voltage

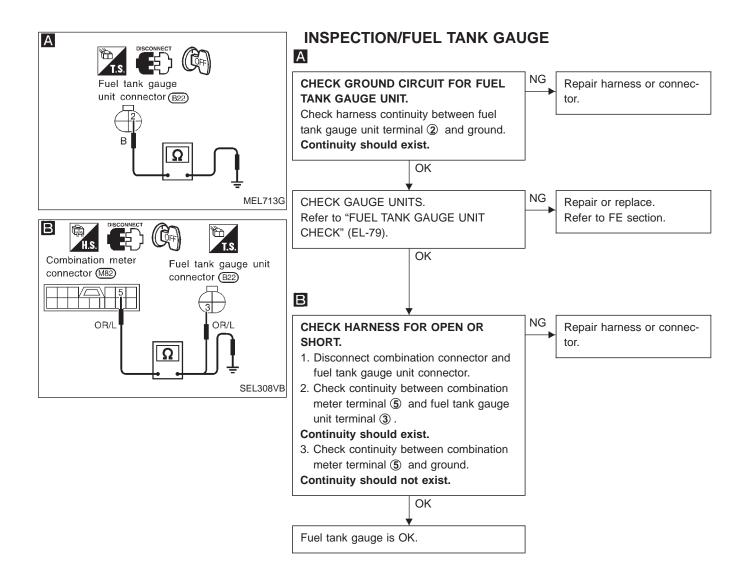
If NG, check the following.

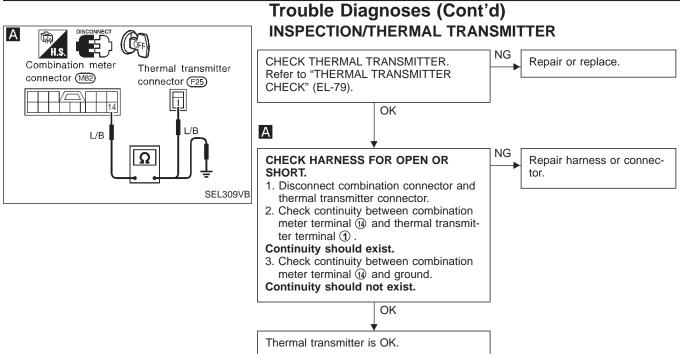
• 7.5A fuse [No. 40, located in fuse block (J/B)]

- 10A fuse [No. 13, located in fuse block (J/B)]
- Harness for open or short between fuse and combination meter







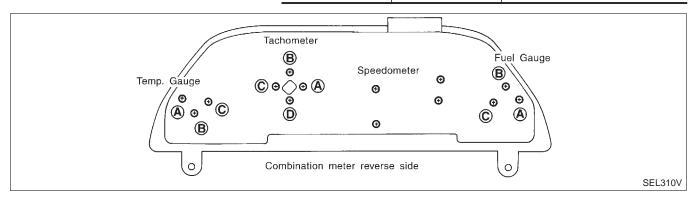


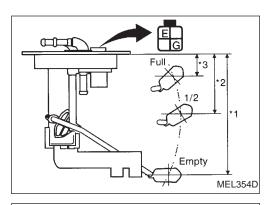
Electrical Components Inspection

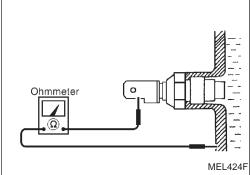
METER/GAUGE RESISTANCE CHECK

- 1. Disconnect FPC connector. Refer to "Flexible Print Circuit (FPC)" (EL-73).
- 2. Check resistance between installation screws of meter/gauge.

Screws		Resistance
Tachometer	Fuel/Temp. gauge	Ω
A - C	A - C	Approx. 70 - Approx. 140
B - D	B - C	Approx. 90 - Approx. 170







Electrical Components Inspection (Cont'd) FUEL TANK GAUGE UNIT CHECK

• For removal, refer to FE section. Check the resistance between terminals (6) and (E).

Ohmi	meter	Float position		Resistance value	
(+)	(-)	mm (in)			(Ω)
		*1	Full	32 (1.26)	Approx. 5 - 8
Е	G	*2	1/2	93 (3.66)	32 - 34
		*3	Empty	157 (6.18)	80 - 81

*1 and *3: When float rod is in contact with stopper.

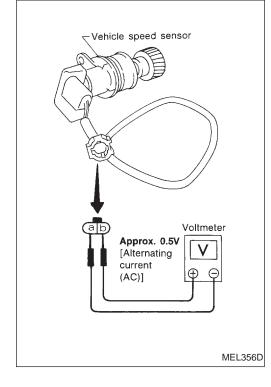
THERMAL TRANSMITTER CHECK

Check the resistance between the terminals of thermal transmitter and body ground.

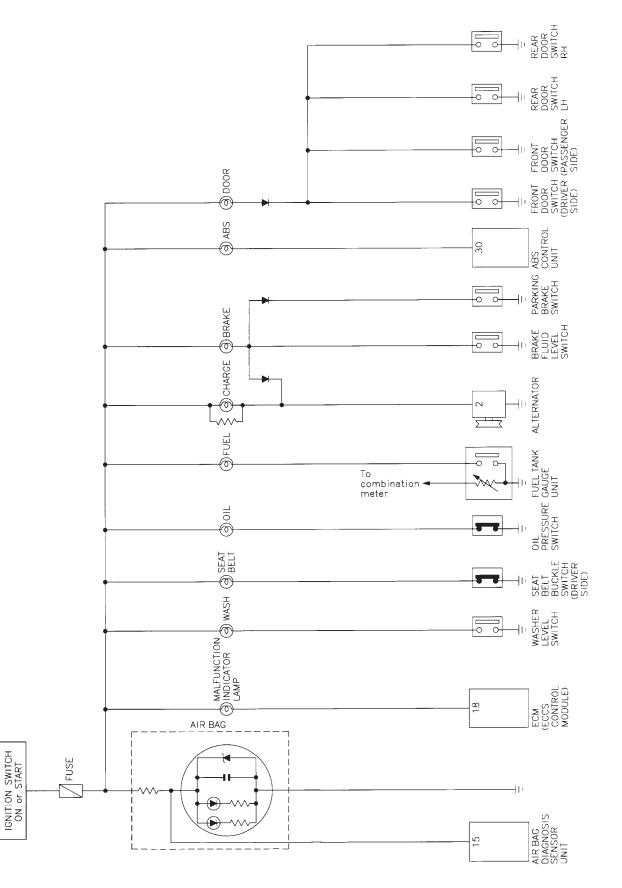
Water temperature	Resistance (Ω)
60°C (140°F)	Approx. 170 - 210
100°C (212°F)	Approx. 47 - 53

VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CHECK

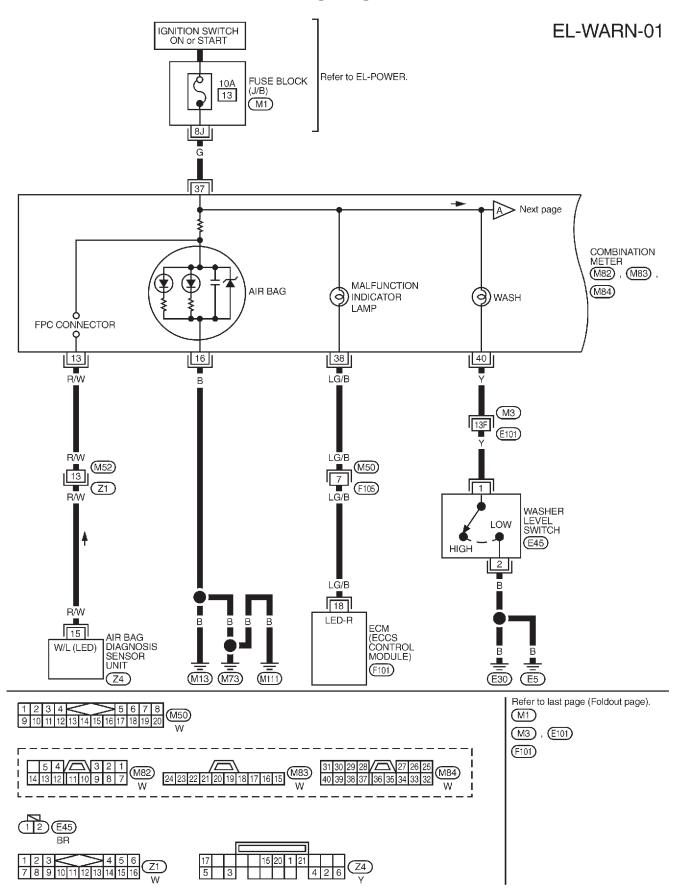
- 1. Remove vehicle speed sensor from transmission.
- 2. Turn vehicle speed sensor pinion quickly and measure voltage between terminals (a) and (b).



Schematic



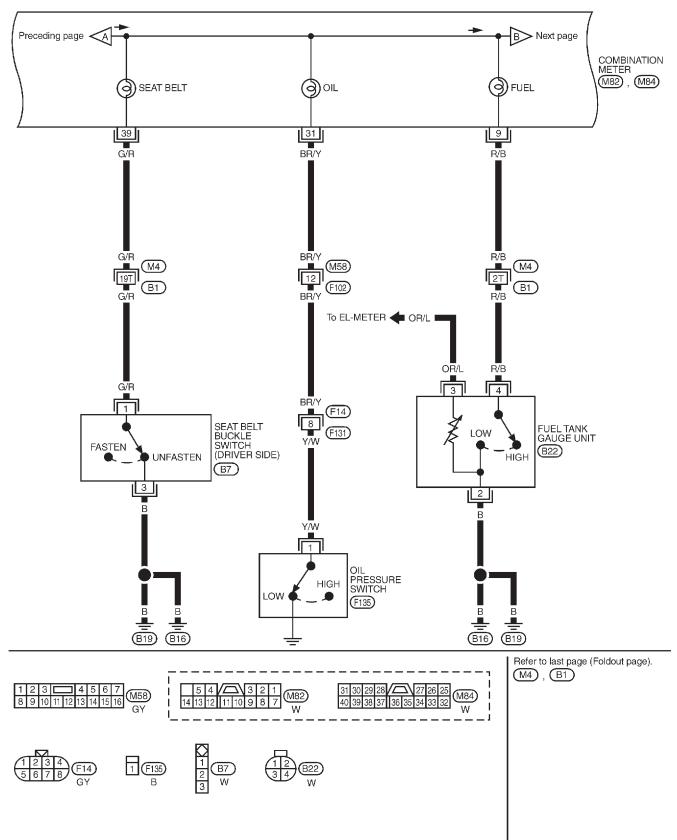
Wiring Diagram — WARN —



WARNING LAMPS

Wiring Diagram — WARN — (Cont'd)

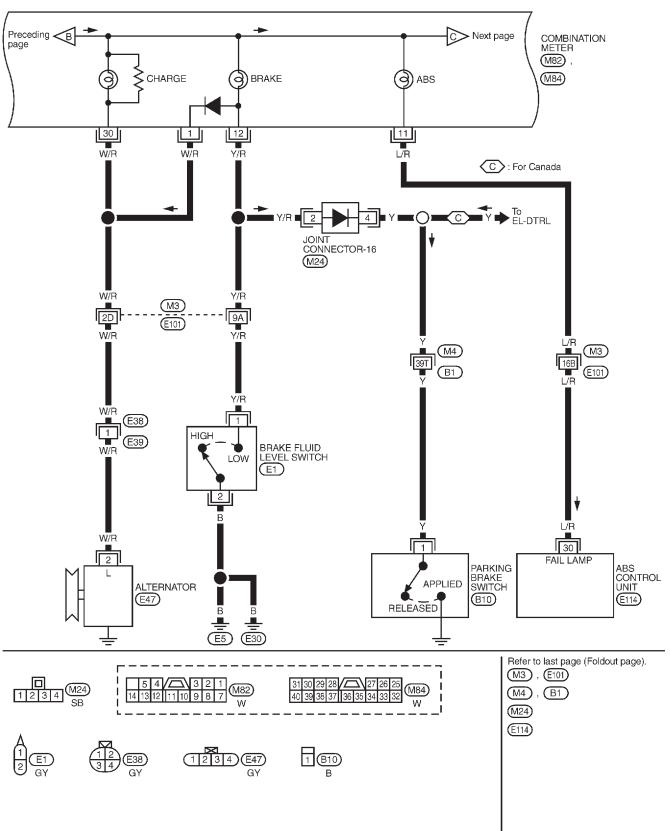




WARNING LAMPS

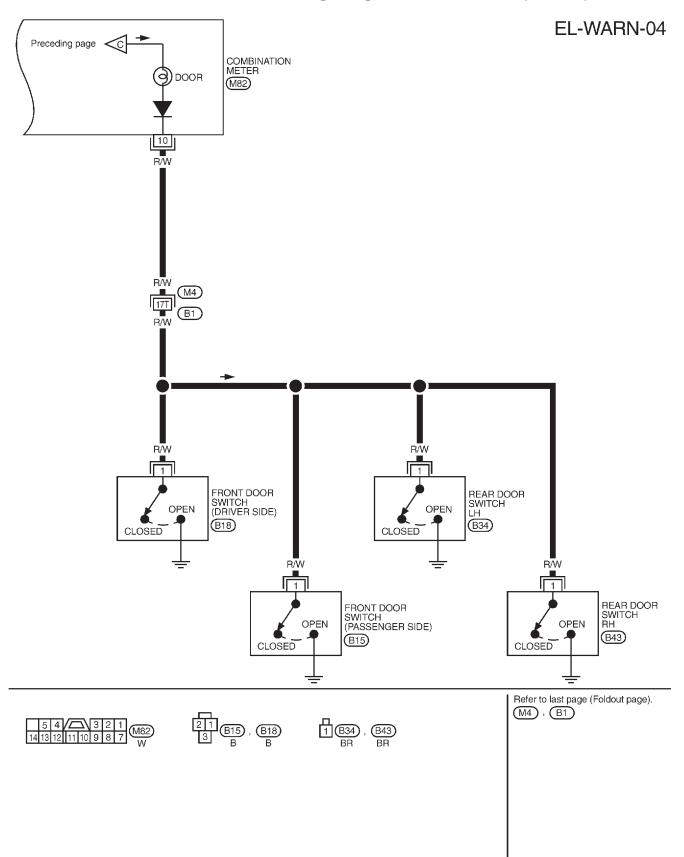
Wiring Diagram — WARN — (Cont'd)

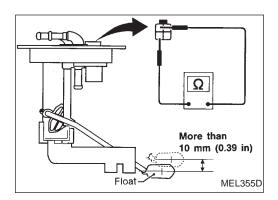
EL-WARN-03



WARNING LAMPS

Wiring Diagram — WARN — (Cont'd)





Electrical Components Inspection

FUEL WARNING LAMP SENSOR CHECK

- Raise the float with fingers more than the distance shown in the figure at left. Make sure that continuity does not exist. **CAUTION:**
- Do not move the float beyond its mobile range.

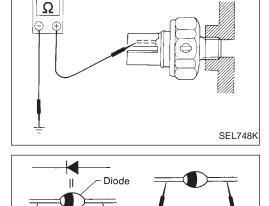
OIL PRESSURE SWITCH CHECK

	Oil pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)	Continuity
Engine start	More than 10 - 20 (0.1 - 0.2, 1 - 3)	NO
Engine stop	Less than 10 - 20 (0.1 - 0.2, 1 - 3)	YES

Check the continuity between the terminals of oil pressure switch and body ground.

DIODE CHECK

- Check continuity using an ohmmeter.
- Diode is functioning properly if test results are as shown in the figure at left.
- NOTE: Specifications may vary depending on the type of tester. Before performing this inspection, be sure to refer to the instruction manual of your tester.
- Diodes for warning lamps are built into the combination meter printed circuit.

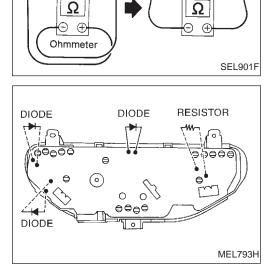


No continuity

Ohmmeter

Continuity

exist



System Description

The warning buzzer is controlled by the BCM.

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to warning buzzer terminal (1)
- to key switch terminal ①.

Power is supplied at all times

- through 15A fuse (No. 66, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to lighting switch terminal 11.
- Power is supplied at all times
- through 7.5A fuse (No. 56, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to BCM terminal ①.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 12 located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to BCM terminal 20.

Ground is supplied to BCM terminal (3) through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M11).

When a signal, or combination of signals, is received by the BCM, ground is supplied

- through BCM terminal ①
- to warning buzzer terminal ③.

With power and ground supplied, the warning buzzer will sound.

Ignition key warning buzzer

With the key in the ignition switch in the OFF or ACC position, and the driver's door open, the warning buzzer will sound. A battery positive voltage is supplied

- from key switch terminal (2)
- to BCM terminal 3).

Ground is supplied

- from front door switch LH terminal ②
- to BCM terminal 29.

Front door switch LH terminal ③ is grounded through body grounds (B16) and (B19).

Light warning buzzer

With ignition switch OFF or ACC, driver's door open, and lighting switch in 1ST or 2ND position, warning buzzer will sound. A battery positive voltage is supplied.

- from lighting switch terminal (1)
- through 7.5A fuse [No. 5], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to BCM terminal 3.

Ground is supplied

- from front door switch LH terminal ②
- to BCM terminal (29).
- Front door switch LH terminal ③ is grounded through body grounds (B16) and (B19).

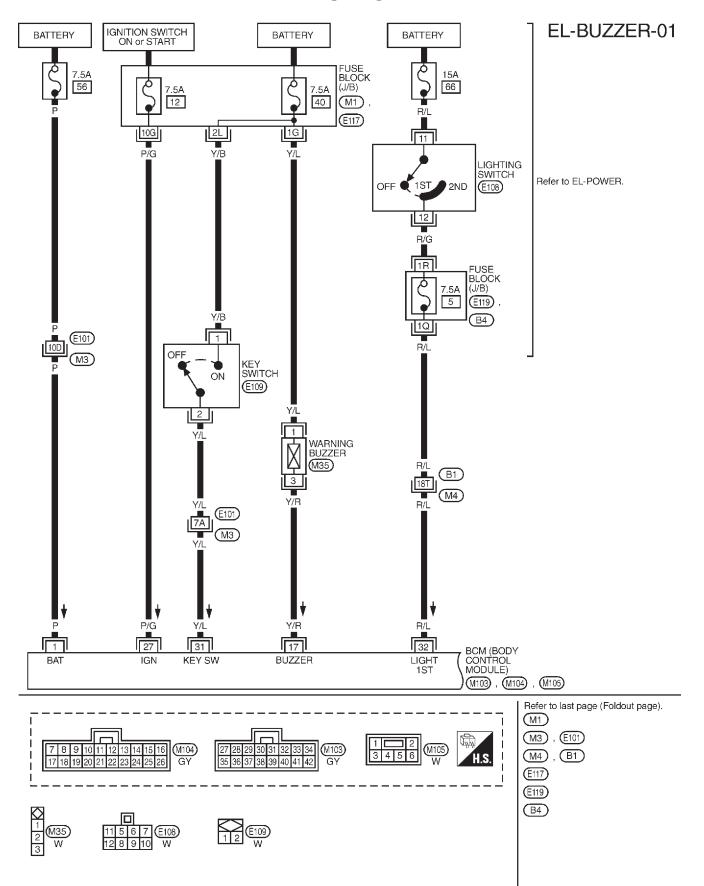
Seat belt warning buzzer

With ignition switch turned ON and seat belt unfastened (seat belt switch ON), warning buzzer will sound for approximately 6 seconds.

Ground is supplied

- from seat belt switch terminal ①
- to BCM terminal (8).

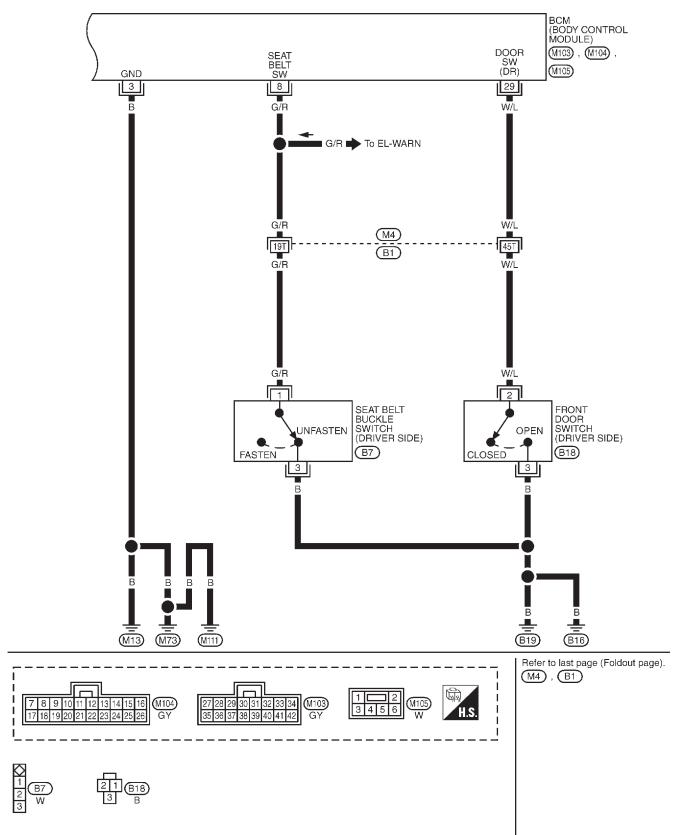
Seat belt switch terminal (3) is grounded through body grounds (B16) and (B19).

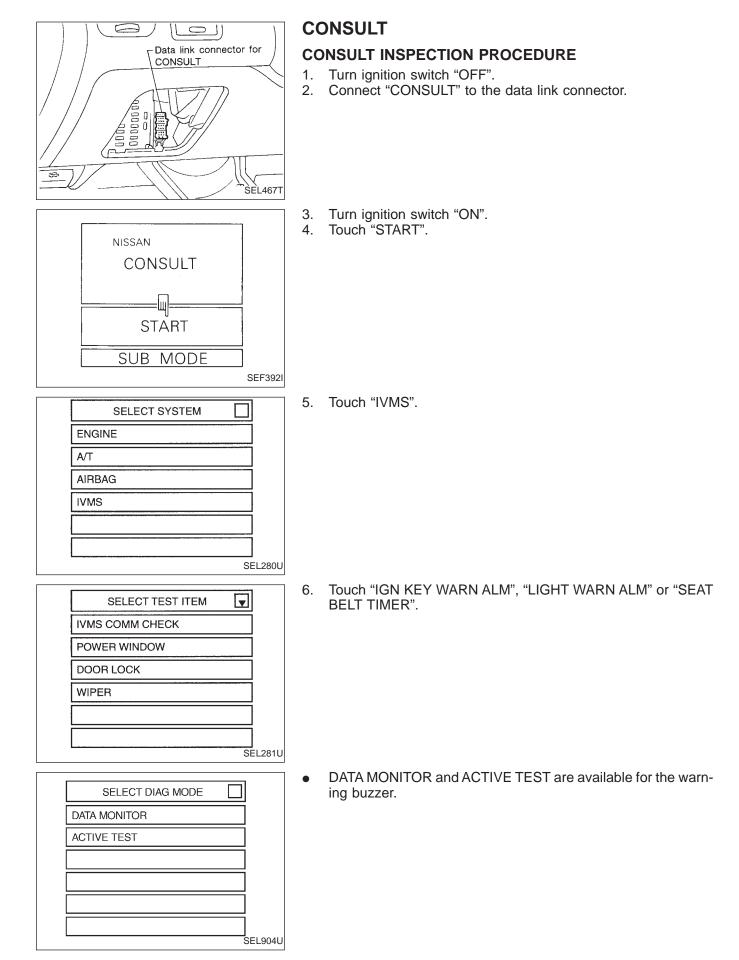


Wiring Diagram — BUZZER —

Wiring Diagram — BUZZER — (Cont'd)

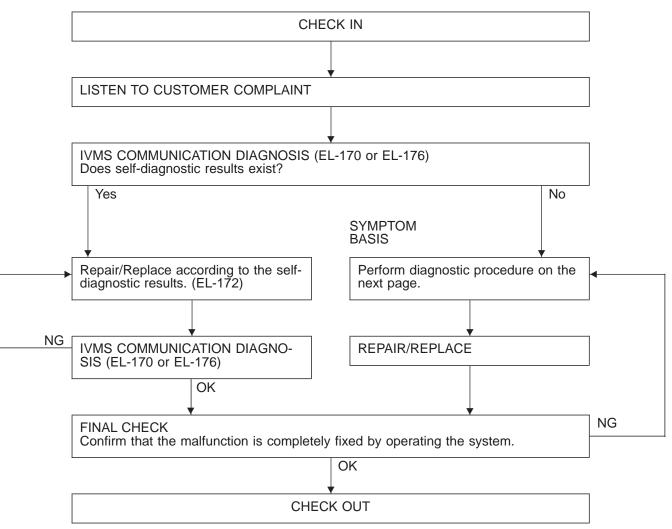
EL-BUZZER-02





Trouble Diagnoses

WORK FLOW



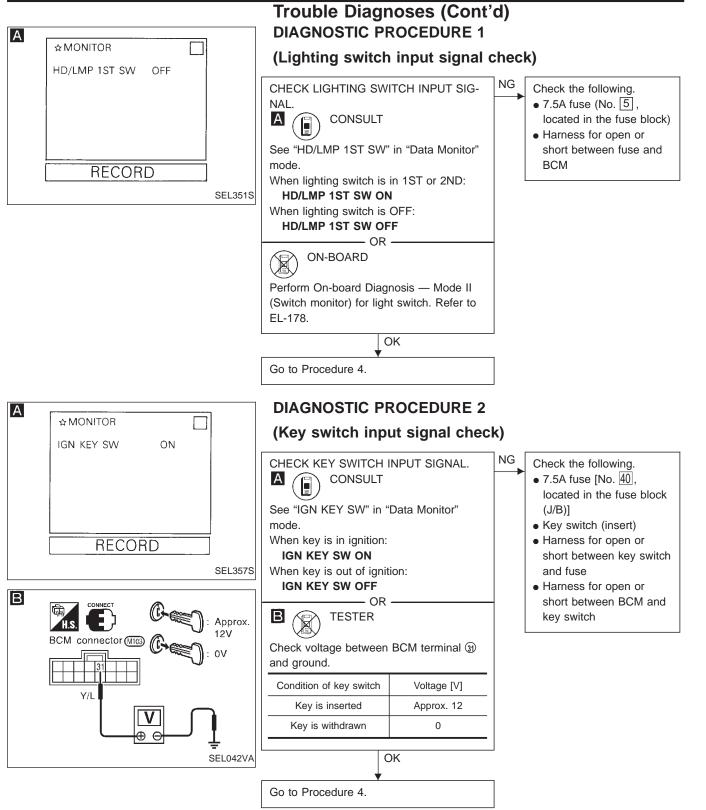
NOTICE:

- When LCU connectors are disconnected for more than 1 minute such as during trouble diagnoses, the "disconnected" data will be memorized by the BCM. Therefore, after reconnecting the LCU connectors, erase the memory.
- To erase the memory, perform the procedure below. Erase the memory with CONSULT (refer to EL-170) or turn the ignition switch to "OFF" position and remove 7.5A fuse (No. 56, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

SYMPTOM CHART

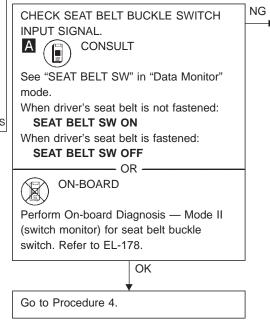
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-92	EL-92	EL-93	EL-93
SYMPTOM	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 (Lighting switch input signal check)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2 (Key switch input signal check)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3 (Seat belt buckle switch input signal check)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4
Light warning buzzer does not acti- vate.	Х			Х
Ignition key warning buzzer does not activate.		Х		Х
Seat belt warning buzzer does not activate.			х	Х
All warning buzzers do not activate.				Х



A ☆ MONITOR SEAT BELT SW ON RECORD SEL359S

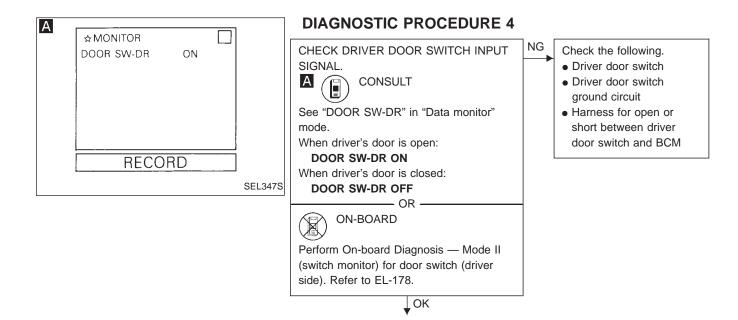
Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3

(Seat belt buckle switch input signal check)

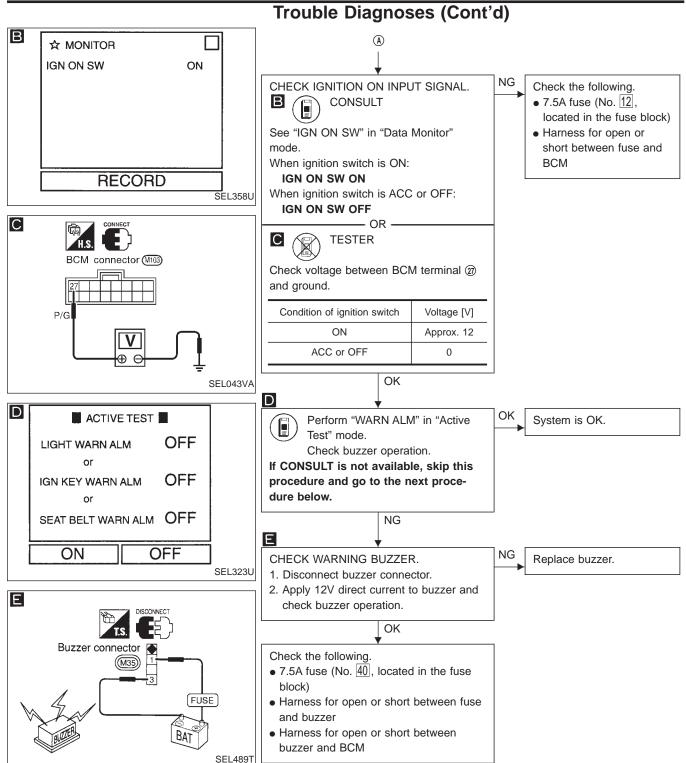


Check the following.

- Seat belt buckle switchSeat belt buckle switch
- ground circuit
 Harness for open or short between BCM and seat belt buckle switch



A



System Description

WIPER OPERATION

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied

- through 20A fuse [No. 20], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to front wiper motor terminal ④.

Low and high speed wiper operation

Ground is supplied to front wiper switch terminal (1) through body grounds (5) and (3). When the front wiper switch is placed in the LO position, ground is supplied

- through terminal (1) of the front wiper switch
- to front wiper motor terminal 2.

With power and ground supplied, the front wiper motor operates at low speed.

When the front wiper switch is placed in the HI position, ground is supplied

- through terminal 16 of the front wiper switch
- to front wiper motor terminal (3).

With power and ground supplied, the front wiper motor operates at high speed.

Auto stop operation

When the front wiper switch is placed in the OFF position, the front wiper motor will continue to operate until the wiper arms reach the base of the windshield (Auto stop).

When the front wiper switch is placed in the OFF position, ground is supplied

- from terminal (1) of the front wiper switch
- to front wiper motor terminal (2), in order to continue front wiper motor operation at low speed.
- Ground is also supplied until the wiper arms reaches the base of the windshield
- through terminal (13) of the front wiper switch,
- to front wiper relay terminal (3)
- through terminal ④ of the front wiper relay,
- to front wiper motor terminal (5)
- through terminal 6 of the front wiper motor, and
- through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M111).

When the wiper arms reach the base of the windshield, the switch in the front wiper motor moves to the "STOP" position. The ground path is interrupted and the front wiper motor stops.

Intermittent operation

Intermittent operation is controlled by the BCM.

- When the front wiper switch is placed in the INT position, ground is supplied
- to BCM terminal 33
- from front wiper switch terminal 15

• through body grounds (E5) and (E30).

The desired interval time is input

• to BCM terminal 24

• from front wiper switch terminal (19).

Based on these two inputs, an intermittent ground is supplied

- to front wiper relay terminal 2
- from BCM terminal (9).

With power and ground supplied, the front wiper relay is activated.

When activated, an intermittent ground is supplied

- to front wiper motor terminal 2
- through the front wiper switch terminal (1),
- to front wiper switch terminal (13)
- through front wiper relay terminal (3),
- to front wiper relay terminal (5)
- through body grounds (E5) and (E30).

Front wiper motor operates at desired low speeds with BCM terminal 3 grounded.

WASHER OPERATION

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied

- through 20A fuse [No. 20, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to front washer motor terminal ①.
- When the lever is pulled to the WASH position, ground is supplied
- to washer motor terminal ②, and

EL-95

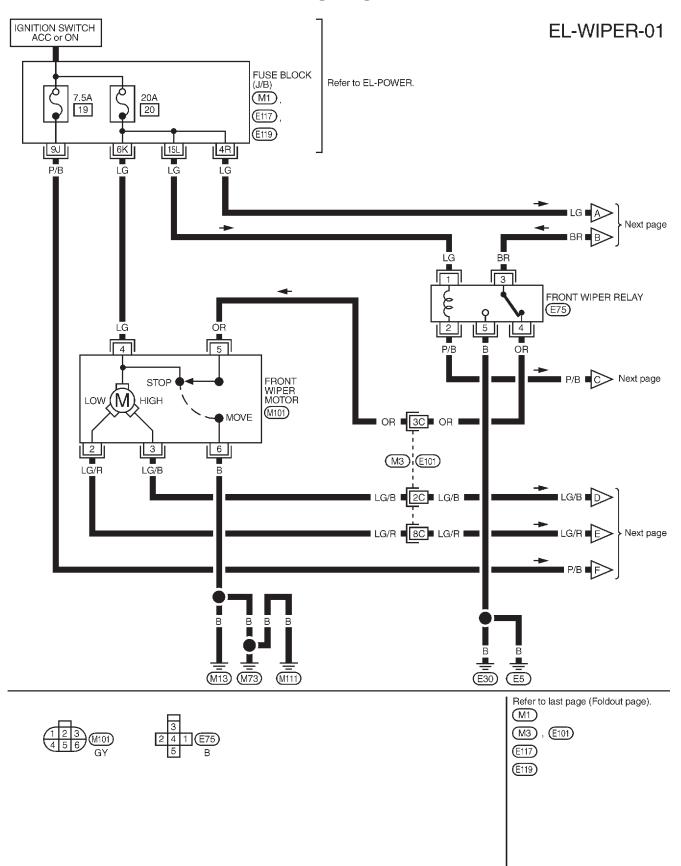
System Description (Cont'd)

- to BCM terminal 34

- from terminal (1) of the front wiper switch
 through terminal (1) of the front wiper switch, and
 through body grounds (E5) and (E30).
 With power and ground supplied, the washer motor operates.

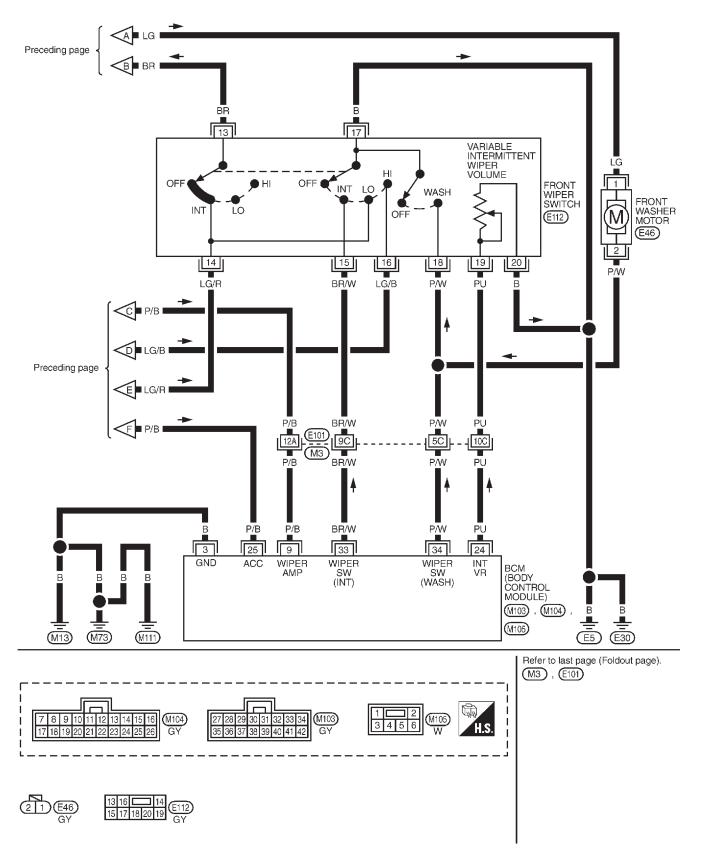
The front wiper motor operates at low speed for about 3 seconds. This feature is controlled by the BCM in the same manner as the intermittent operation.

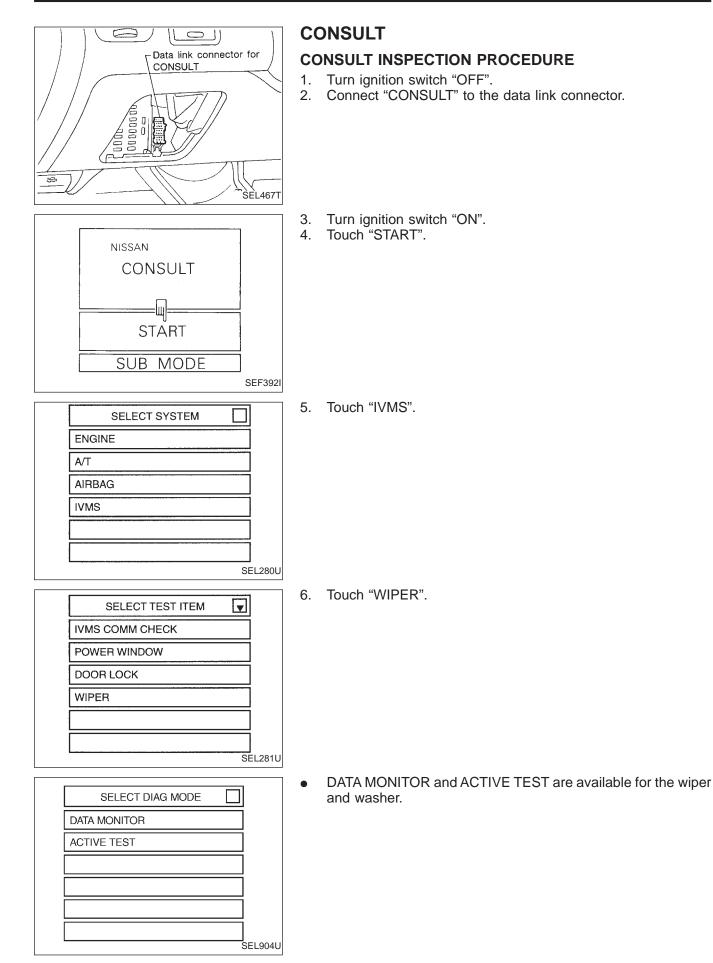




Wiring Diagram — WIPER — (Cont'd)

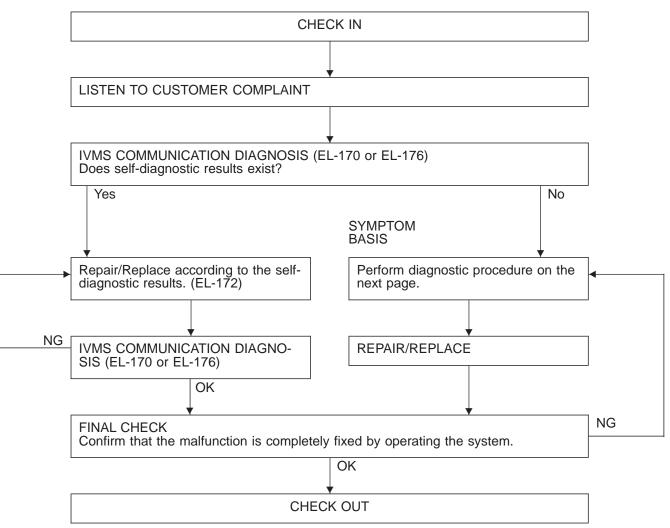
EL-WIPER-02





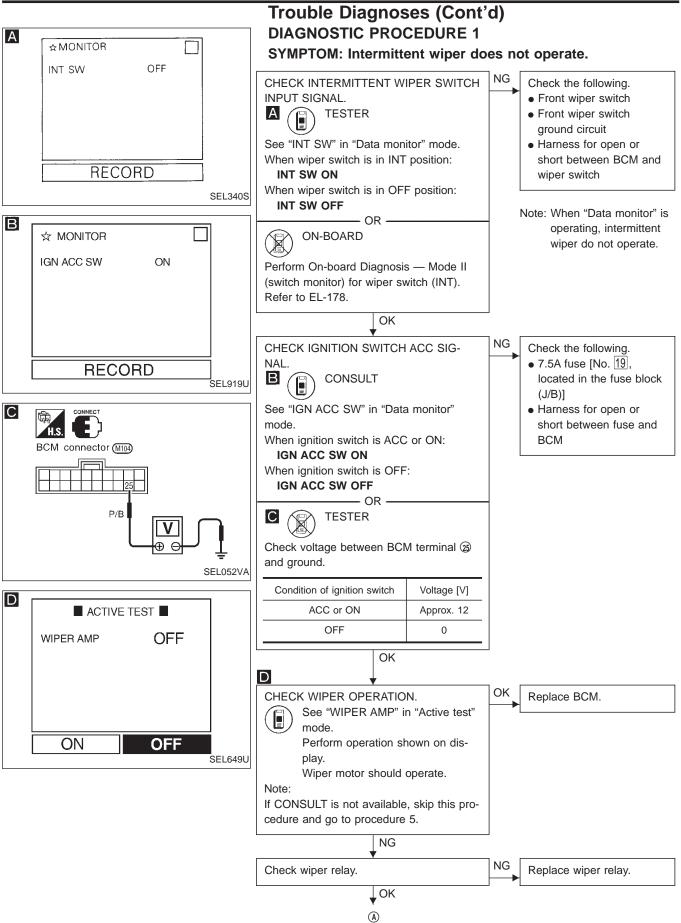
Trouble Diagnoses

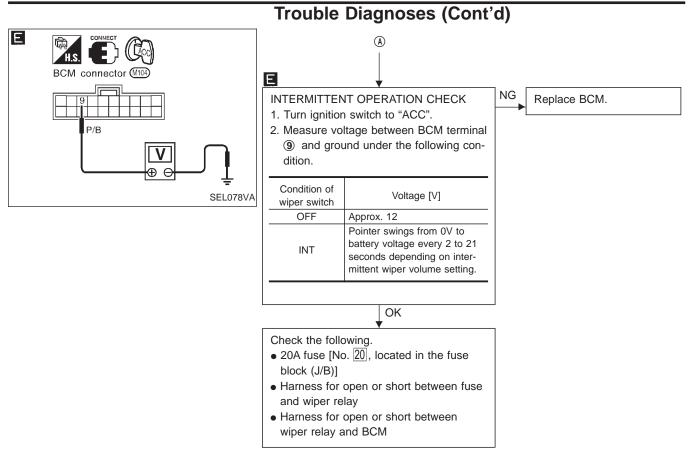
WORK FLOW

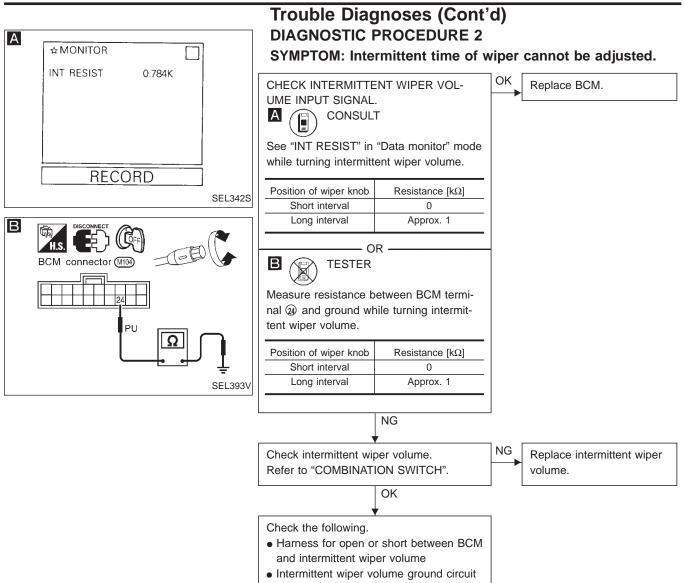


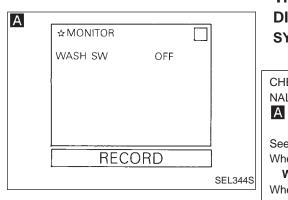
NOTICE:

- When LCU connectors are disconnected for more than 1 minute such as during trouble diagnoses, the "disconnected" data will be memorized by the BCM. Therefore, after reconnecting the LCU connectors, erase the memory.
- To erase the memory, perform the procedure below. Erase the memory with CONSULT (refer to EL-170) or turn the ignition switch to "OFF" position and remove 7.5A fuse (No. 56, located in the fuse and fusible link box).



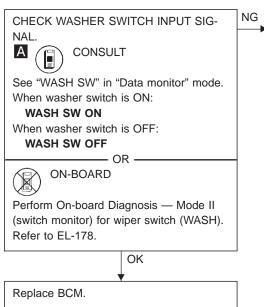






Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3

SYMPTOM: Wiper and washer activate individually but not in combination.

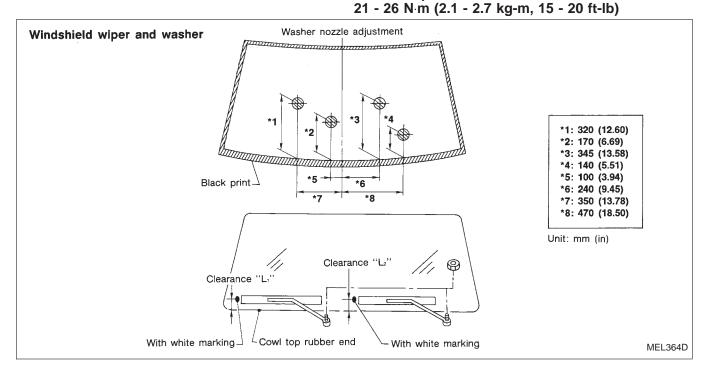


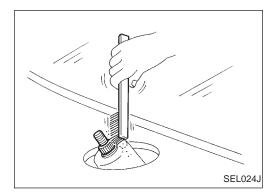
- Check the following.Front wiper switch
- Harness for open or short between BCM and
 - wiper switch

Removal and Installation

WIPER ARMS

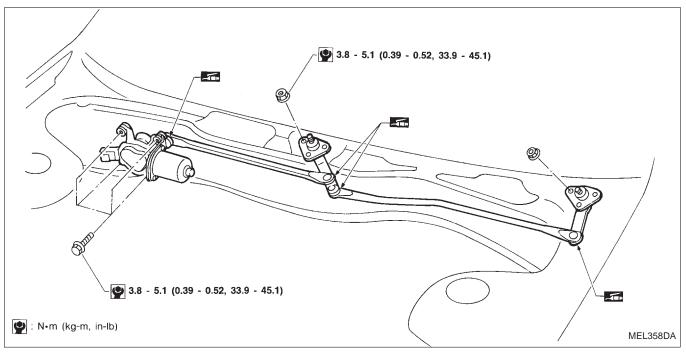
- 1. Turn on wiper switch to operate wiper motor and then turn it "OFF" (Auto Stop).
- Lift the blade up and then set it down onto glass surface. Set the blade center to clearance "L₁" or "L₂" immediately before tightening nut.
- 3. Eject washer fluid. Turn on wiper switch to operate wiper motor and then turn it "OFF".
- 4. Ensure that wiper blades stop within clearance "L₁" & "L₂". Clearance "L₁": 40 56 mm (1.57 2.20 in) Clearance "L₂": 37 47 mm (1.46 1.85 in)
- Tighten windshield wiper arm nuts to specified torque. Windshield wiper:





 Before reinstalling wiper arm, clean up the pivot area as illustrated. This will reduce possibility of wiper arm looseness.

Removal and Installation (Cont'd) WIPER LINKAGE



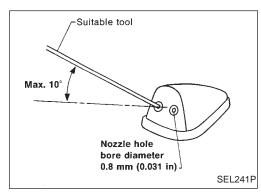
Removal

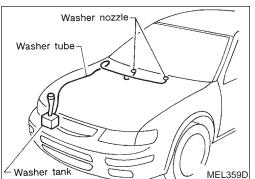
- 1. Remove 4 bolts that secure wiper motor.
- 2. Detach wiper motor from wiper linkage at ball joint.
- 3. Remove wiper linkage.

Be careful not to break ball joint rubber boot.

Installation

• Grease ball joint portion before installation. Installation is in reverse order of removal.





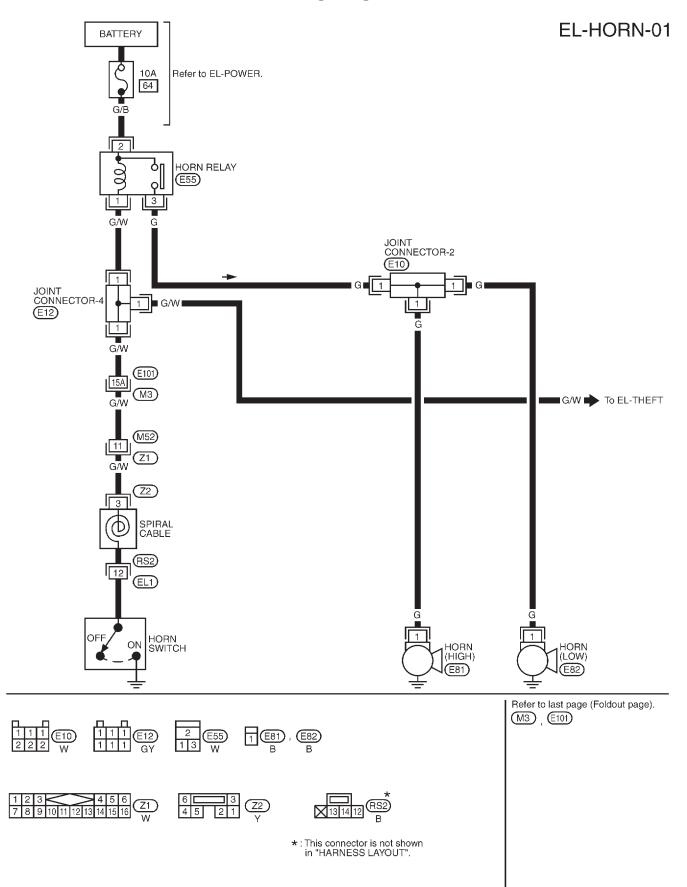
Washer Nozzle Adjustment

• Adjust washer nozzle with suitable tool as shown in the figure at left.

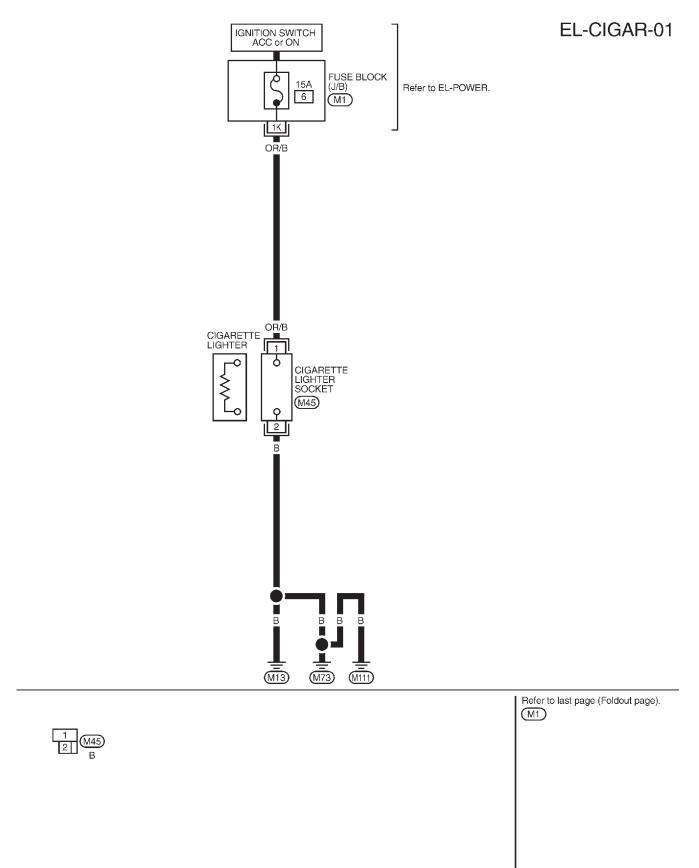
Adjustable range: ±10°

Check Valve (Built in washer nozzles)

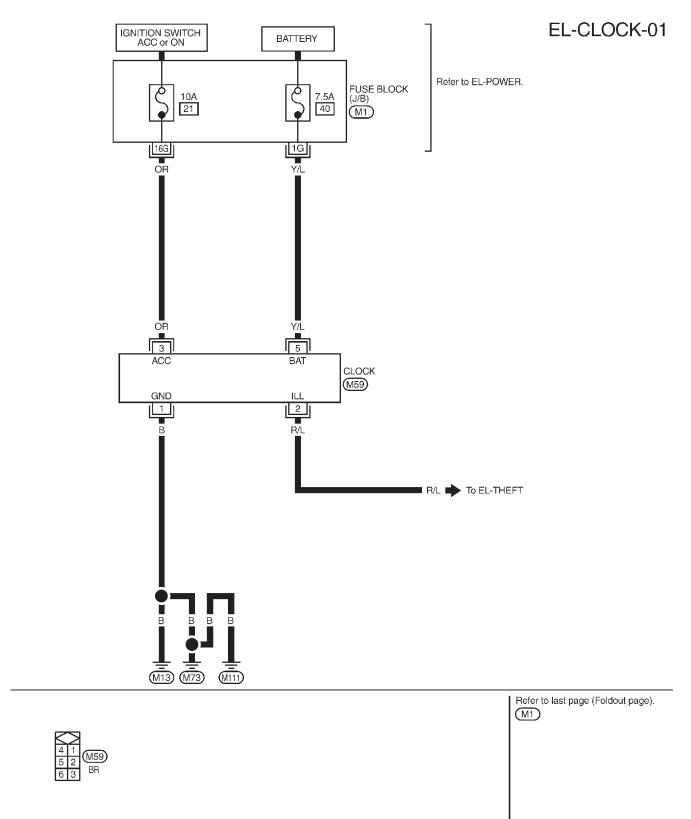
Wiring Diagram — HORN —



Wiring Diagram — CIGAR —



Wiring Diagram — CLOCK —



System Description

FUNCTION

• The following time control function is controlled by BCM.

Item	Details of control
Rear window defogger timer	Turn off rear window defogger about 15 minutes after the rear window defogger switch is turned "ON".

REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER TIMER

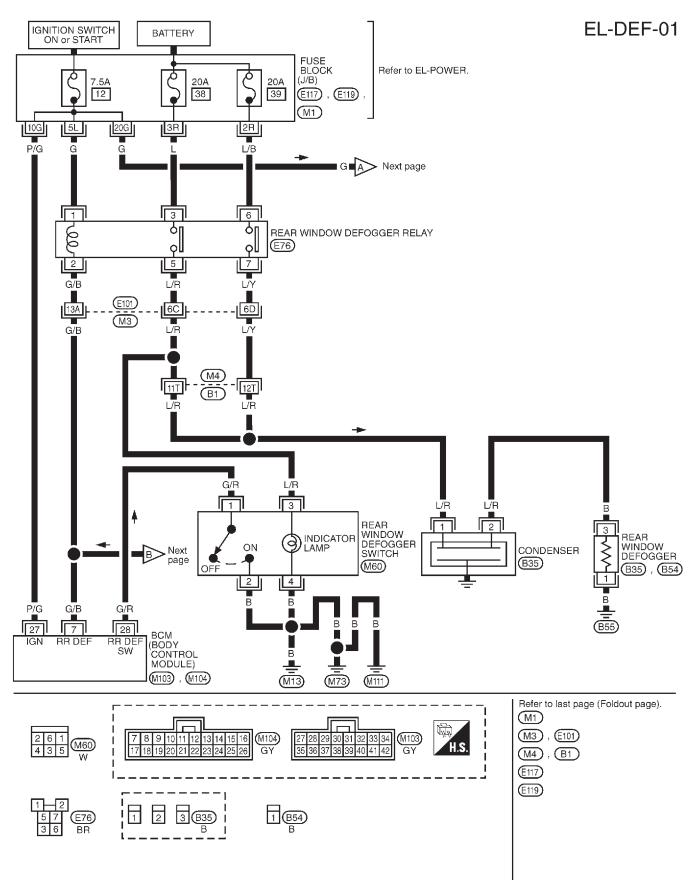
The rear window defogger system is controlled by the BCM.

- Power is supplied at all times
- through 20A fuse [No. <u>38</u>, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to the rear window defogger relay terminal ③, and
- through 20A fuse [No. 39, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to the rear window defogger relay terminal (6).
- With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied
- through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to the rear window defogger relay terminal ① and,
- to BCM terminal 27.
- When the rear window defogger switch is ON, ground is supplied
- through terminal ① of the rear window defogger switch
- to BCM terminal 28.

Terminal ⑦ of the BCM then supplies ground to the rear window defogger relay terminal ②.

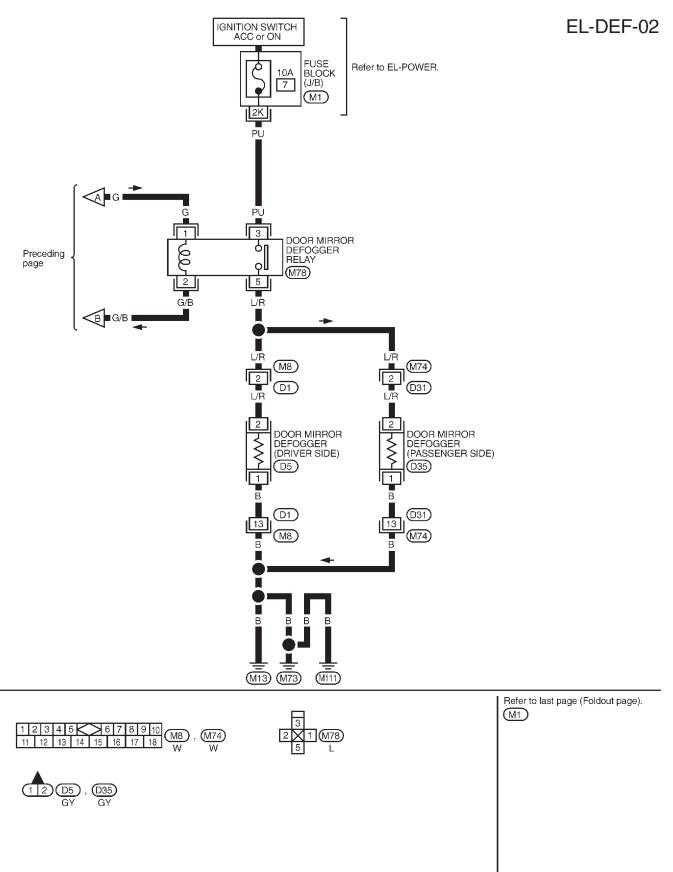
With power and ground supplied, the rear window defogger relay is energized to operate rear window defogger for about 15 minutes.

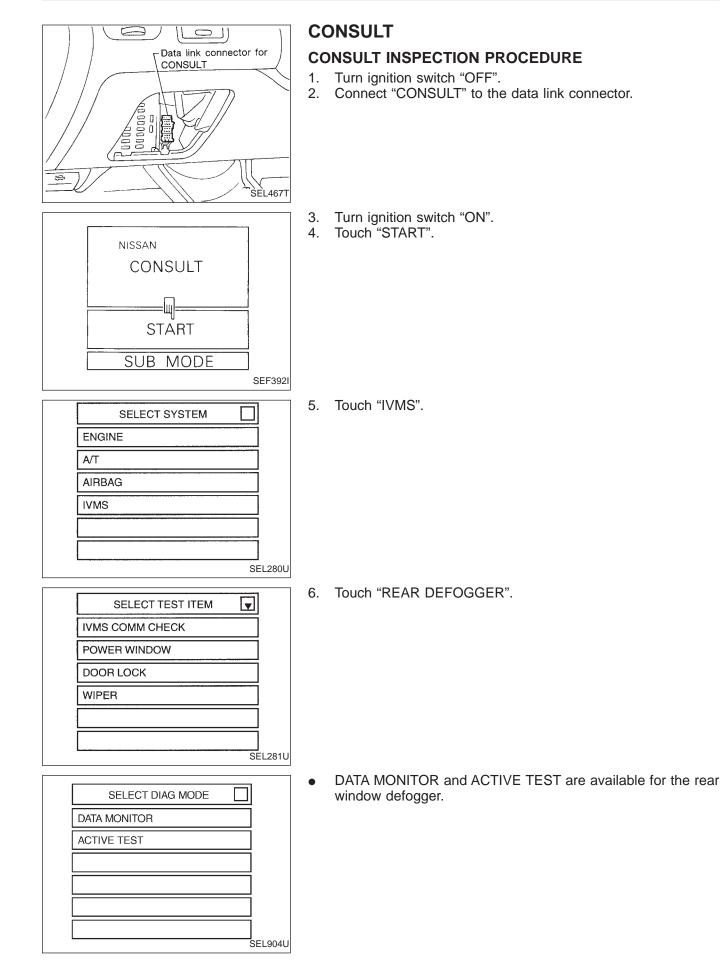
Wiring Diagram — DEF —



REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER

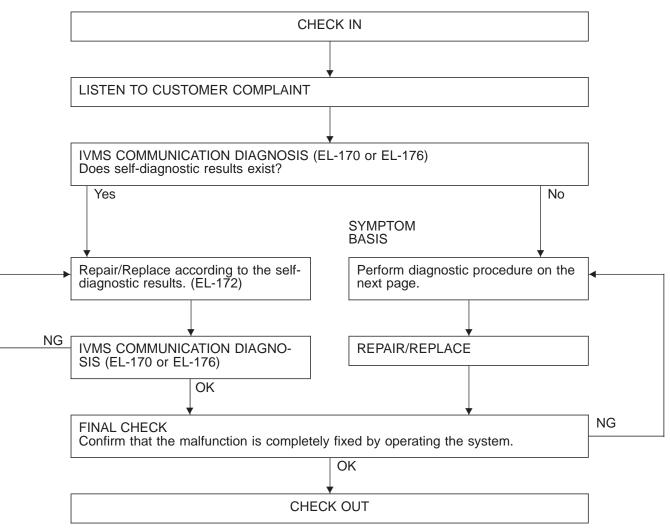
Wiring Diagram — DEF — (Cont'd)





Trouble Diagnoses

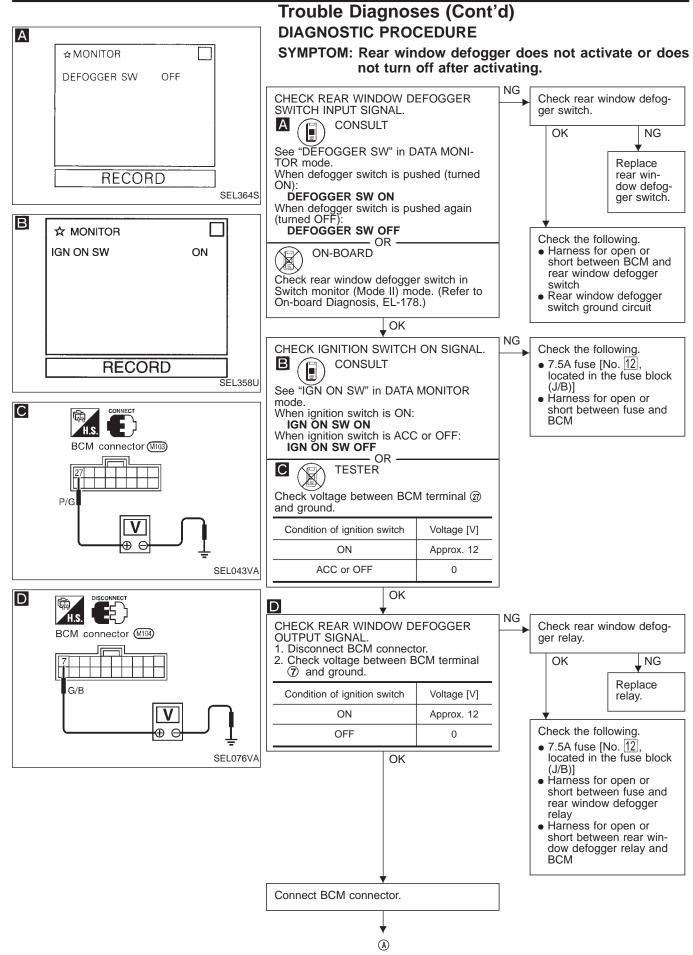
WORK FLOW



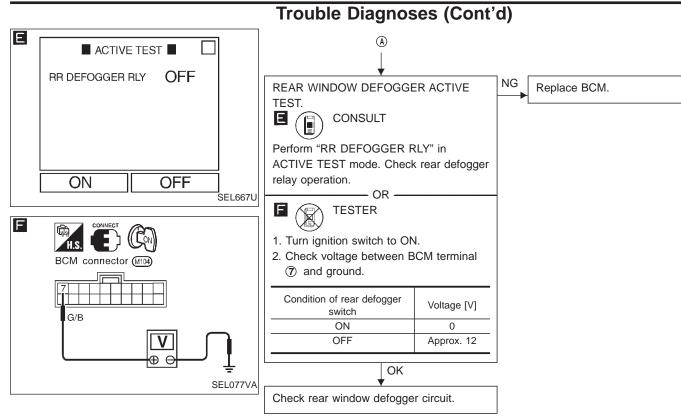
NOTICE:

- When LCU connectors are disconnected for more than 1 minute such as during trouble diagnoses, the "disconnected" data will be memorized by the BCM. Therefore, after reconnecting the LCU connectors, erase the memory.
- To erase the memory, perform the procedure below. Erase the memory with CONSULT (refer to EL-170) or turn the ignition switch to "OFF" position and remove 7.5A fuse (No. 56, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

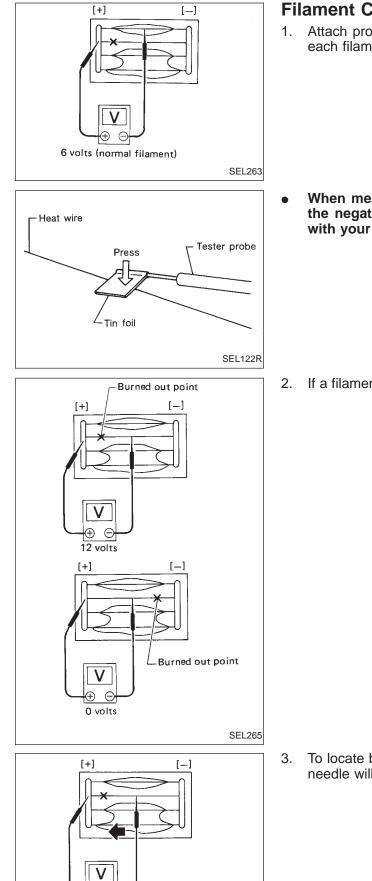
REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER



REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER



EL-116



Filament Check

Attach probe circuit tester (in volt range) to middle portion of each filament.

When measuring voltage, wrap tin foil around the top of the negative probe. Then press the foil against the wire with your finger.

2. If a filament is burned out, circuit tester registers 0 or 12 volts.

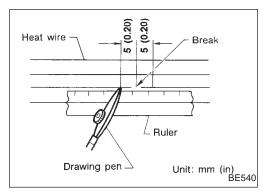
To locate burned out point, move probe along filament. Tester needle will swing abruptly when probe passes the point.

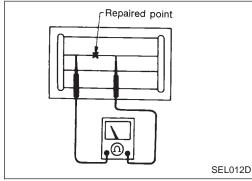
SEL266

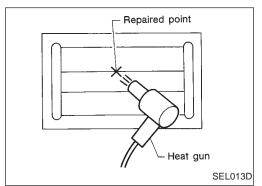
Filament Repair

REPAIR EQUIPMENT

- 1. Conductive silver composition (Dupont No. 4817 or equivalent)
- 2. Ruler 30 cm (11.8 in) long
- 3. Drawing pen
- 4. Heat gun
- 5. Alcohol
- 6. Cloth







REPAIRING PROCEDURE

- 1. Wipe broken heat wire and its surrounding area clean with a cloth dampened in alcohol.
- 2. Apply a small amount of conductive silver composition to tip of drawing pen.

Shake silver composition container before use.

- 3. Place ruler on glass along broken line. Deposit conductive silver composition on break with drawing pen. Slightly overlap existing heat wire on both sides [preferably 5 mm (0.20 in)] of the break.
- 4. After repair has been completed, check repaired wire for continuity. This check should be conducted 10 minutes after silver composition is deposited.

Do not touch repaired area while test is being conducted.

5. Apply a constant stream of hot air directly to the repaired area for approximately 20 minutes with a heat gun. A minimum distance of 3 cm (1.2 in) should be kept between repaired area and hot air outlet. If a heat gun is not available, let the repaired area dry for 24 hours.

AUDIO

System Description

Refer to Owner's Manual for audio system operating instructions.

BOSE SYSTEM

Power is supplied at all times

- through 15A fuse (No. 62, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to audio terminal (6).
- Power is supplied at all times
- through 15A fuse [No. 22], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to audio amp. relay terminal (3).

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied

• through 10A fuse [No. 21], located in the fuse block (J/B)]

to audio terminal (1).

Ground is supplied through the case of the radio.

Ground is also supplied

- to audio amp. relay terminal 2,
- to front door speaker LH terminal (2) and
- to front door speaker RH terminal ②
- through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M111).
- to rear speaker LH terminal ① and
- to rear speaker RH terminal (1)
- through body grounds (B16) and (B19).

When the audio POWER button is pressed, power is supplied to audio amp. relay ① from audio terminal ①. Then audio amp. relay is energized and power is supplied

- to front door speaker LH terminal (5)
- to front door speaker RH terminal (5) and
- to rear speaker LH terminal ③ and RH terminal ③.

Audio signals are supplied

- through audio terminals (1), (2), (3), (4), (1), (1), (1) and (6)
- to terminals ③ and ⑥ of the LH and RH front speakers and terminals ② and ④ of the LH and RH rear speakers
- to LH and RH tweeters through terminals (1) and (4) of the front speakers.

BASE SYSTEM

Power is supplied at all times

- through 15A fuse [No. 62], located in the fuse and fusible link box]
- to audio terminal 6 and,
- through 10A fuse [No. 29, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to CD player terminal 24.

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied

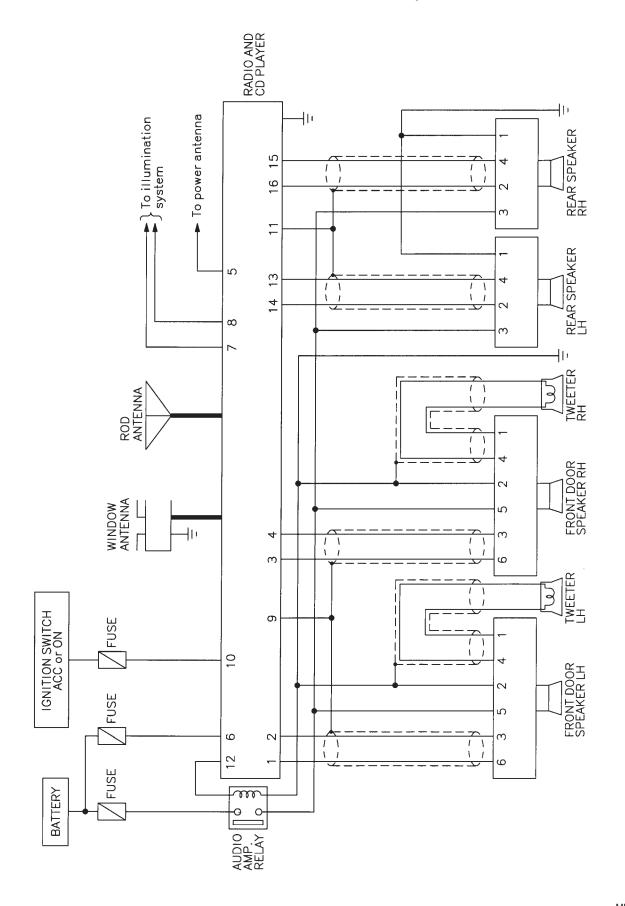
- through 10A fuse [No. 21, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to audio terminal 1 and CD player terminal 2.

Ground is supplied through the case of the audio and CD player.

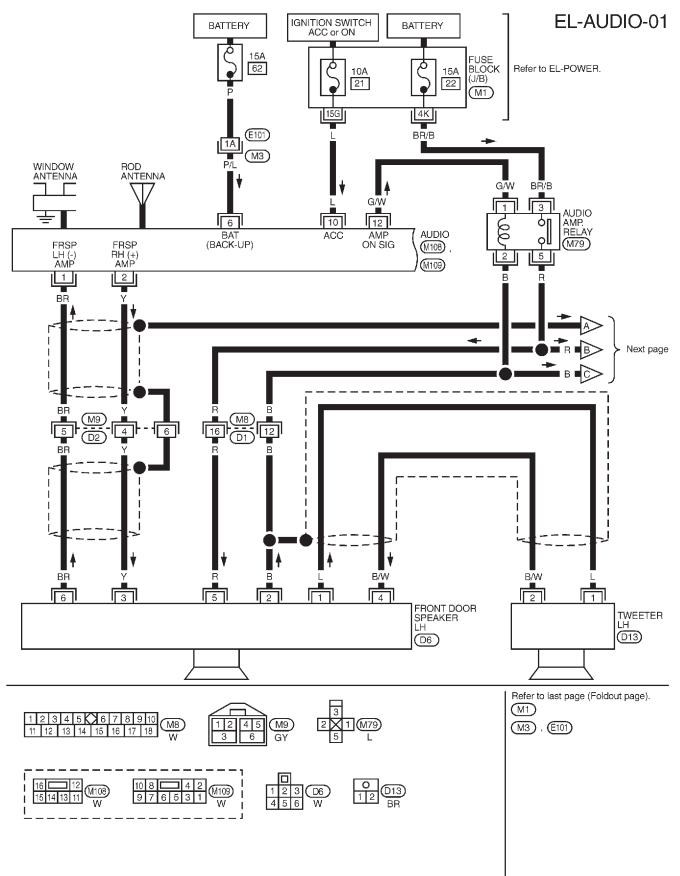
When the audio power knob is pushed to the ON position, the audio signal is supplied

- through radio terminals (1), (2), (3), (4), (13), (14), (15) and (16)
- to terminals (1) and (2) of the LH and RH front speaker, LH and RH tweeter and LH and RH rear speaker.

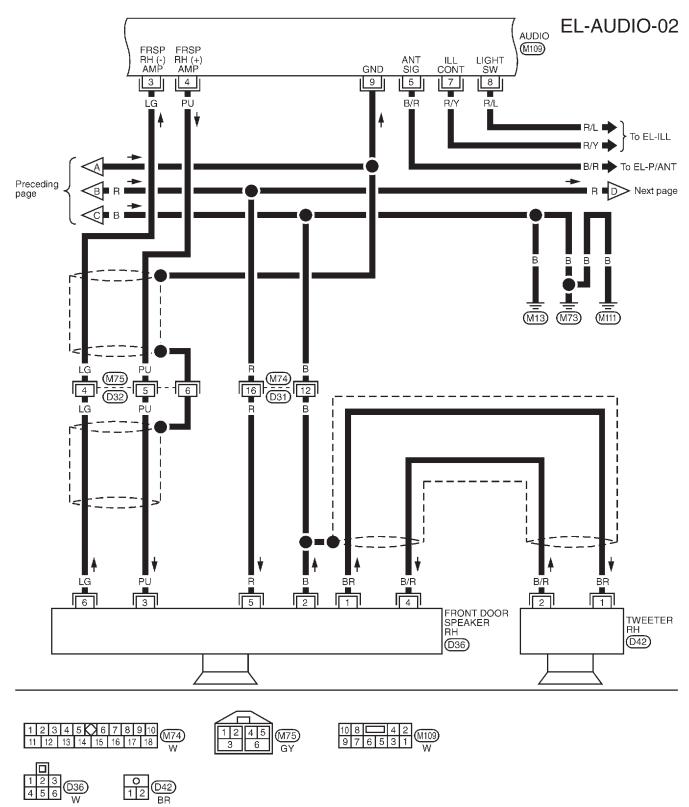
Schematic/BOSE System



Wiring Diagram — AUDIO —/BOSE System

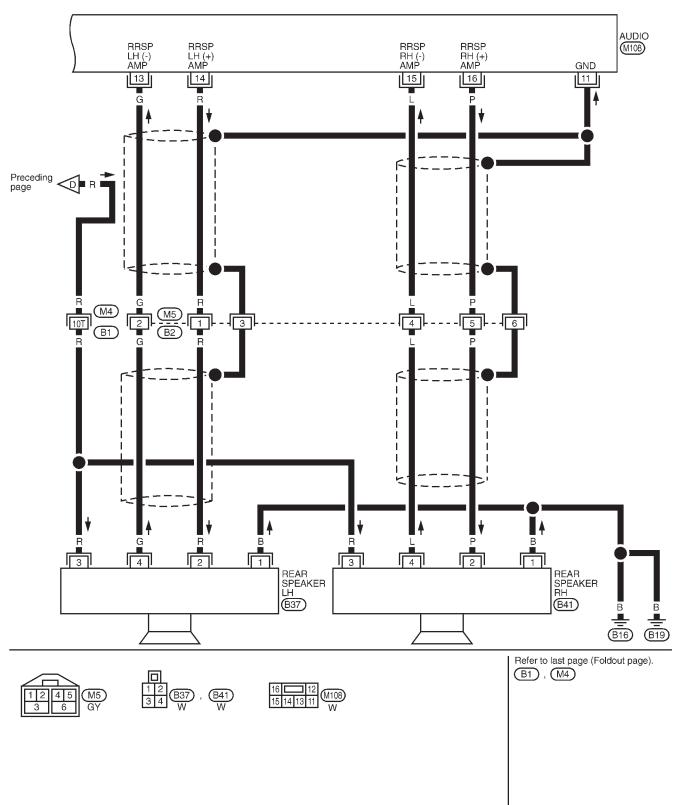




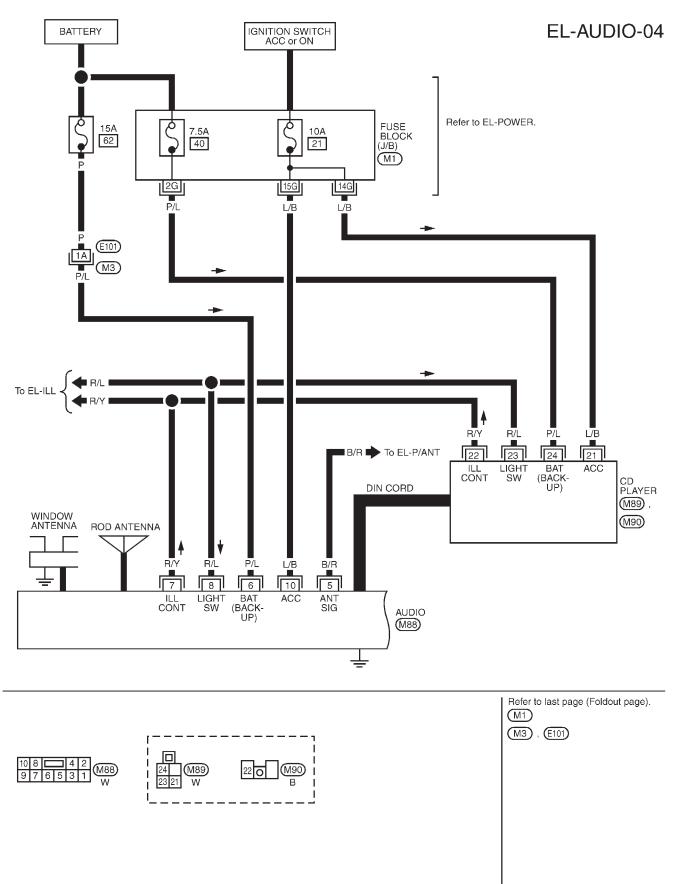


AUDIO Wiring Diagram — AUDIO —/BOSE System (Cont'd)

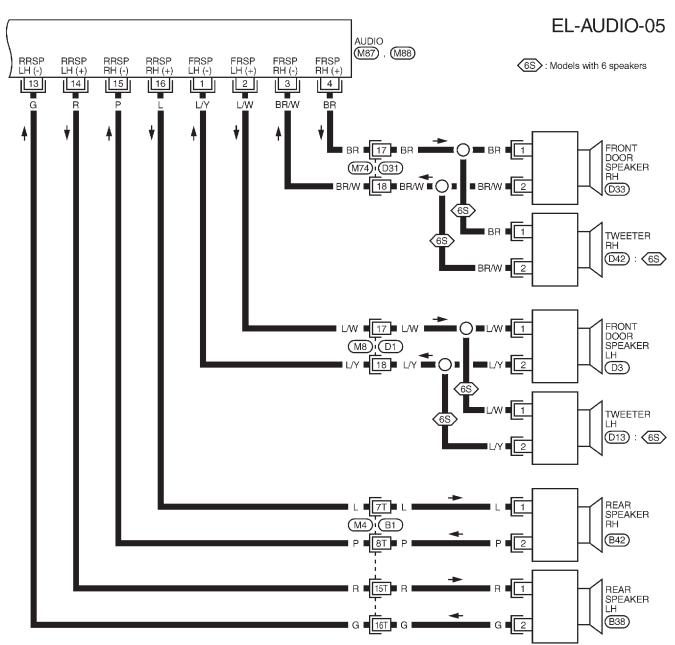
EL-AUDIO-03

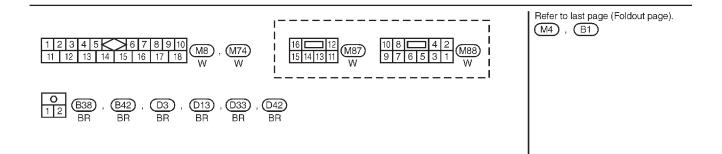


Wiring Diagram — AUDIO —/Base System









Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Radio is inoperative (no digital display and no sound from speakers).	 1. 10A fuse 2. Poor radio case ground 3. Radio 	 Check 10A fuse [No. 21], located in fuse block (J/B)]. Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (1) of radio. Check radio case ground. Remove radio for repair.
Radio presets are lost when ignition switch is turned OFF.	1. 15A fuse 2. Radio	 Check 15A fuse (No. 62), located in fuse and fusible link box). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (6) of radio. Remove radio for repair.
AM stations are weak or noisy (FM stations OK).	1. Antenna 2. Poor radio ground 3. Radio	 Check antenna. Check radio ground. Remove radio for repair.
FM stations are weak or noisy (AM stations OK).	1. Window antenna 2. Radio	 Check antenna. Remove radio for repair.
Radio generates noise in AM and FM modes with engine run- ning.	 Poor radio ground Loose or missing ground bonding straps Ignition condenser or rear window defogger noise sup- pressor condenser Alternator Ignition coil or secondary wiring Radio 	 Check radio ground. Check ground bonding straps. Replace ignition condenser or rear window defogger noise suppressor condenser. Check alternator. Check ignition coil and secondary wiring. Remove radio for repair.
Radio generates noise in AM and FM modes with accesso- ries on (switch pops and motor noise).	 Poor radio ground Antenna Accessory ground Faulty accessory 	 Check radio ground. Check antenna. Check accessory ground. Replace accessory.

BOSE SYSTEM

RADIO

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Radio controls are operational, but no sound is heard from any speaker.	1. 15A fuse	1. Check 15A fuse [No. 22], located in fuse block (J/B)]. Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal ③ of audio amp. relay.
	2. Audio amp. relay	2. Check audio amp. relay.
	3. Audio amp. relay ground	3. Check audio amp. relay ground (Terminal ②).
	4. Amp. ON signal	4. Turn ignition switch ACC and radio ON. Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal ① of audio amp. relay.
	5. Radio output	5. Check radio output voltage.
	6. Radio	6. Remove radio for repair.
Individual speaker is noisy or inoperative.	1. Speaker ground	1. Check speaker ground (Terminal ② : FR LH, ② : FR RH, ① : RR LH, ① : RR RH).
	2. Power supply	2. Check power supply for speaker.
	3. Radio output	3. Check radio output voltage for speaker.
	4. Speaker	4. Replace speaker.

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

BASE SYSTEM

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Individual speaker is noisy or inoperative.	3. Radio output	 Check speaker. Check harness between radio and speaker. Check radio output voltage for speaker. Remove radio for repair.

SPEAKER INSPECTION (For base system)

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness connector.
- 2. Measure the resistance between front and rear speaker terminals (1) and (2) or terminals (1) and (2) of tweeter (for 6-speaker type).
- The resistance should be 2 to 4Ω .
- Using jumper wires, momentarily connect a 9V battery between front and rear speaker terminals (1) and (2).
- A momentary hum or pop should be heard.

ANTENNA INSPECTION

- 1. Using a jumper wire, clip an auxiliary ground between antenna and body.
- If reception improves, check antenna ground (at body surface).
- If reception does not improve, check main feeder cable for short circuit or open circuit.

RADIO INSPECTION

All voltage inspections are made with:

- Ignition switch ON or ACC
- Radio ON
- Radio and speakers connected (If radio or speaker is removed for inspection, supply a ground to the case using a jumper wire.)

System Description

Power is supplied at all times

• through 7.5A fuse [No. 40, located in the fuse block (J/B)]

• to power antenna timer and motor terminal ③.

- With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied
- through 10A fuse [No. 21], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to audio terminal 🛈.

Ground is supplied to the power antenna timer and motor terminal (6) through body grounds (15) and (19). When the radio is turned to the ON position, battery voltage is supplied

- through audio terminal (5)
- to power antenna timer and motor terminal (4).

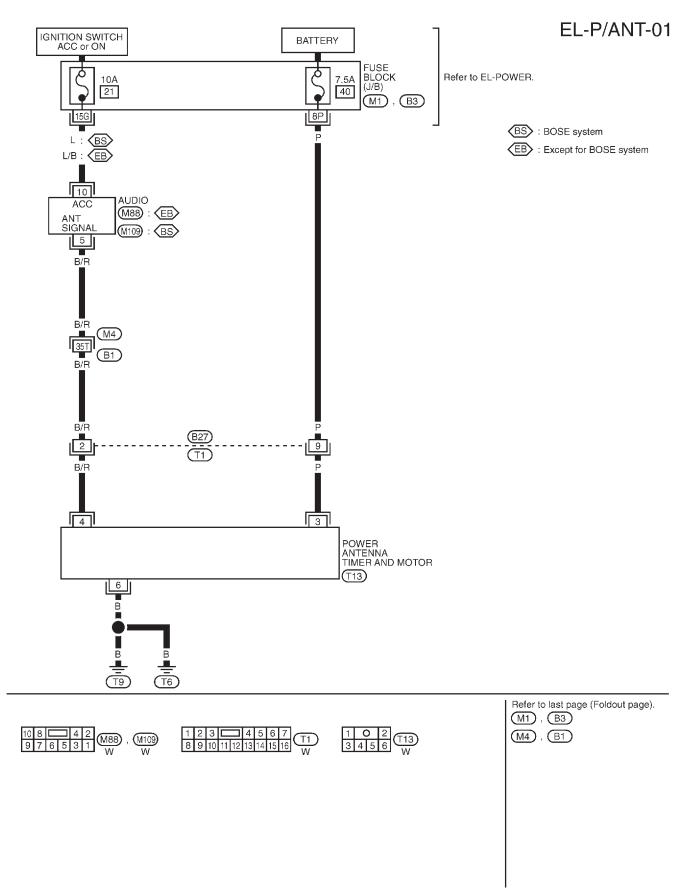
The antenna rises and is held in the extended position.

When the audio is turned to the OFF position, battery voltage is interrupted

- from audio terminal (5)
- to power antenna terminal (4).

The antenna retracts.

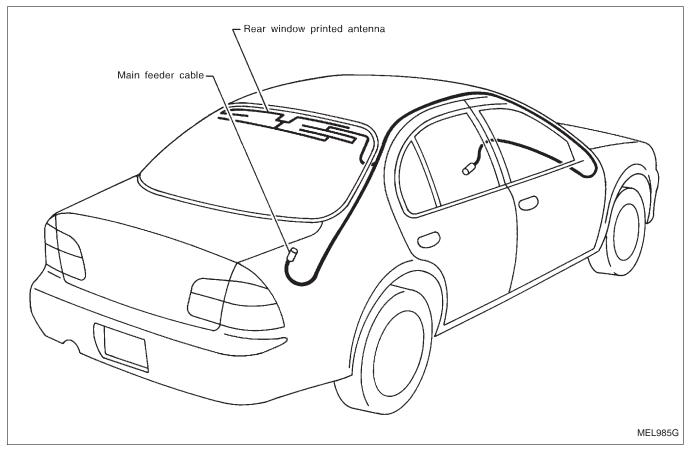


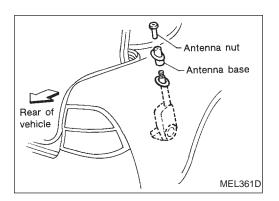


Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Power antenna does not oper- ate.	 7.5A fuse Radio signal 	 Check 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in fuse block (J/B)]. Verify that battery positive voltage is present at terminal 3 of power antenna. Turn ignition switch and radio ON. Verify that battery positive
	3. Grounds (T6) and (T9)	voltage is present at terminal ④ of power antenna. 3. Check grounds (T6) and (T9).

Location of Antenna



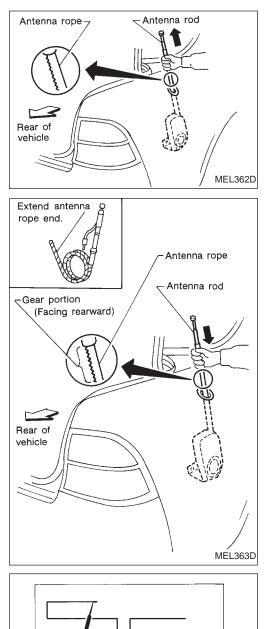


Antenna Rod Replacement

REMOVAL

1. Remove antenna nut and antenna base.

Antenna Rod Replacement (Cont'd)



Ohmmeter

SEL250I

2. Withdraw antenna rod while raising it by operating antenna motor.

INSTALLATION

- 1. Lower antenna rod by operating antenna motor.
- 2. Insert gear section of antenna rope into place with it facing toward antenna motor.
- 3. As soon as antenna rope is wound on antenna motor, stop antenna motor. Insert antenna rod lower end into antenna motor pipe.
- 4. Retract antenna rod completely by operating antenna motor.
- 5. Install antenna nut and base.

Window Antenna Repair

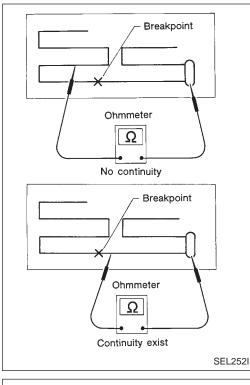
ELEMENT CHECK

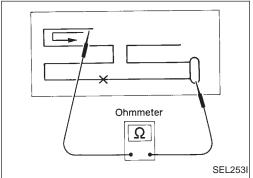
1. Attach probe circuit tester (in ohm range) to antenna terminal on each side.

AUDIO ANTENNA

Window Antenna Repair (Cont'd)

2. If an element is broken, no continuity will exist.



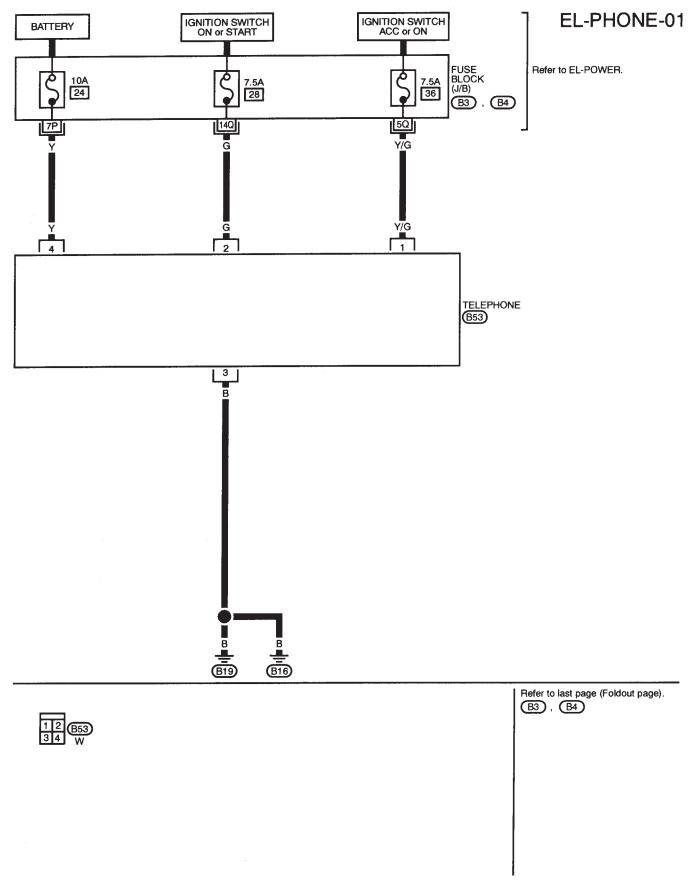


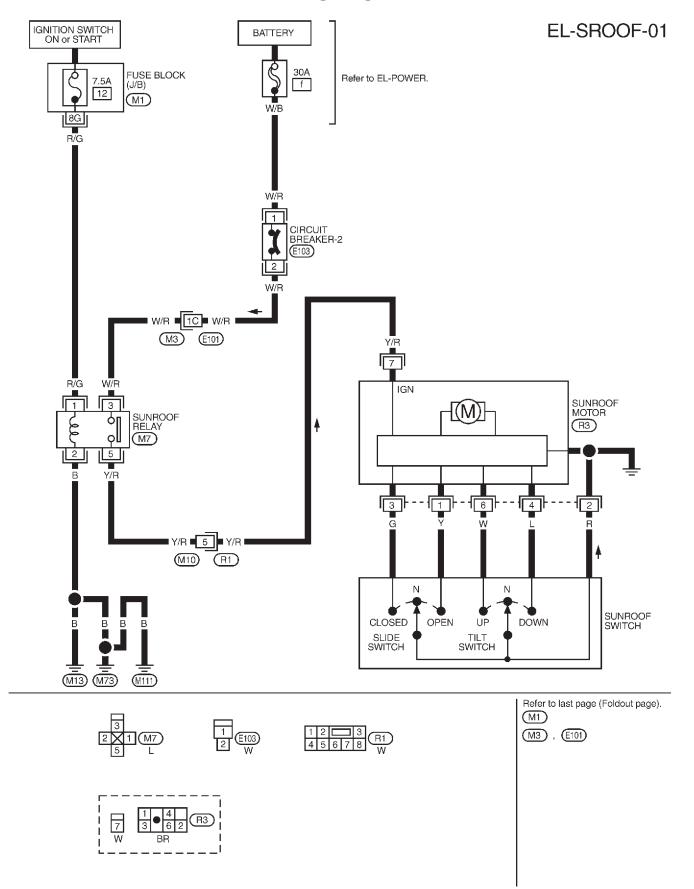
3. To locate broken point, move probe along element. Tester needle will swing abruptly when probe passes the point.

ELEMENT REPAIR

Refer to "Filament Repair", "REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER" (EL-118).

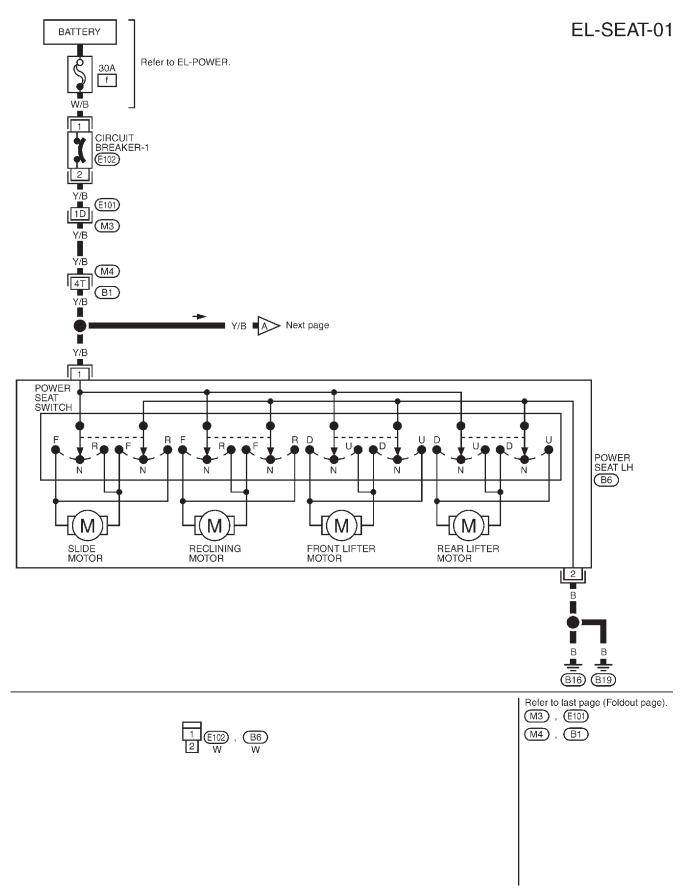






Wiring Diagram — SROOF —

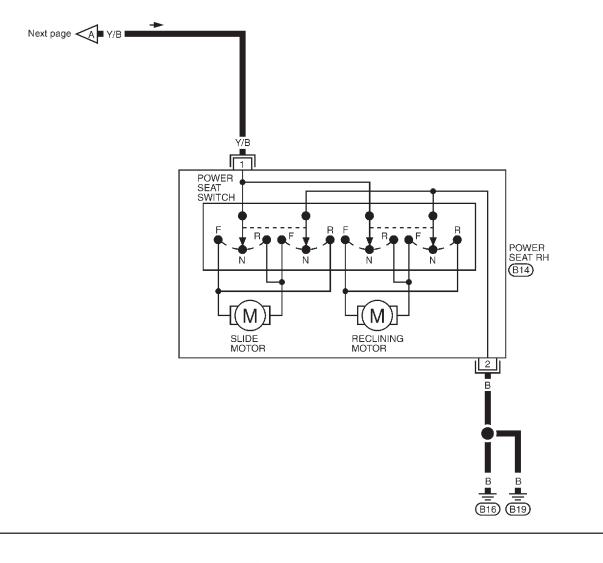
Wiring Diagram — SEAT —



POWER SEAT

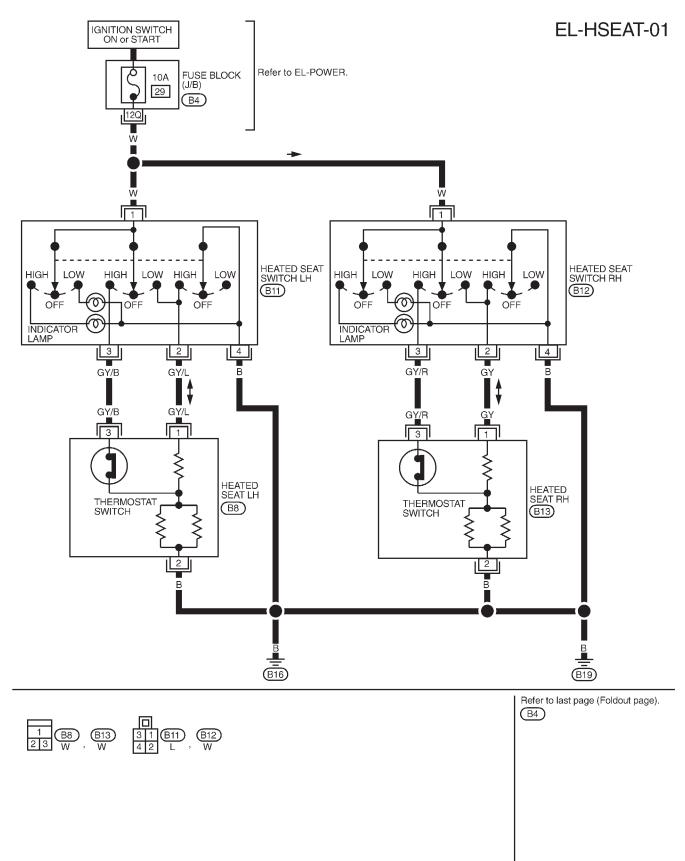
Wiring Diagram — SEAT — (Cont'd)

EL-SEAT-02

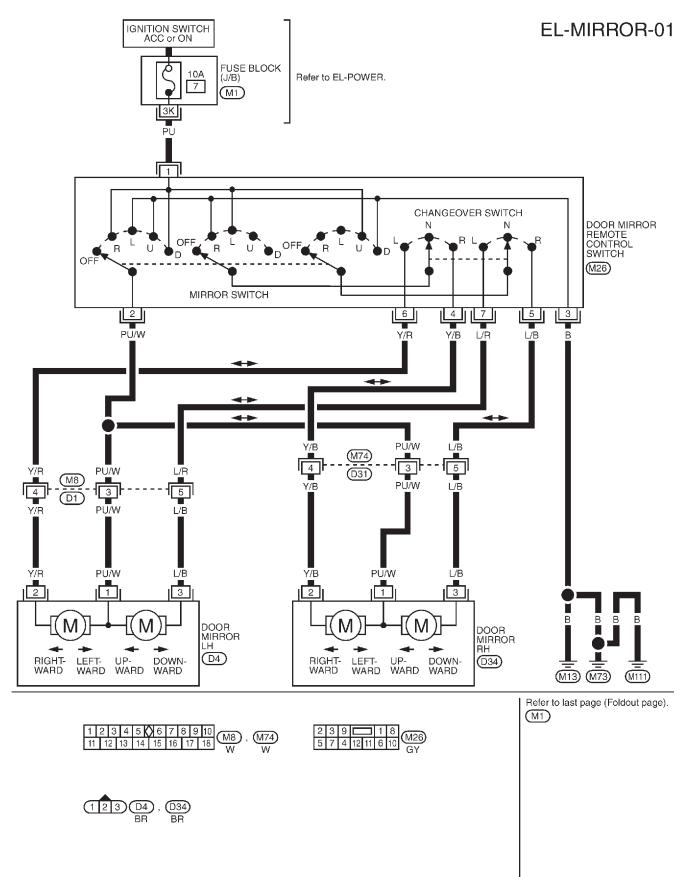




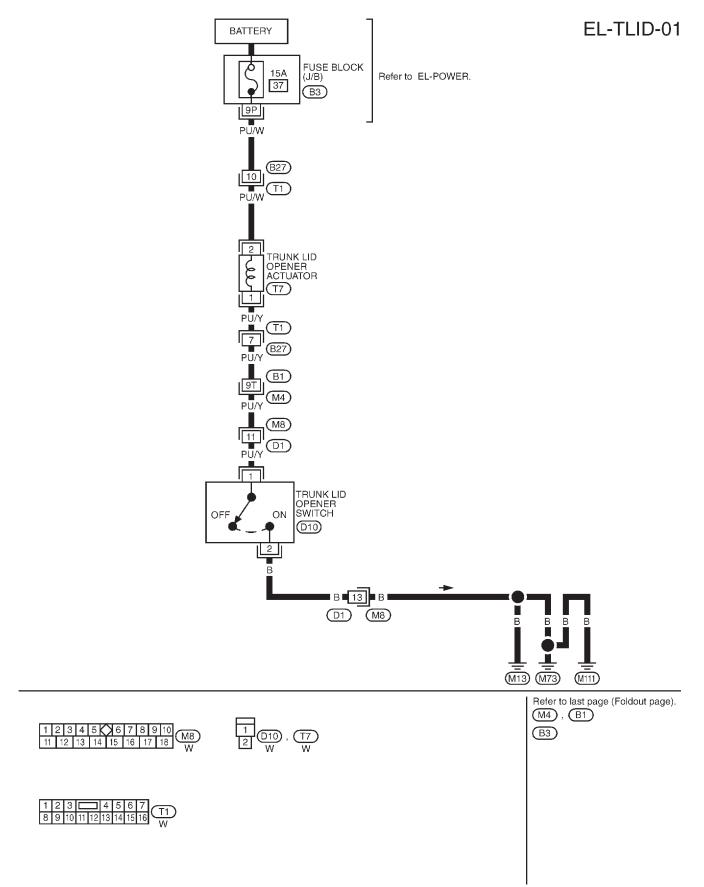
Wiring Diagram — HSEAT —



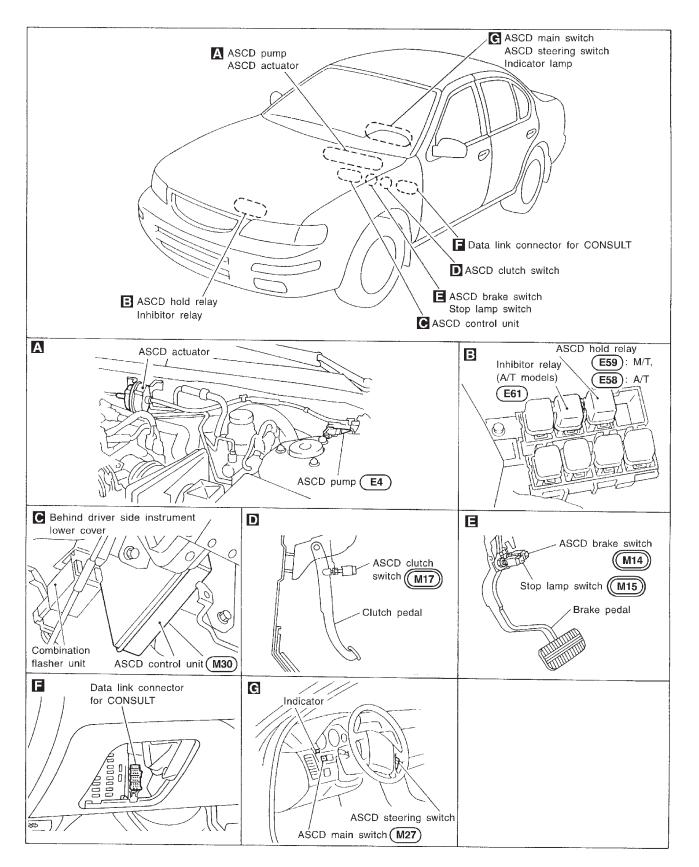
Wiring Diagram — MIRROR —



Wiring Diagram — TLID —



Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



EL-140

System Description

Refer to Owner's Manual for ASCD operating instructions.

POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND

When ignition switch is in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 12, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to ASCD hold relay terminal (5) and
- to ASCD main switch terminal ①.
- When ASCD main switch is in the ON position, power is supplied
- from ASCD main switch terminal ③
- to ASCD hold relay terminal ①.
- Ground is supplied
- to ASCD hold relay terminal ②
- through body grounds (E5) and (E30).
- With power and ground is supplied, ASCD hold relay is energized. And then power is supplied
- from ASCD hold relay terminal ③
- to ASCD control unit terminal ④ and
- to ASCD main switch terminal 2.

After the ASCD main switch is released, power remains supplied

- to the coil circuit of ASCD hold relay
- through ASCD main switch terminals (2) and (3).
- This power supply is kept until one of following conditions exists.
- Ignition switch is returned to the ACC or OFF position.
- ASCD main switch is turned to OFF position.
- During ASCD hold relay is energized power is also supplied to ASCD control unit terminal (5)
- through ASCD clutch switch and ASCD brake switch (M/T models) or
- through ASCD brake switch, ASCD hold relay and inhibitor relay (A/T models).
- Ground is supplied
- to ASCD control unit terminal ③
- through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M11).

Inputs

At this point, the system is ready to activate or deactivate, based on inputs from the following:

- speedometer in the combination meter
- stop lamp switch
- ASCD steering switch
- inhibitor relay (A/T models)
- ASCD clutch switch (M/T models) and
- ASCD brake switch.
- A vehicle speed input is supplied
- from terminal 2 of the combination meter
- to ASCD control unit terminal ⑦.
- Power is supplied at all times
- to stop lamp switch terminal ①
- through 15A fuse [No. 10, located in the fuse block (J/B)].
- When the brake pedal is depressed, power is supplied
- from terminal ② of the stop lamp switch
- to ASCD control unit terminal (1).
- Power is supplied at all times
- through 10A fuse (No. 64, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to horn relay terminal 2,
- through terminal ① of the horn relay
- to ASCD steering switch terminal ①.

When the SET/COAST switch is depressed, power is supplied

- from terminal ② of the ASCD steering switch
- to ASCD control unit terminal 2.

When the RESUME/ACCEL switch is depressed, power is supplied

- from terminal ③ of the ASCD steering switch
- to ASCD control unit terminal ①.

When the ASCD CANCEL switch is depressed, power is supplied

• to ASCD control unit terminals ① and ②.

System Description (Cont'd)

When the system is activated, power is supplied

- to ASCD control unit terminal (5) and
- Power is interrupted when
- the selector is placed in P or N (A/T models)
- the clutch pedal is depressed (M/T models) or
- the brake pedal is depressed.

Outputs

The ASCD actuator controls the throttle drum via the ASCD wire based on inputs from the ASCD control unit. The ASCD actuator consists of a vacuum motor, an air valve, and a release valve. Power is supplied

- from terminal (8) of the ASCD control unit
- to ASCD pump terminal ①.
- Ground is supplied to the vacuum motor
- from terminal (9) of the ASCD control unit
- to ASCD pump terminal ④.
- Ground is supplied to the air valve
- from terminal (1) of the ASCD control unit
- to ASCD pump terminal 2.
- Ground is supplied to the release valve
- from terminal (1) of the ASCD control unit
- to ASCD pump terminal (3).

When the system is activated, power is supplied

- from terminal (1) of the ASCD control unit
- to combination meter terminal (8) and
- to TCM (Transmission control module) terminal ③ (A/T models). Ground is supplied
- to combination meter terminal (7)
- through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M11).

With power and ground supplied, the CRUISE indicator illuminates.

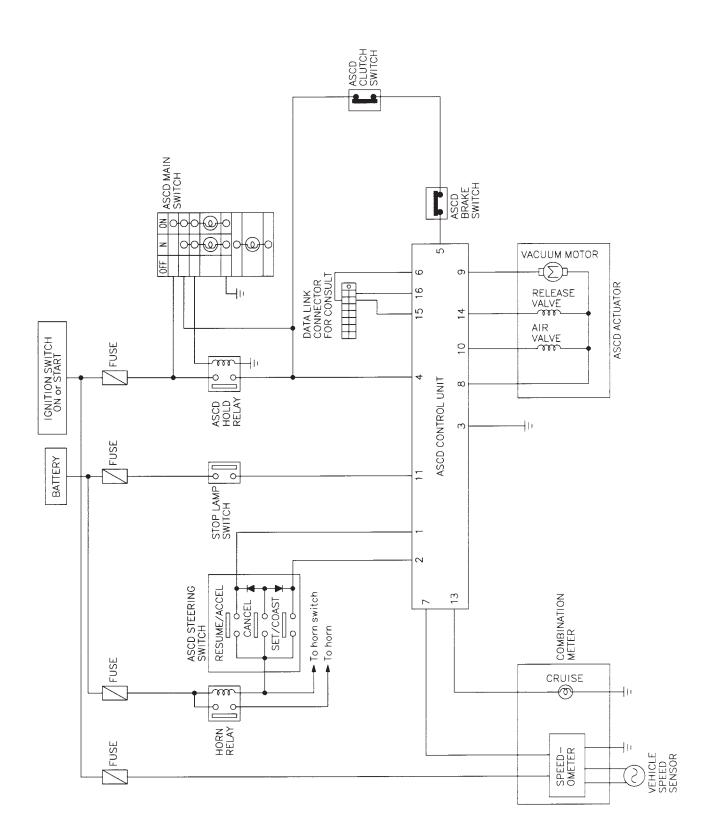
When vehicle speed is approximately 8 km/h (5 MPH) below set speed on A/T models, a signal is sent

- from terminal 1 of the ASCD control unit
- to TCM (Transmission control module) terminal 4.

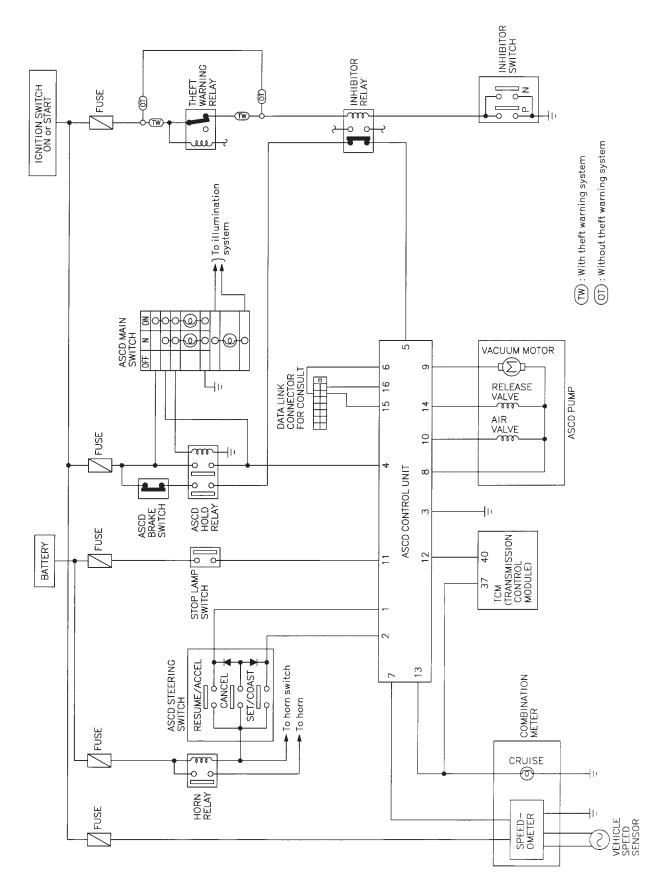
When this occurs, the TCM (Transmission control module) cancels overdrive.

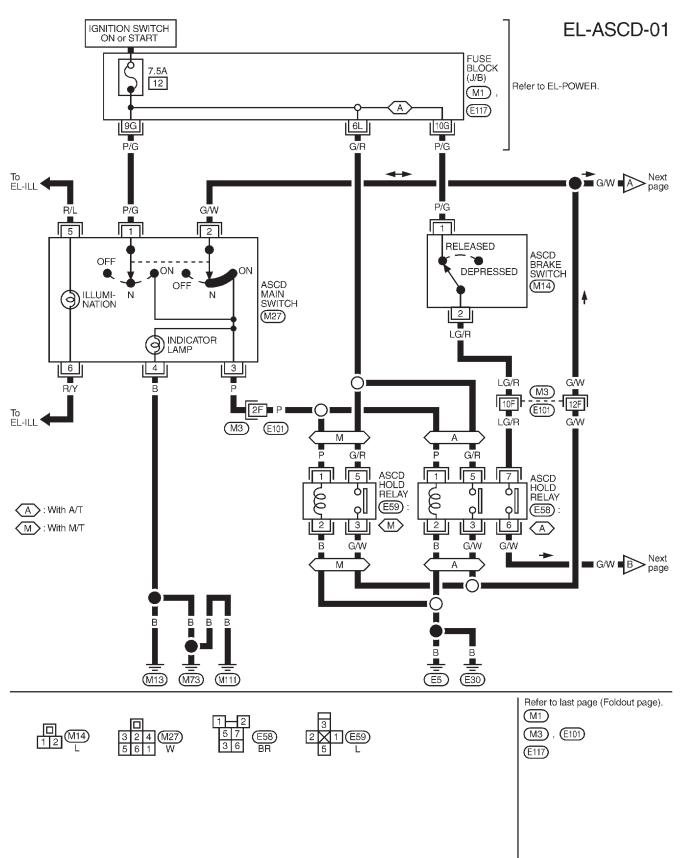
After vehicle speed is approximately 3 km/h (2 MPH) above set speed, overdrive is reactivated.

Schematic/M/T Models

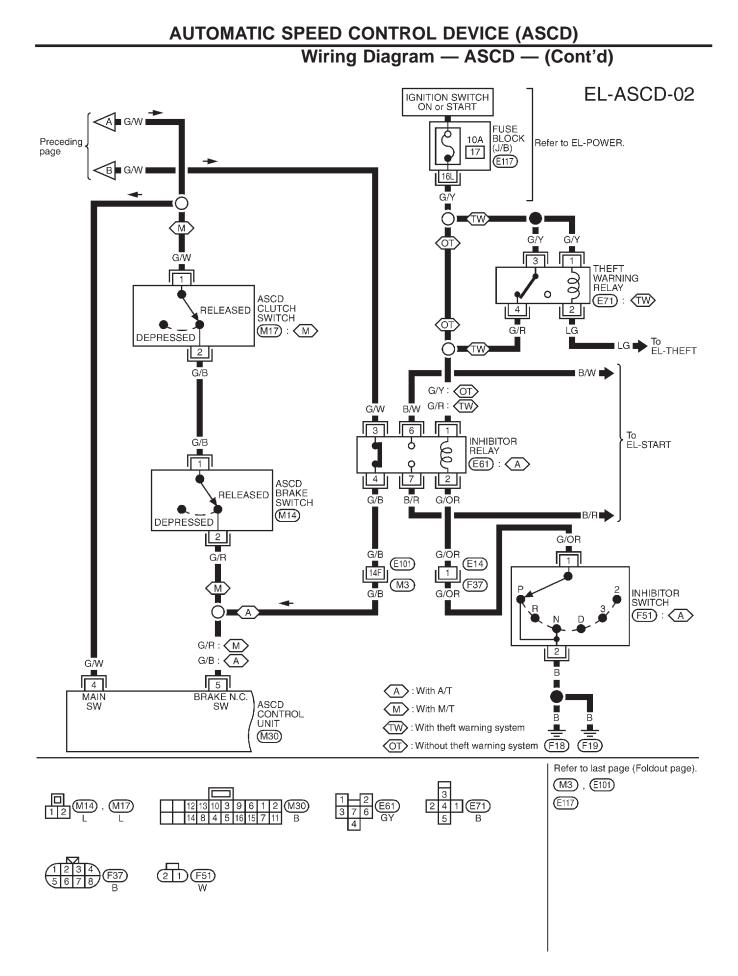


Schematic/A/T Models

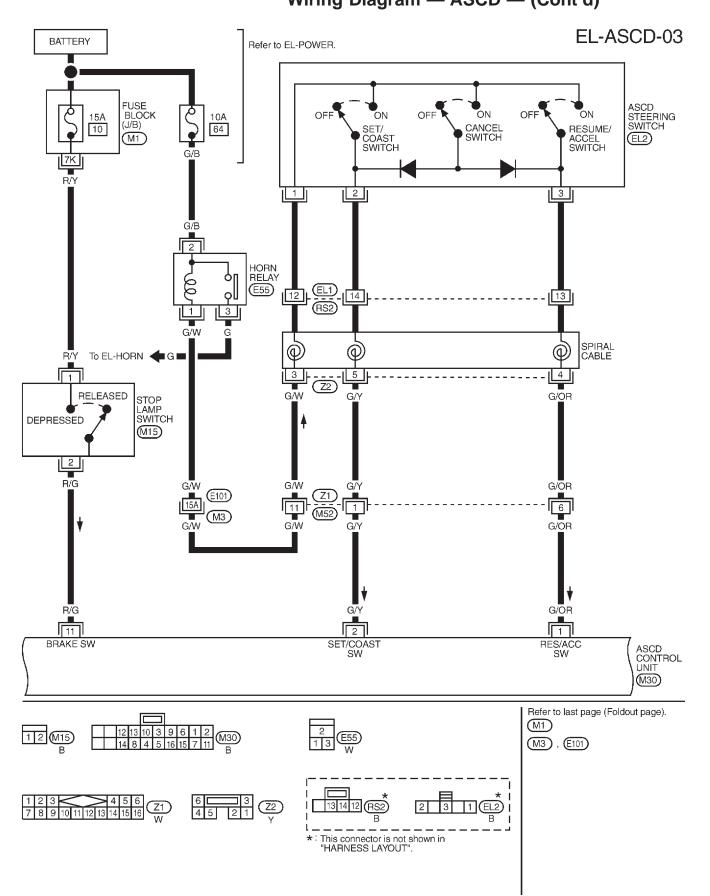




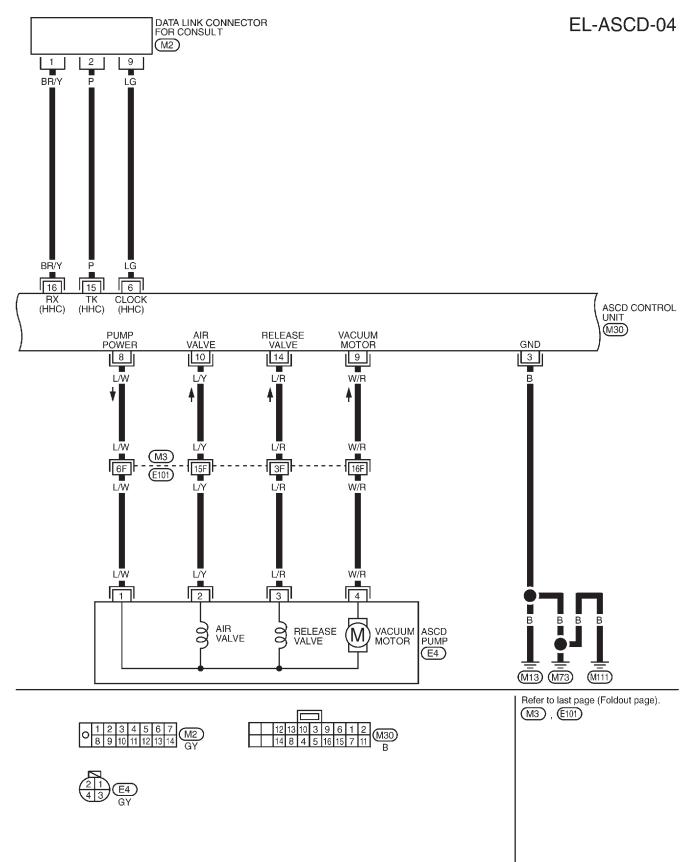
Wiring Diagram — ASCD —

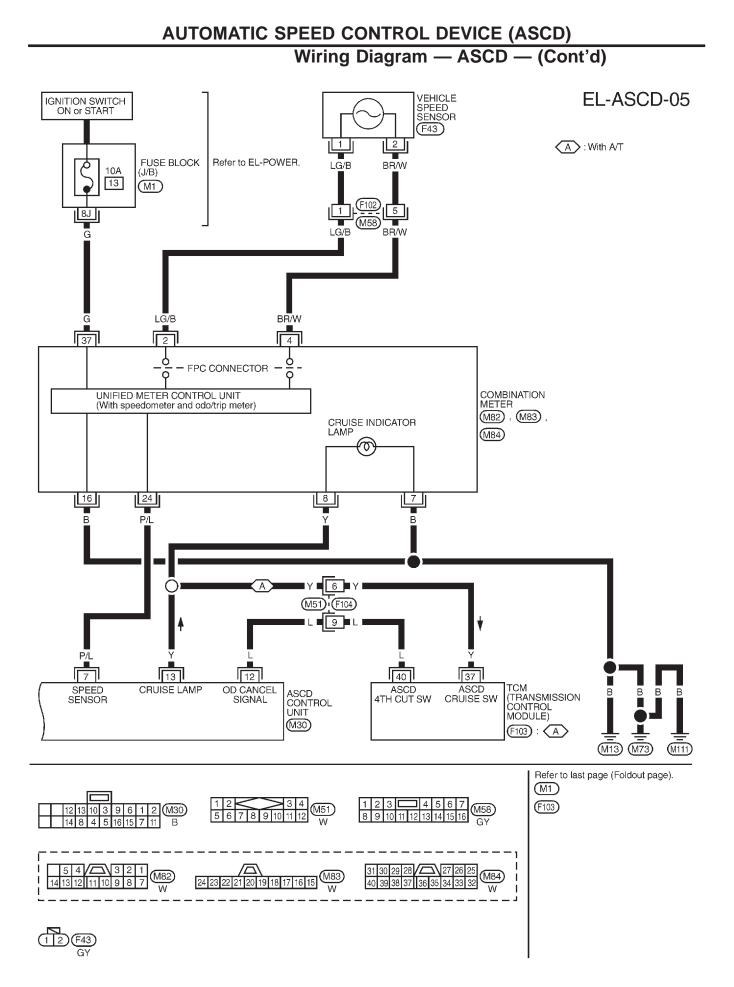


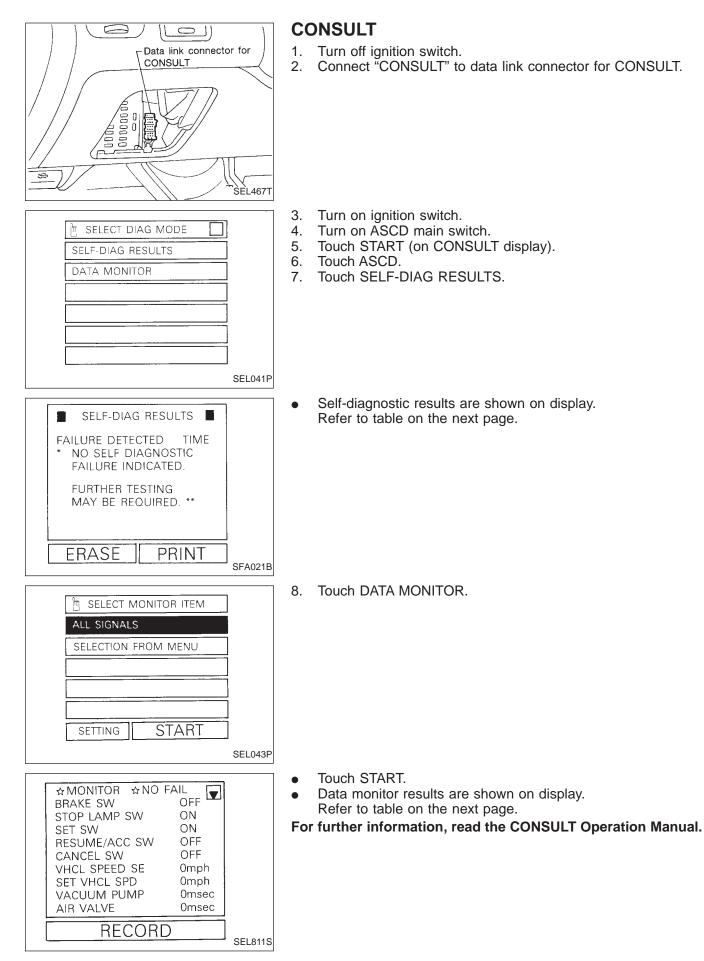
AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD) Wiring Diagram — ASCD — (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram — ASCD — (Cont'd)







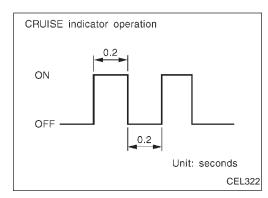
AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD) CONSULT (Cont'd)

SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS

Diagnostic item	Description	Repair/Check order
* NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.**	 Even if no self diagnostic failure is indicated, further testing may be required as far as the customer complains. 	_
POWER SUPPLY-VALVE	 The power supply circuit for the ASCD pump is open. (An abnormally high voltage is entered.) 	Diagnostic procedure 7 (EL-160)
VACUUM PUMP	• The vacuum pump circuit is open or shorted. (An abnormally high or low voltage is entered.	Diagnostic procedure 7 (EL-160)
AIR VALVE	 The air valve circuit is open or shorted. (An abnormally high or low voltage is entered.) 	Diagnostic procedure 7 (EL-160)
RELEASE VALVE	• The release valve circuit is open or shorted. (An abnormally high or low voltage is entered.)	Diagnostic procedure 7 (EL-160)
VHCL SP·S/FAILSAFE	• The vehicle speed sensor or the fail-safe circuit is malfunc- tioning.	Diagnostic procedure 6 (EL-159)
CONTROL UNIT	The ASCD control unit is malfunctioning.	Replace ASCD control unit.
BRAKE SW/STOP/L SW	 The brake switch or stop lamp switch is malfunctioning. 	Diagnostic procedure 4 (EL-157)

DATA MONITOR

Monitored item	Description
BRAKE SW	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the brake switch circuit.
STOP LAMP SW	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the stop lamp switch circuit.
SET SW	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the set switch circuit.
RESUME/ACC SW	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the resume/accelerate switch circuit.
CANCEL SW	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the cancel circuit.
VHCL SPEED SE	• The present vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed sensor signal is displayed.
SET VHCL SPD	The preset vehicle speed is displayed.
VACUUM PUMP	The operation time of the vacuum pump is displayed.
AIR VALVE	The operation time of the air valve is displayed.
PW SUP-VALVE	• Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the circuit for the air valve and the release valve.
CRUISE LAMP	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the cruise lamp circuit.
A/T·OD CANCEL	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the OD cancel circuit.
FAIL SAFE-LOW	The fail-safe (LOW) circuit function is displayed.
FAIL SAFE-SPD	The fail-safe (SPEED) circuit function is displayed.



Fail-safe System

When the fail-safe system senses a malfunction, it deactivates ASCD operation. The CRUISE indicator in the combination meter will then flash.

MALFUNCTION DETECTION CONDITIONS

Detection conditions	ASCD operation during malfunction detection
 ASCD steering (RESUME/ACCEL, CANCEL, SET/COAST) switch is stuck. Vacuum motor ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Air valve ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Release valve ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Vehicle speed sensor is faulty. ASCD control unit internal circuit is malfunctioning. 	 ASCD is deactivated. Vehicle speed memory is canceled.
ASCD brake switch or stop lamp switch is faulty.	 ASCD is deactivated. Vehicle speed memory is not canceled.



- 1. Turn ignition switch to ON position.
- 2. Turn ASCD main switch to ON and check if the "CRUISE indicator" blinks.

If the indicator lamp blinks, check the following.

- ASCD steering switch. Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5" (EL-158).
- SET/COAST switch "ON"

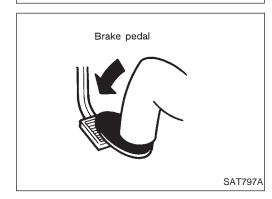
SEL174V

CRUISE

3. Drive the vehicle at more than 48 km/h (30 MPH) and push SET/COAST switch.

If the indicator lamp blinks, check the following.

- Vehicle speed sensor. Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 6" (EL-159).
- ASCD pump circuit. Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 7" (EL-160).
- Replace control unit.



- 4. Depress brake pedal slowly (brake pedal should be depressed more than 5 seconds).
 - If the indicator lamp blinks, check the following.
- ASCD brake/stop lamp switch. Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE 4" (EL-157).
- 5. END. (System is OK.)

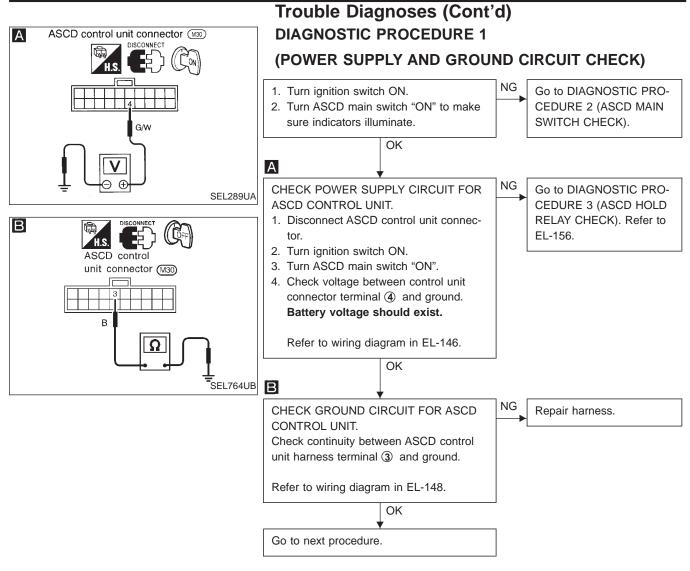
Trouble Diagnoses

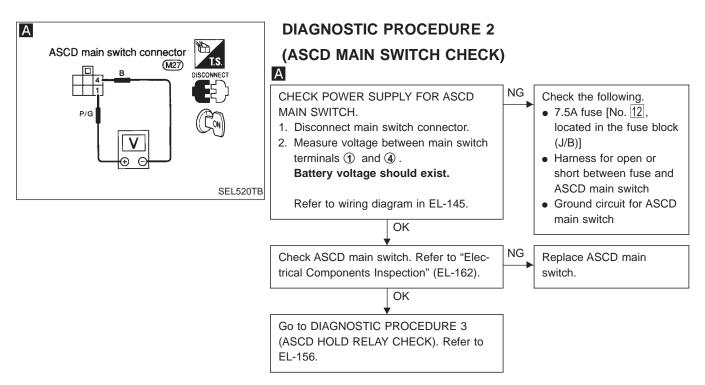
SYMPTOM CHART

PROCEDURE				Diagnostic procedure						
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-150	EL-153	EL-155	EL-155	EL-156	EL-157	EL-158	EL-159	EL-160	EL-161
SYMPTOM	Self-diagnosis in CONSULT	FAIL-SAFE SYSTEM CHECK	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 (POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2 (ASCD MAIN SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3 (ASCD HOLD RELAY CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4 (ASCD BRAKE/STOP LAMP SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5 (ASCD STEERING SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 6 (VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 7 (ASCD PUMP CIRCUIT CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 8 (ASCD ACTUATOR/PUMP CHECK)
ASCD cannot be set. ("CRUISE" indicator lamp does not blink.)	Х		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х		
ASCD cannot be set. ("CRUISE" indicator lamp blinks.★1)	х	х				Х	х	х	х	
Vehicle speed does not decrease after SET/COAST switch has been pressed.	х						х			x
Vehicle speed does not return to the set speed after RESUME/ACCEL switch has been pressed.★2	х						х			х
Vehicle speed does not increase after RESUME/ACCEL switch has been pressed.	х						Х			х
System is not released after CAN- CEL switch (steering) has been pressed.	х						х			x
Large difference between set speed and actual vehicle speed.	Х									х
Deceleration is greatest immediately after ASCD has been set.	Х									х

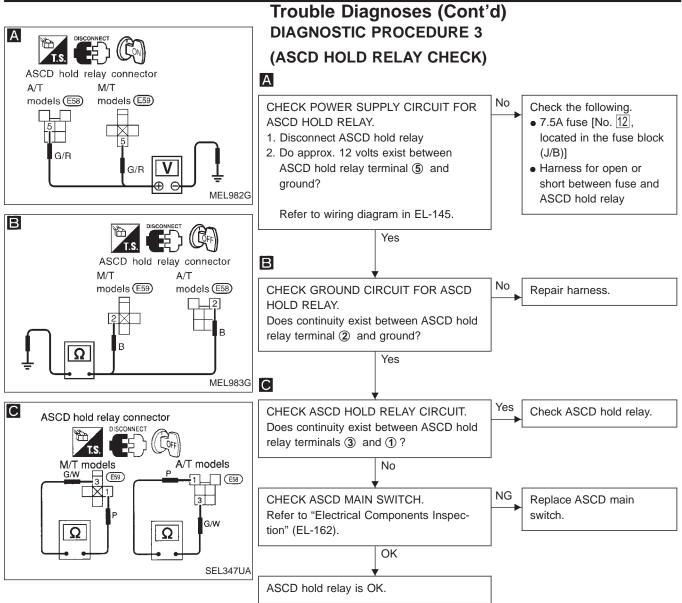
★1: It indicates that system is in fail-safe. After completing diagnostic procedures, perform "Fail-safe System Check" (EL-153) to verify repairs.

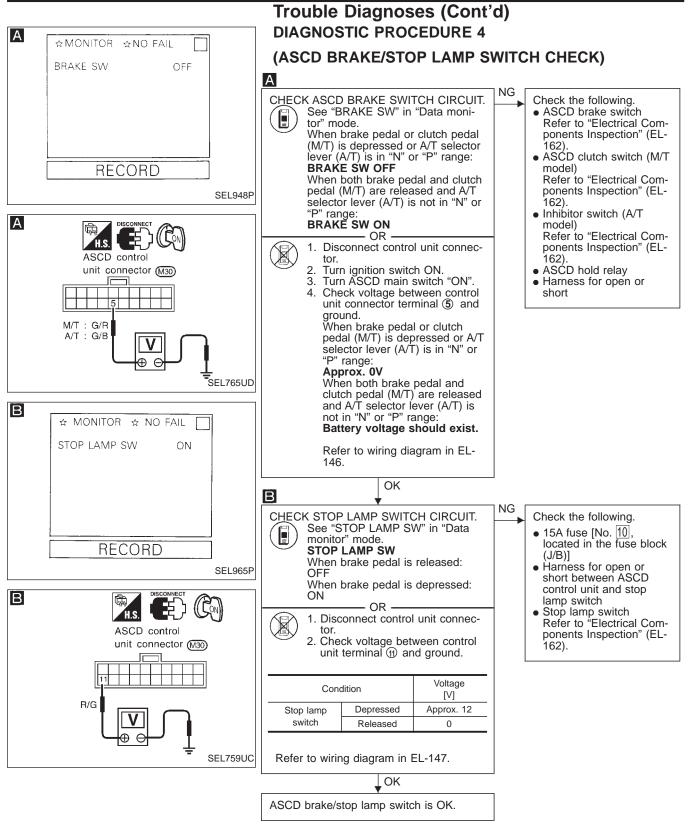
★2: If vehicle speed is greater than 48 km/h (30 MPH) after system has been released, pressing RESUME/ACCEL switch returns vehicle speed to the set speed previously achieved. However, doing so when the ASCD main switch is turned to "OFF", vehicle speed will not return to the set speed since the memory is canceled.

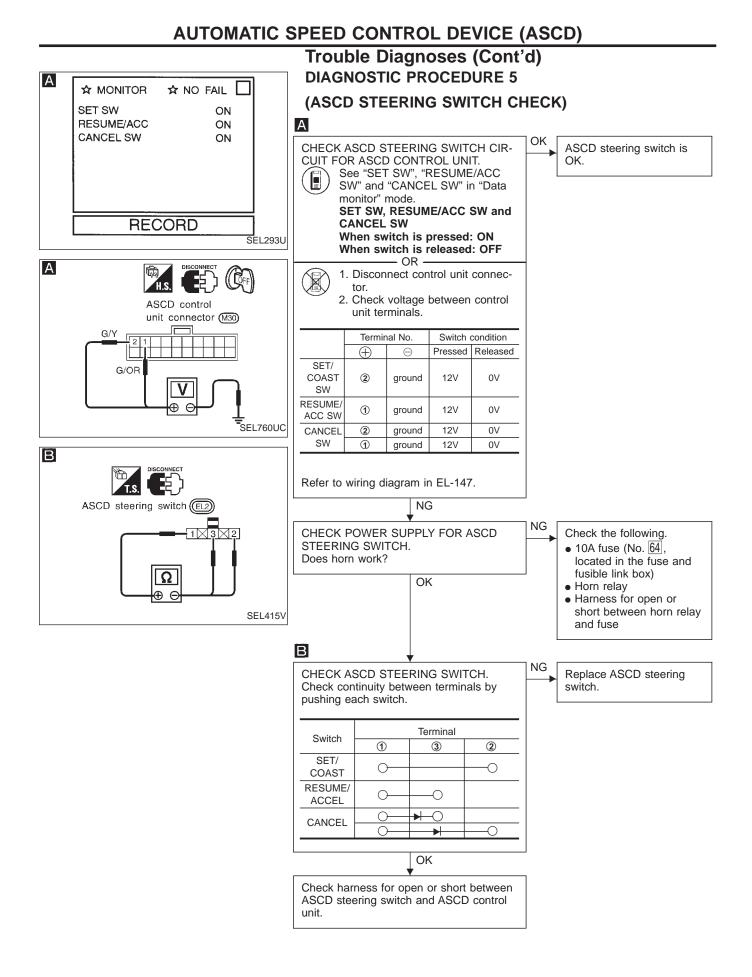


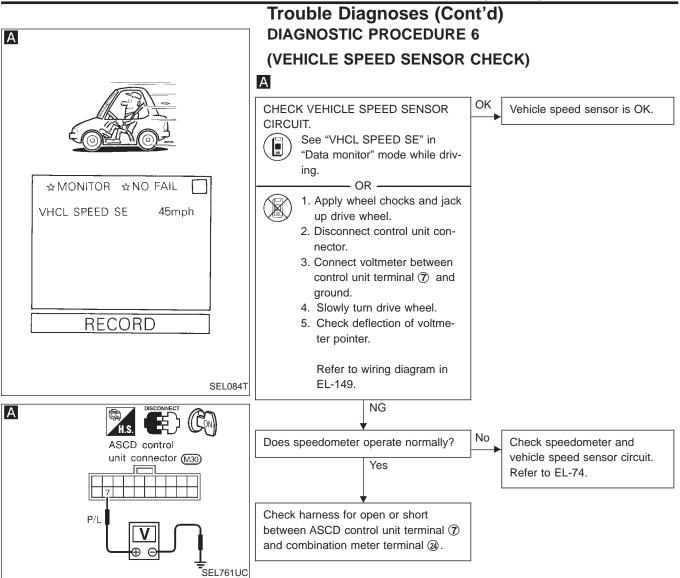


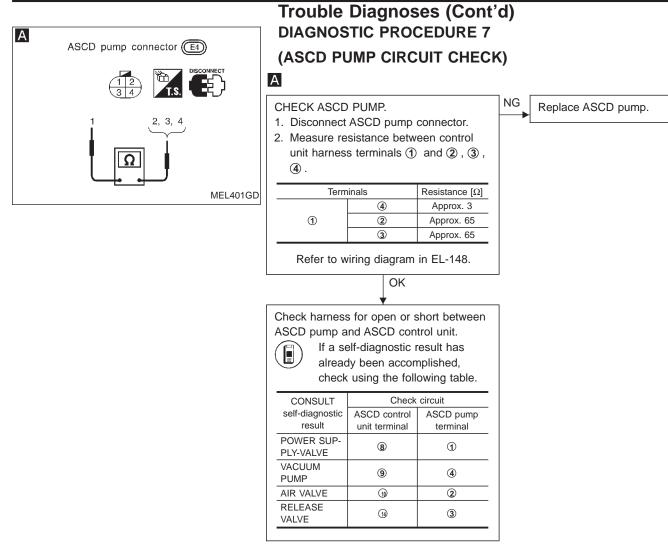


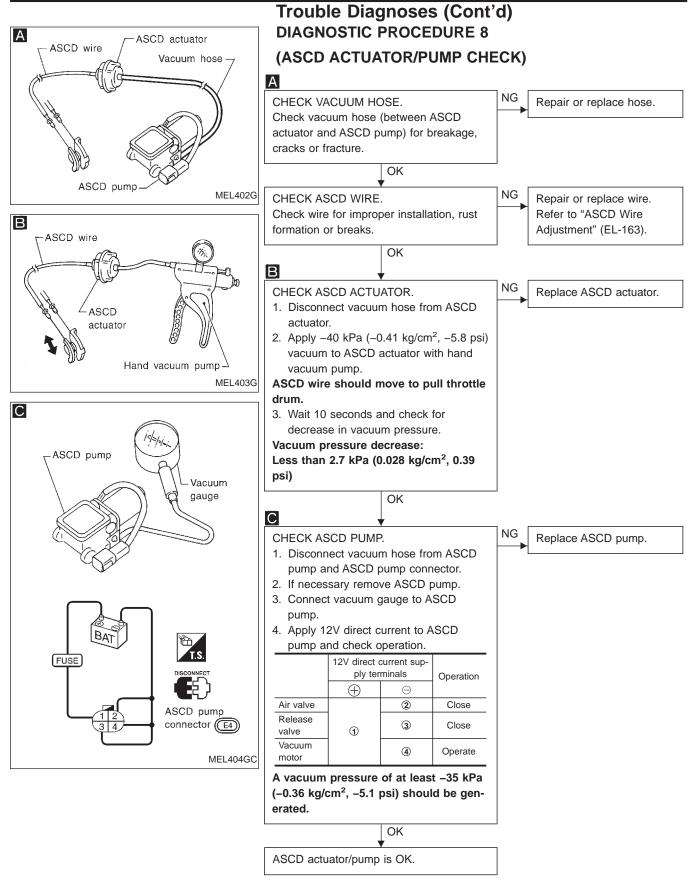


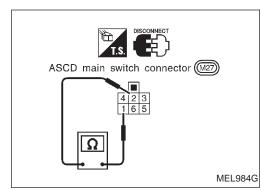


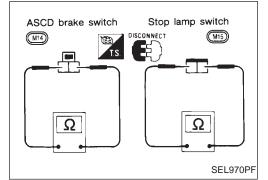














ASCD MAIN SWITCH

Check continuity between terminals by pushing switch to each position.

Switch position			Term	inals		
Switch position	1	2	3	4	5	6
ON	0	-0-	-0-	—0	− ILL.	
N		\bigcirc	-0-	-0		
OFF						

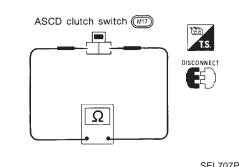
ASCD BRAKE SWITCH AND STOP LAMP SWITCH

	Continuity			
Condition	ASCD brake switch	Stop lamp switch		
When brake pedal is depressed	No	Yes		
When brake pedal is released	Yes	No		

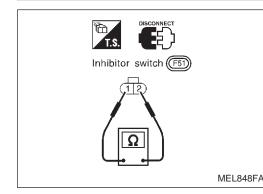
Check each switch after adjusting brake pedal — refer to BR section.

ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH (For M/T models)

Condition	Continuity
When clutch pedal is depressed	No
When clutch pedal is released	Yes



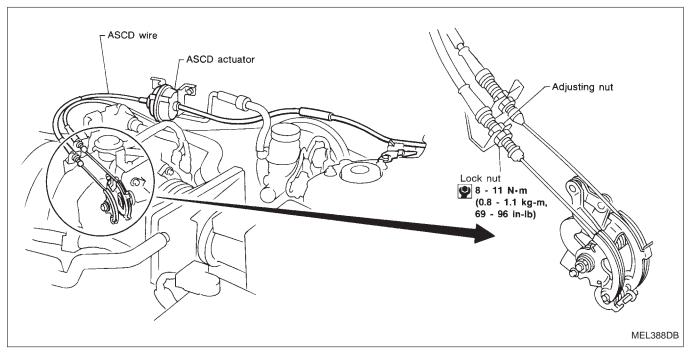
SEL707PC



INHIBITOR SWITCH (For A/T models)

Shift lover position	Continuity
Shift lever position	Between terminals ① and ②
"P"	Yes
"N"	Yes
Except "P" and "N"	No

ASCD Wire Adjustment



CAUTION:

Be careful not to twist ASCD wire when removing it.
Do not tense ASCD wire excessively during adjustment.

Adjust the tension of ASCD wire in the following manner.

- 1. Loosen lock nut and adjusting nut.
- 2. Make sure that accelerator wire is properly adjusted. (Refer to FE section, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM".)
- 3. Tighten adjusting nut until throttle drum just starts to move.
- 4. Loosen adjusting nut again 1/2 to 1 turn.
- 5. Tighten lock nut.

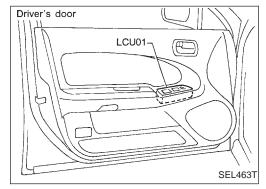
Overall Description

OUTLINE

The In-Vehicle Multiplexing System, IVMS (LAN system), consists of a BCM (Body Control Module) and five LCUs (Local Control Units). Some switches and electrical loads are connected to each LCU. Some electrical systems are directly connected to the BCM. Control of each LCU, (which is provided by a switch and electrical load), is accomplished by the BCM, via multiplex data lines (A-1, A-2) connected between them.

BCM (Body Control Module)

The BCM, which is a master unit of the IVMS (LAN), consists of microprocessor, memory and communication LSI sections and has communication and control functions. It receives data signals from the LCUs and sends electrical load data signals to them.



LCU (Local Control Unit)

The LCUs, which are slave units of the BCM, have only a communication function and consist of communication LSI and input-output interface circuits. They receive data signals from the BCM, control the ON/OFF operations of electrical loads and the sleep operation, as well as send switch signals to the BCM.

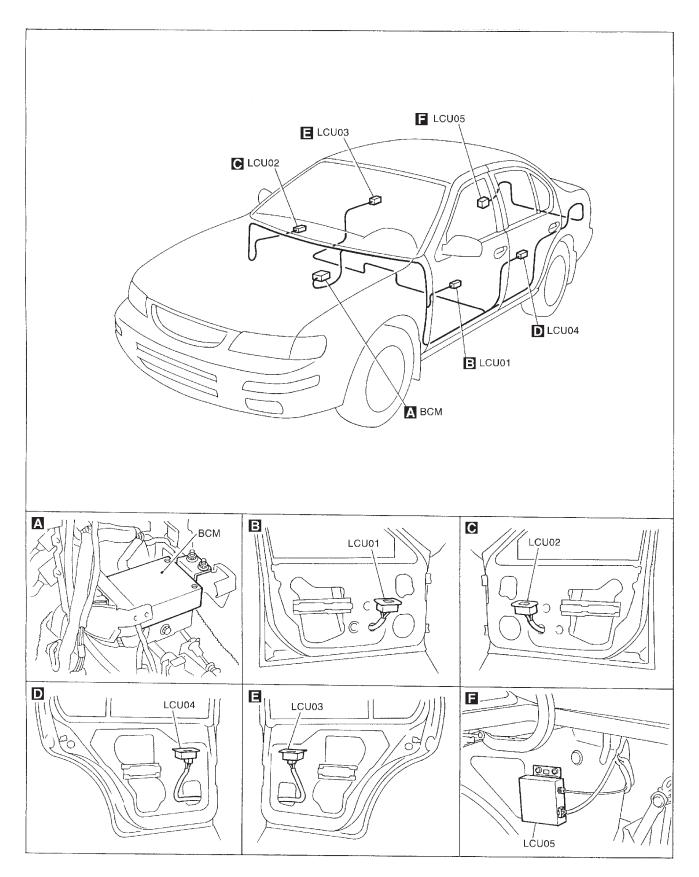
CONTROLLED SYSTEMS

The IVMS controls several body-electrical systems. The systems included in the IVMS are as follows:

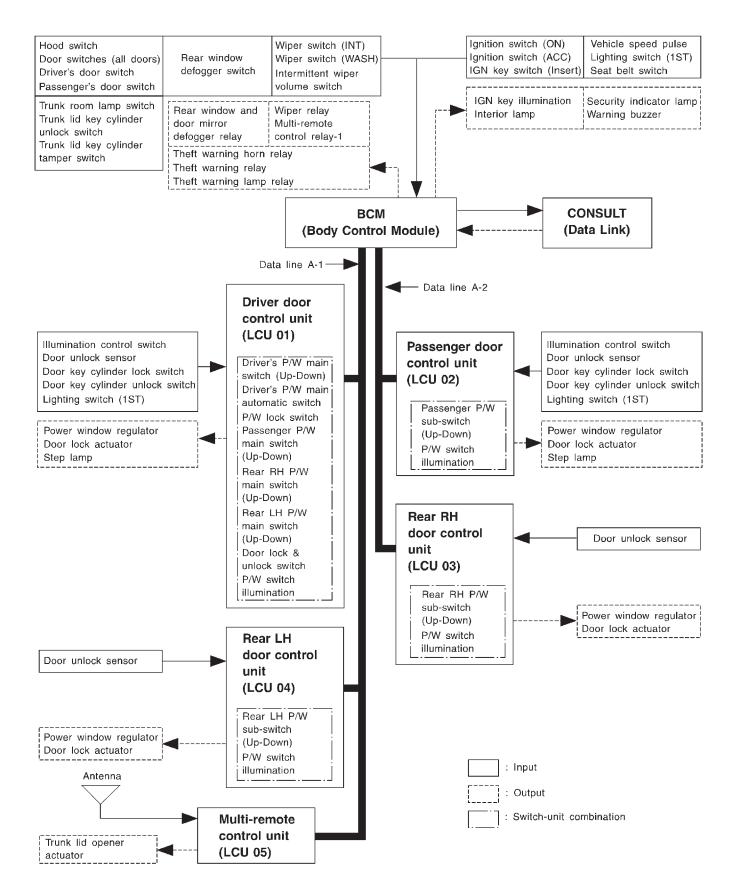
- Power window
- Power door lock
- Multi-remote control system
- Theft warning system
- Interior lamp (ON-OFF control)
- Step lamp
- Illumination (Power window switch illumination)
- Ignition key warning (Refer to "WARNING BUZZER".)
- Light warning (Refer to "WARNING BUZZER".)
- Seat belt warning (Refer to "WARNING BUZZER".)
- Wiper amp. (Refer to "WIPER AND WASHER".)
- Rear window defogger timer (Refer to "REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER".)
- Trouble-diagnosing system
- with CONSULT
 - ON-BOARD

Also, IVMS has the "sleep/wake-up control" function. IVMS puts itself (the whole IVMS system) to sleep under certain conditions to prevent unnecessary power consumption. Then, when a certain input is detected, the system wakes itself up. For more detailed information, refer to "Sleep/Wake-up Control".

Component Parts Location

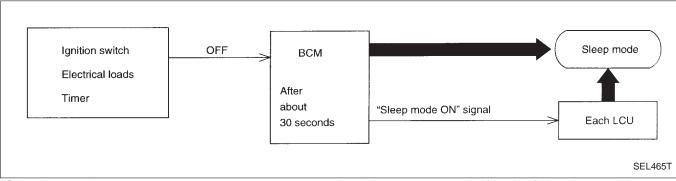


System Diagram



Sleep/Wake-up Control

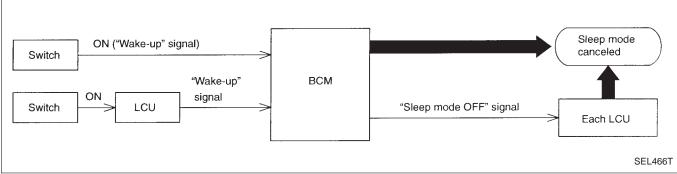
SLEEP CONTROL



"Sleep" control prevents unnecessary power consumption. About 30 seconds after the following conditions are met, the BCM suspends the communication between itself and all LCUs. The whole IVMS system is set in the "sleep" mode.

- Ignition switch "OFF"
- All electrical loads (in the IVMS) "OFF" (except the security indicator lamp)
- Timer "OFF"

WAKE-UP CONTROL



As shown above, when the BCM detects a "wake-up" signal, it wakes up the whole system and starts communicating again. The "sleep" mode of all LCUs is now canceled, and the BCM returns to the normal control mode. When any one of the following switches are turned ON, the "sleep" mode is canceled:

- Ignition key switch (Insert)*
- Ignition switch "ACC" or "ON"
- Lighting switch (1st)
- Door switches (all doors)
- Trunk room lamp switch
- Hood switch
- Trunk lid key cylinder switch (Unlock/Tamper)
- Multi-remote controller
- All switches combined or connected with door LCU
- * Also, when key is pulled out of ignition (ignition key switch is turned from ON to OFF), the "sleep" mode is canceled.

Fail-safe System

Fail-safe system operates when the signal from LCU is judged to be malfunctioning by BCM. If LCU sends no signal or an abnormal signal to BCM a certain number of times in succession, the IVMS is set in a fail-safe condition. In the fail-safe condition, no electrical loads on the questionable LCU will operate.

EL-167

CONSULT

DIAGNOSTIC ITEMS APPLICATION

		MODE					
Test item	Diagnosed system	IVMS COMM DIAGNOSIS	WAKE-UP DIAGNOSIS	SELF-DIAG- NOSTIC RESULTS	DATA MONI- TOR	ACTIVE TEST	
IVMS-COMM CHECK	IVMS communication and wake-up function	х	Х				
POWER WINDOW	Power window				Х	Х	
DOOR LOCK	Power door lock			Х	Х	Х	
MULTI-REMOTE CONT SYS	Multi-remote control				Х	х	
THEFT WARNING SYS- TEM	Theft warning system				Х	X	
ROOM LAMP TIMER	Interior lamp control				Х	Х	
STEP LAMP	Step lamps				Х	Х	
ILLUM LAMP	Illumination				Х	Х	
IGN KEY WARN ALM	Warning buzzer				Х	Х	
LIGHT WARN ALM	Warning buzzer				Х	Х	
SEAT BELT TIMER	Warning buzzer				Х	Х	
WIPER	Wiper and washer				Х	Х	
REAR DEFOGGER	Rear window defogger				Х	Х	

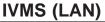
X: Applicable

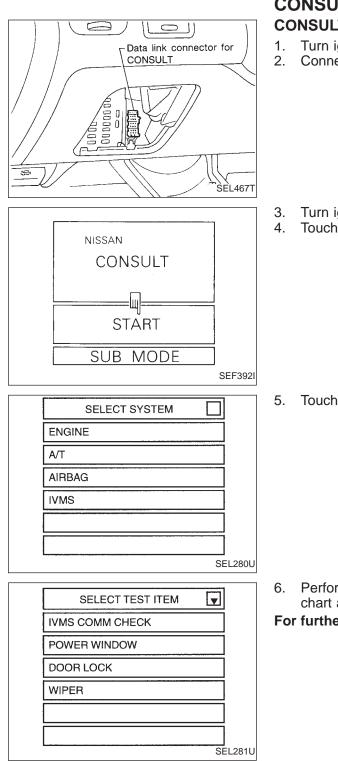
For diagnostic item in each control system, read the CONSULT Operation Manual.

DIAGNOSTIC ITEMS DESCRIPTION

MODE	Description
IVMS COMM DIAGNOSIS	Diagnosis of continuity in the communication line(s), and of the function of the communi- cation interface between the body control module and the local control units, accom- plished by transmitting a signal from the body control module to the local control units.
WAKE-UP DIAGNOSIS	Diagnosis of the "wake-up" function of local control units by having a technician input the switch data into the local control unit that is in the temporary "sleep" condition.
SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS	_
DATA MONITOR	Displays data relative to the body control module (BCM) input signals and various control related data for each system.
ACTIVE TEST	Turns on/off actuators, relay and lamps according to the commands transmitted by the CONSULT unit.

NOTE: When CONSULT diagnosis is operating, some systems under IVMS control do not operate.





CONSULT (Cont'd) **CONSULT INSPECTION PROCEDURE**

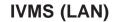
- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Connect "CONSULT" to the data link connector.

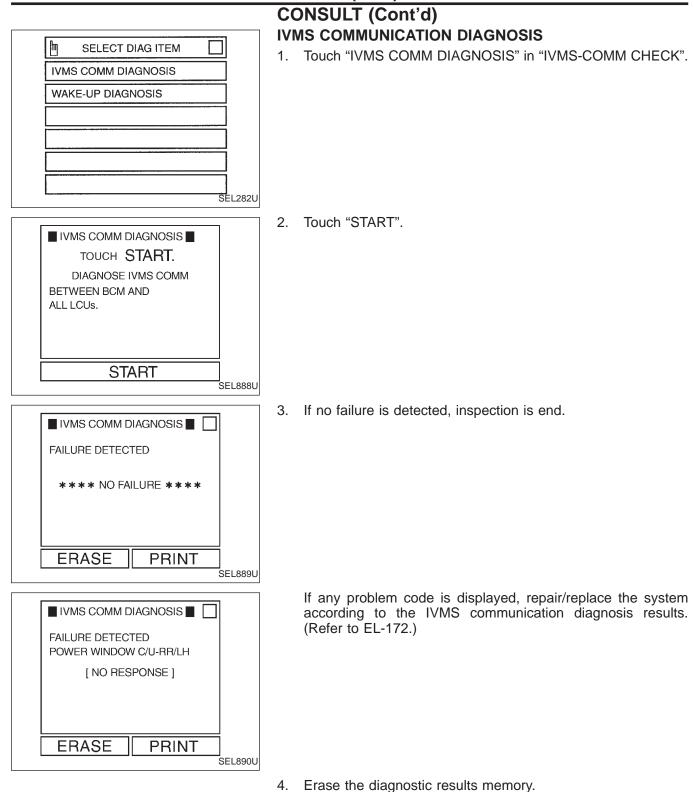
3. Turn ignition switch "ON". 4. Touch "START".

5. Touch "IVMS".

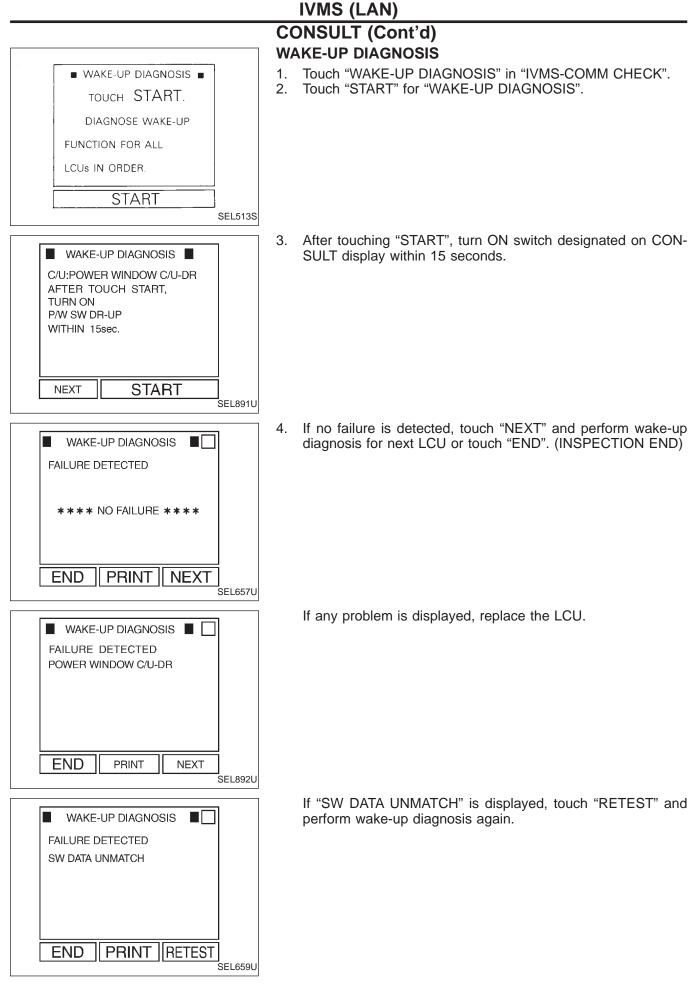
6. Perform each diagnostic item according to the item application chart as shown in EL-168.

For further information, read the CONSULT Operation Manual.





- Turn ignition switch "ON". a.
- Touch "IVMS". b.
- Touch "IVMS COMM DIAGNOSIS" in "IVMS-COMM CHECK". c.
- d. Touch "START" for "IVMS COMM DIAGNOSIS".
- e. Touch "ERASE".



CONSULT (Cont'd) IVMS COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSES RESULTS LIST-1

Diagnostic item	Number of malfunc- tioning LCU	CONSULT diagnosis result	On-board diagnosis (Mode 1) code No.	Expected cause	Service procedure	
IVMS system is in good order	_	NO FAILURE	11	_	_	
		Power Window C/U-dr [Comm Fail]	24			
		POWER WINDOW C/U-AS [COMM FAIL]	34			
	One	Power Window C/U-rr [Comm Fail]	41	1. Malfunctioning LCU	1. Replace LCU.*	
		POWER WINDOW C/U-RL [COMM FAIL]	44			
		MULTI-REMOTE [COMM FAIL]	54			
Communication mal- functioning	Two or more	Combination of POWER WINDOW C/U-DR [COMM FAIL] POWER WINDOW C/U-AS [COMM FAIL] POWER WINDOW C/U-RR [COMM FAIL] POWER WINDOW C/U-RL [COMM FAIL] MULTI-REMOTE [COMM FAIL]	Combination of 24 34 41 44 54	1. Malfunctioning LCU	1. Replace LCU.*	
	All	BCM [COMM FAIL] BCM [COMM FAIL 2]	24, 34, 41, 44 and 54	 Malfunctioning BCM Malfunctioning all LCUs 	1. Replace BCM.* 2. Replace all LCUs.*	

*: Before replacing BCM/LCU, clear the memory of diagnoses result and perform communication diagnoses again. If the diagnoses result is still NG, replace BCM/LCU.

NOTE: When CONSULT indicates [PAST COMM FAIL] or [PAST NO RESPONSE], erase the memory and perform communication diagnoses again.

To erase the memory, perform the procedure below.

Erase the memory by CONSULT (refer to EL-170) or turn the ignition to "OFF" position and remove 7.5A fuse (No. 56), located in the fuse and fusible link box).

CONSULT (Cont'd) **IVMS COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSES RESULTS LIST-2**

Diagnostic item	Number of malfunc- tioning LCU	CONSULT diagnosis result	On-board diagnosis (Mode 1) code No.	Expected cause	Service procedure (Reference page)		
		POWER WINDOW C/U-DR [NO RESPONSE]	25	1. Power supply cir- cuit for LCU	1. Check power supply circuit of the LCU in ques- tion. (EL-184)		
		POWER WINDOW C/U-AS [NO RESPONSE]	35	2. Poor connection at LCU connec- tor.	2. Check connector connection of LCU in question.		
	One	POWER WINDOW C/U-RR [NO RESPONSE]	42	3. Ground circuit of the LCU	 Check ground circuit of the LCU in question. (EL- 185) Check open circuit 		
		POWER WINDOW C/U-RL [NO RESPONSE]	45	 Open circuit in the data line Malfunctioning 	4. Check open cir- cuit in the data line between BCM and LCU in		
		MULTI-REMOTE [NO RESPONSE]	55	LCU	question. (EL- 186) 5. Replace LCU.*		
Communication via data line not responded	Two or more	Combination of POWER WINDOW C/U-DR [NO RESPONSE] POWER WINDOW C/U-AS [NO RESPONSE] POWER WINDOW C/U-RR [NO RESPONSE] POWER WINDOW C/U-RL [NO RESPONSE] MULTI-REMOTE [NO RESPONSE]	Combination of 25 35 42 45 55	Combination of causes below 1. Power supply cir- cuit for LCU 2. Poor connection at LCU connector 3. Open circuit in the data line	 Check power supply circuit of the LCU in ques- tion. (EL-184) Check connector connection of LCU in question. Check open cir- cuit in the data line between BCM and LCU in question. (EL- 186) 		
	All	BCM/HARNESS [COMM LINE]	25, 35, 42, 45 and 55	 Short circuit in the data line Poor connection at BCM connec- tor Open circuit in the data line between BCM and all LCUs. Malfunctioning BCM Short circuit in the data line of LCU internal cir- cuit 	 Short circuit in the data line between BCM and any LCU. (EL-186) Check connector connection of BCM. Check open cir- cuit in the data line between BCM and all LCUs. (EL-186) Replace BCM.* Disconnect each LCUs one by one to check whether the other LCUs operate properly. 		

*: Before replacing BCM/LCU, clear the memory of diagnoses result and perform communication diagnoses again. If the diagnoses result is still NG, replace BCM/LCU.

NOTE: When CONSULT indicates [PAST COMM FAIL] or [PAST NO RESPONSE], erase the memory and perform communication diagnoses again.

To erase the memory, perform the procedure below. Erase the memory by CONSULT (refer to EL-170) or turn the ignition to "OFF" position and remove 7.5A fuse (No. <u>56</u>, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

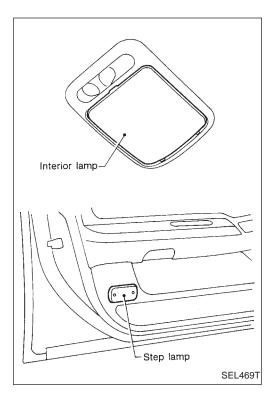
CONSULT (Cont'd) **IVMS COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSES RESULTS LIST-3**

Diagnostic item	Number of malfunc- tioning LCU	CONSULT diagnosis result	On-board diagnosis (Mode 1) code No.	Expected cause	Service procedure
Sleep control of LCU is malfunction- ing	One	POWER WINDOW C/U-DR [SLEEP] POWER WINDOW C/U-AS [SLEEP] POWER WINDOW C/U-RR [SLEEP] POWER WINDOW C/U-RL [SLEEP] MULTI-REMOTE [SLEEP]		1. Malfunctioning LCU	1. Replace LCU.
	Two or more	Combination of above results	_	1. Malfunctioning LCU	1. Replace LCU.
		All of above results	_	 Malfunctioning BCM Malfunctioning all LCUs 	 Replace BCM.* Replace all LCUs.

*: Before replacing BCM/LCU, clear the memory of diagnoses result and perform communication diagnoses again. If the diagnoses result is still NG, replace BCM/LCU.

NOTE: When CONSULT indicates [PAST COMM FAIL] or [PAST NO RESPONSE], erase the memory and perform communication diagnoses again.

To erase the memory, perform the procedure below. Erase the memory by CONSULT (refer to EL-170) or turn the ignition to "OFF" position and remove 7.5A fuse (No. 56), located in the fuse and fusible link box).



On-board Diagnosis

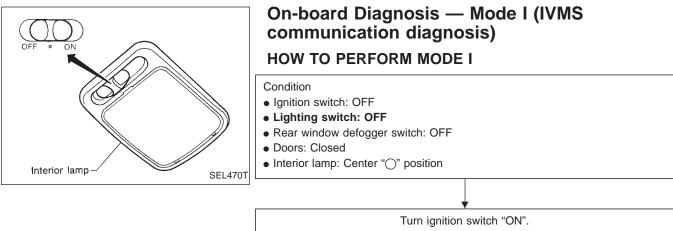
ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS INDICATOR LAMP

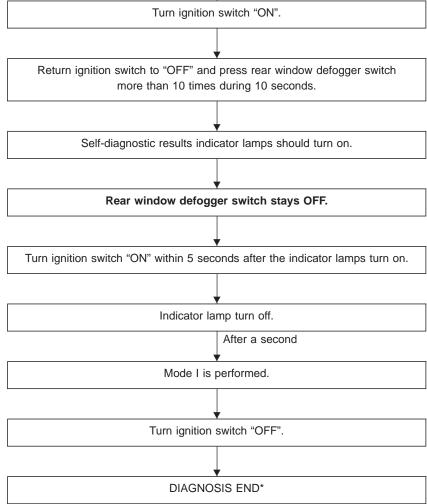
The interior lamp and step lamps (front seats) act as the indicators for the on-board diagnosis. These lamps blink simultaneously in response to diagnostic results.

Mode		Refer page	
Mode I	IVMS commu- nication diag- nosis	Diagnosing any abnormality or inability of communication between BCM and LCUs (DATA LINES A-1 and A-2).	EL-176
Mode II	Switch monitor	Monitoring conditions of switches connected to BCM and LCUs.	EL-178
Mode III	Power door lock self-diag- nosis	_	EL-222
Mode IV	Power window operation	Operation of driver side win- dow	EL-205

NOTE: • When ON-BOARD diagnosis is operating, some systems under IVMS control do not operate.

• The step lamp of malfunctioning LCU does not blink.



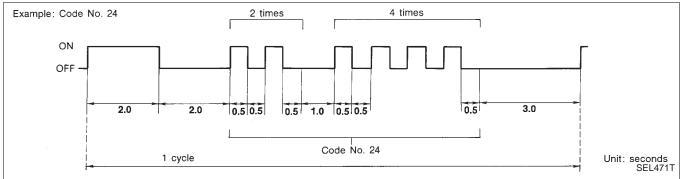


*: Diagnosis ends after self-diagnostic results have been indicated for 10 minutes if left unattended.

On-board Diagnosis — Mode I (IVMS communication diagnosis) (Cont'd)

DESCRIPTION

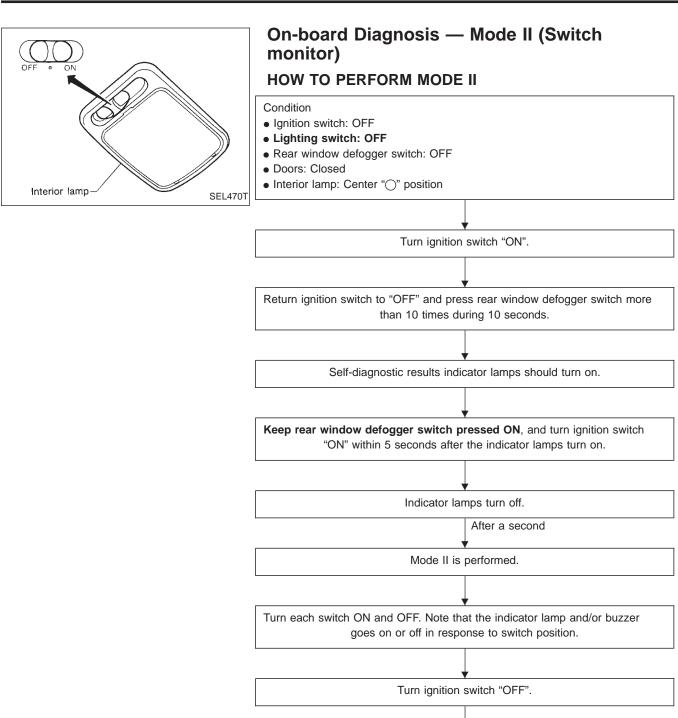
In this mode, a malfunction code is indicated by the number of flashes from the front map lamps and step lamps as shown below:



After indicator lamp turns on for 2 seconds then off for 2 seconds, it flashes [cycling ON (0.5 sec.)/OFF (0.5 sec.)] to indicate a malfunction code of the first digit. Then, 1 second after indicator lamp turns off, it again flashes [cycling ON (0.5 sec.)/OFF (0.5 sec.)] to indicate a malfunction code of the second digit. For example, the indicator lamp goes on and off for 0.5 seconds twice and after 1.0 second, it goes on and off for 0.5 seconds four times. This indicates malfunction code "24".

Code No.	Malfunctioning LCU	Detected items	Diagnostic procedure
24	Driver door control unit	Malfunctioning communication	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "COMM FAIL" (EL-172).
25	(LCU01)	No response from data line A-1	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "NO RESPONSE" (EL-173).
34	Passenger door control unit (LCU02)	Malfunctioning communication	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "COMM FAIL" (EL-172).
35		No response from data line A-2	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "NO RESPONSE" (EL-173).
41	Rear RH door control unit (LCU03)	Malfunctioning communication	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "COMM FAIL" (EL-172).
42		No response from data line A-2	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "NO RESPONSE" (EL-173).
44	Rear LH door control unit (LCU04)	Malfunctioning communication	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "COMM FAIL" (EL-172).
45		No response from data line A-1	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "NO RESPONSE" (EL-173).
54	Multi-remote control unit (LCU05)	Malfunctioning communication	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "COMM FAIL" (EL-172).
55		No response from data line A-1	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "NO RESPONSE" (EL-173).
11	11 No malfunction		—

MALFUNCTION CODE TABLE

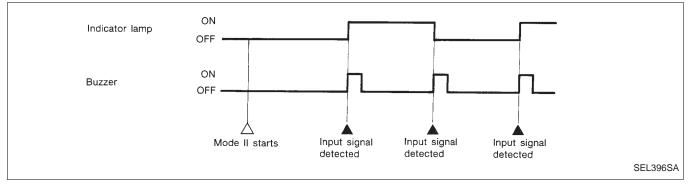


DIAGNOSIS END

On-board Diagnosis — Mode II (Switch monitor) (Cont'd)

DESCRIPTION

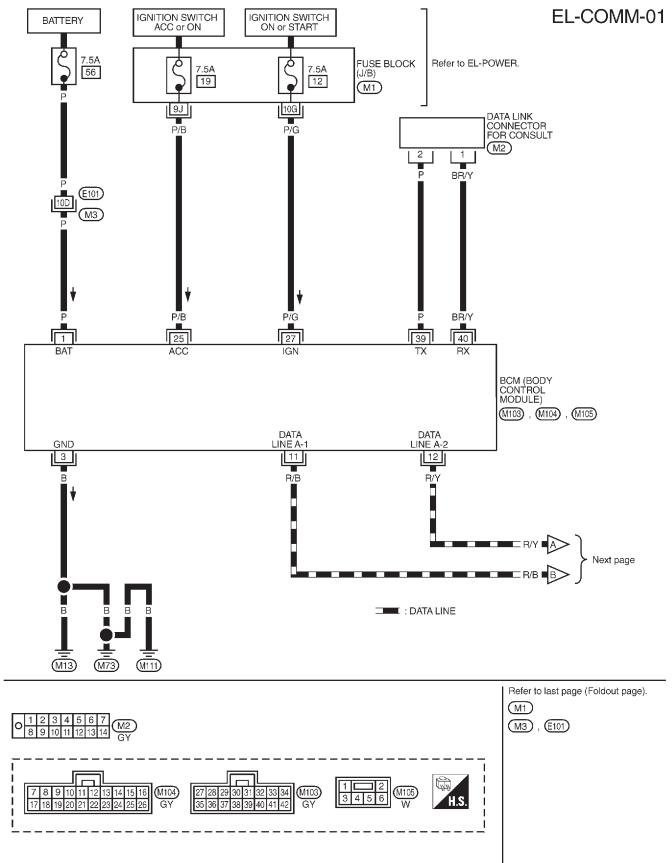
In this mode, when BCM detects the input signal from a switch in IVMS as shown below, the detection is indicated by the interior lamp and front step lamps with buzzer.

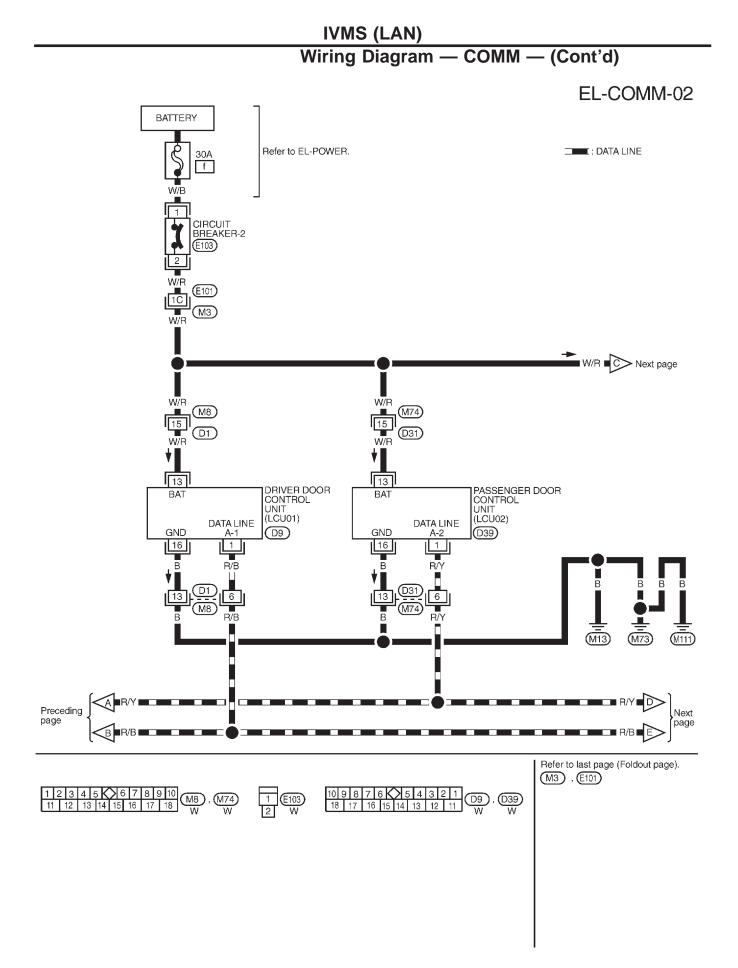


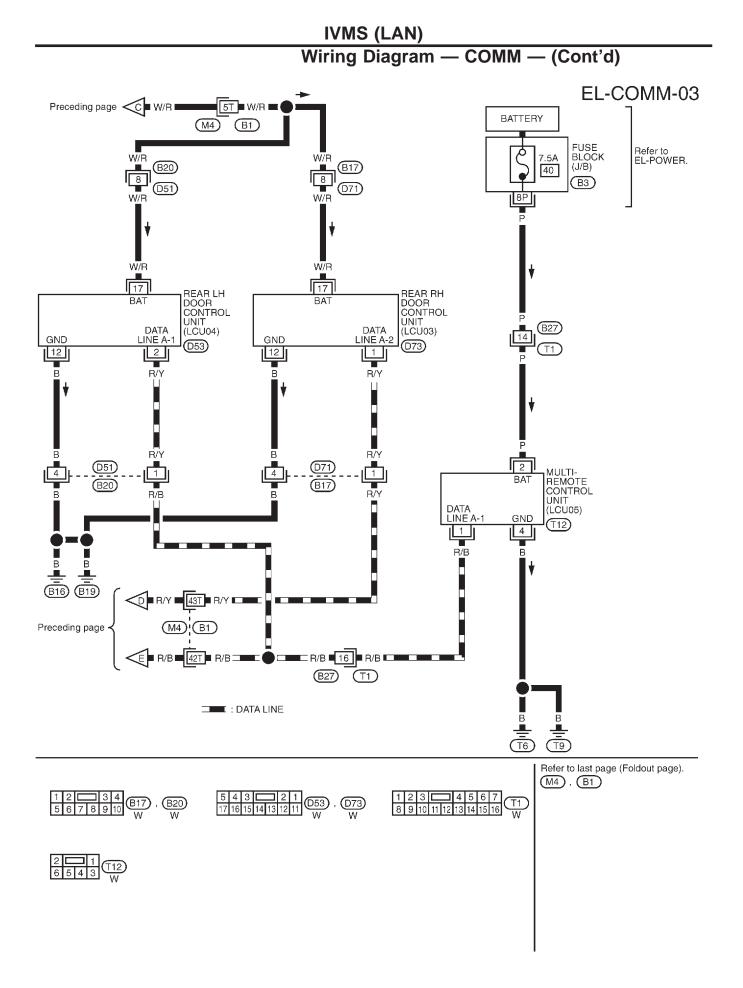
SWITCH MONITOR ITEM

BCM	 Hood switch Trunk room lamp switch Trunk lid key cylinder switch (UNLOCK) Lighting switch (1st) Rear window defogger switch Wiper switch (INT) Wiper switch (WASH) Dear switch (driver side) 	LCU 02	 Door key cylinder switch (LOCK/UNLOCK) Door unlock sensor Passenger power window sub-switch (UP/ DOWN) 	
		LCU 03	 Door unlock sensor Power window sub-switch (Rear RH) (UP/ DOWN) 	
	 Door switch (driver side) Door switch (passenger side) Door switches (all doors) Seat belt buckle switch 	LCU 04	 Door unlock sensor Power window sub-switch (Rear LH) (UP/ DOWN) 	
LCU 01	 Trunk lid key cylinder tamper switch Power window lock switch Power window main switches (UP/DOWN) Power window automatic switch Door lock & unlock switch (LOCK/ 	LCU 05	 Door lock button Door unlock button Panic alarm button Trunk lid opener button 	Operated by multi- remote controller
	UNLOCK) • Door unlock sensor • Door key cylinder switch (LOCK/UNLOCK)			<u> </u>

Wiring Diagram — COMM — POWER SUPPLY, GROUND AND COMMUNICATION CIRCUITS

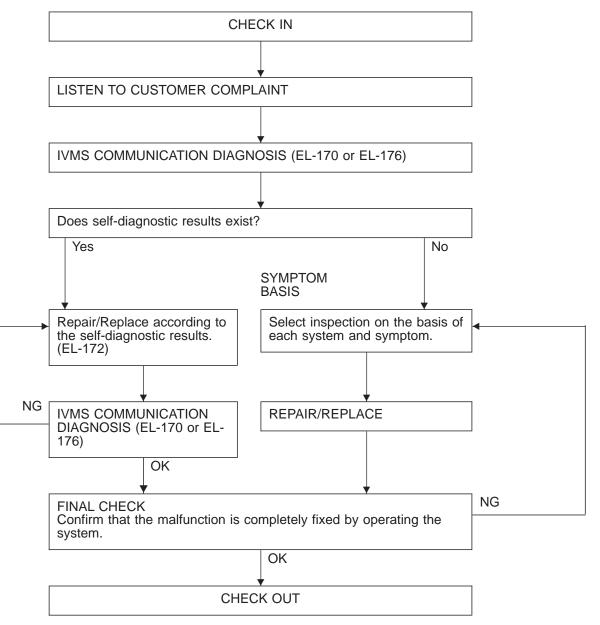






Trouble Diagnoses

WORK FLOW



NOTICE:

- When LCU connectors are disconnected for more than 1 minute such as during trouble diagnoses, the "disconnected" data will be memorized by the BCM. Therefore, after reconnecting the LCU connectors, erase the memory.
- To erase the memory, perform the procedure below. Erase the memory with CONSULT (refer to EL-170) or turn the ignition switch to "OFF" position and remove 7.5A fuse (No. 56, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

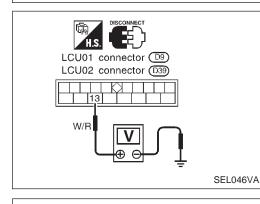
IVMS (LAN)

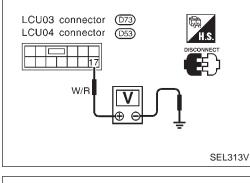
Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT CHECK

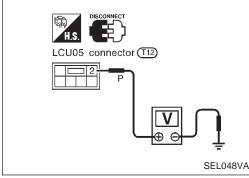
BCM connector (M104)
P/G
SEL045VC

		Terminals		Ignition switch position				
	Control unit	\oplus	Θ	OFF	ACC	ON		
		1	Ground	E	Battery voltage	Э		
	BCM	25	Ground	Approx. 0V	Battery	voltage		
		27	Ground	Approx 0V		Battery voltage		
	LCU01 and LCU02	(13)	Ground	E	Battery voltage	e		
	LCU03 and LCU04	1	Ground	Battery voltage		9		
	LCU05	② Ground Battery volta		Battery voltage	9			

*CONSULT (data monitor) may be used to check for the ignition switch input (ACC, ON).

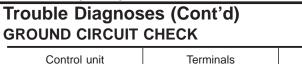




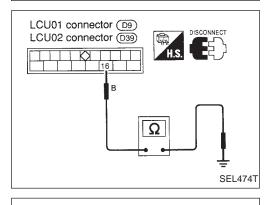


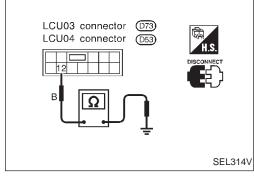
IVMS (LAN)

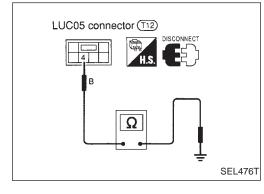
BCM connector (#105) BCM connector (#105)

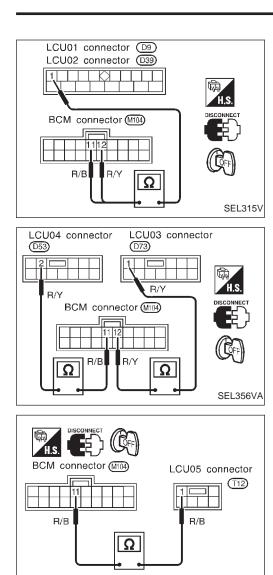


Control unit	Terminals	Continuity		
BCM	③ - Ground			
LCU01	- (16) - Ground			
LCU02		Yes		
LCU03	1 Ground			
LCU04				
LCU05	④ - Ground			









IVMS (LAN)

_

SEL357VA

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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DATA LINES CIRCUIT CHECK

Data lines open circuit check

- NOTE: When checking data line circuit, disconnect BCM and all LCU connectors.
- 1. Disconnect BCM and LCU connectors.
- 2. Check continuity between BCM and LCU terminals.

Control unit	Term	Continuity	
Control unit	LCU	BCM	Continuity
LCU01	1	(1)	
LCU02	1	(12)	
LCU03	1	(12)	Yes
LCU04	2	(1)	
LCU05	1	(1)	

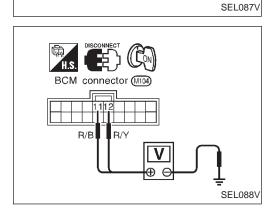
Data lines short circuit check

- 1. Disconnect BCM and all LCU connectors.
- 2. Check continuity between BCM terminal and body ground.

Terminals	Continuity
(1) - Ground	No
12 - Ground	INO

3. Check voltage between BCM terminal and body ground.

-	
Terminals	Voltage [V]
(1) - Ground	0
1 - Ground	0



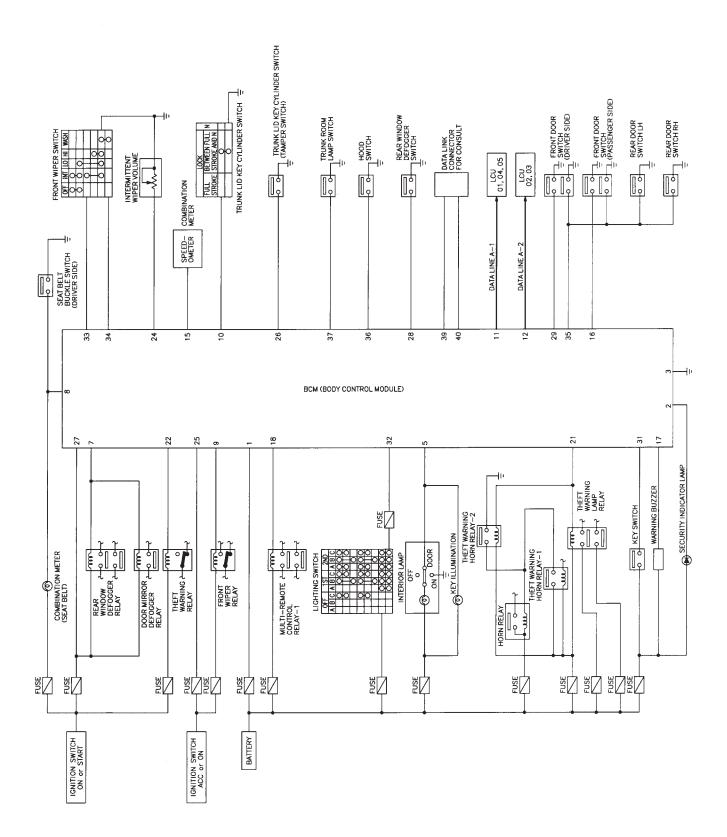
BCM connector (M104

R/Y

O

R/B

Schematic

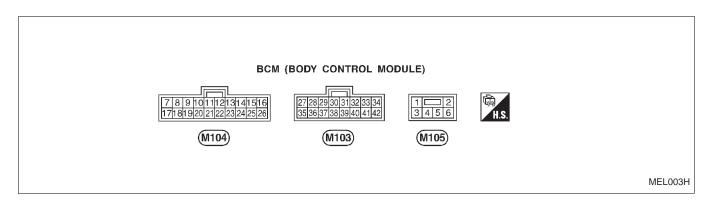


Input/Output	Operation	Signal
--------------	-----------	--------

	-	-	-	•	
Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operated condition		Voltage (V) (Approximate val- ues)
1	Power source	_	-		12
0			Theft warning	Illuminated	0
2	Security indicator lamp	0	control	Turned off	12
3	Ground	_	-	_	_
F	Interior lamp/Ignition key hole illumina-	0	ON (Illuminated)		0
5	tion	0	OFF		12
7	Rear window defogger relay	0	Ignition switch "ON"	ON	0
/	Real window delogger relay	0	Time control	OFF	12
			Invition quitab	When the seat belt is fastened	12
8	Seat belt switch	I	Ignition switch "ON"	When the seat belt is not fas- tened	0
_	Front wiper relay	0	Wiper motor	Operate	0
9			intermittent/ washer operation	Stop	12
4.0			Unlocked (ON)		0
10	Trunk lid unlock switch		Neutral (OFF)		5
11	Data line A-1	I/O	-	_	_
12	Data line A-2	I/O	-	_	_
15	Vehicle speed pulse	I	Pulse		0 - 5
16	Door switch	1	ON (Open)		0
10	(Passenger side)	I	OFF (Closed)		12
17	Warning buzzer	0	ON		0
17		0	OFF		12
18		0	O Hazard lamp -	ON	0
10	Multi-remote control relay	0		OFF	12
21	Theft warning horn relays and theft	0	ON		0
21	warning lamp relay		OFF		12
22	Theft warning relay	0	Theft warning	ON	0
22	(Starter interrupt)		control	OFF	12
24	Intermittent wiper volume switch	I	Ignition switch "ACC" or "ON"	Max. (20 sec.)	3.6
27	international wiper volume switch		Wiper switch Intermittent time	Min. (2 sec.)	0

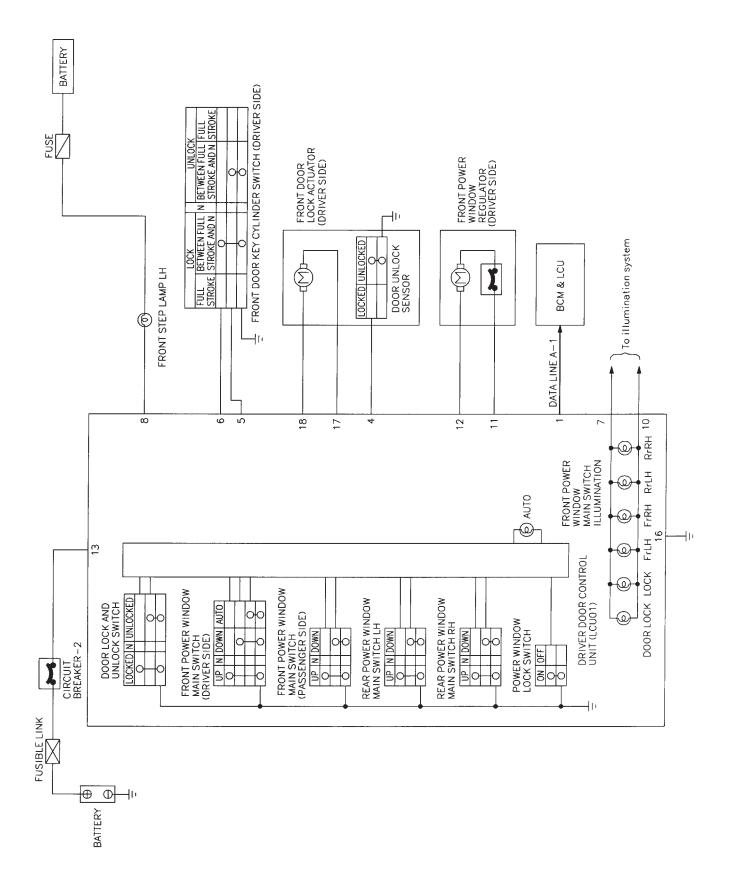
BCM (Body Control Module)

		Input/Output Operation Signal (Cont'd)						
Terminal No.	Connections		INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operated condition		Voltage (V) (Approximate val- ues)		
25	Ignition switch (AC	C)	I	Ignition switch "AC	C"	12		
26	Trunk lid key cylin	dar tampar awitab		Key cylinder instal	led	12		
20		der tamper switch	I	Key cylinder withd	rawn	0		
27	Ignition switch (ON	1)	I	Ignition switch "ON	J"	12		
28	Rear window defo	ager switch		Ignition switch	ON	0		
20		gger switch	I	"ON"	OFF	5		
29	Door switch			Open (ON)		0		
29	(Driver side)			Closed (OFF)		12		
24	Key switch (Insert)		I	IGN key removed from ignition key cylinder (OFF)		0		
31				IGN key inserted into ignition key cyl- inder (ON)		12		
00	Lighting switch			1ST, 2ND position	s: ON	12		
32	(1ST)			OFF		0		
22	Wiper switch (Intermittent)			Ignition switch "ACC" or "ON"	INT	0		
33					OFF	12		
24	Wiper switch			Ignition switch	WASH	0		
34	(Wash)		1	"ACC" or "ON"	OFF	12		
35	Door switches	Door switches		De en ewitek	ON (Open)	0		
33	(All doors)			Door switch	OFF (Closed)	12		
20			1	Open (ON)		0		
36 Hood switch				Closed (OFF)		5		
27		witch		Open (ON)		0		
37	Trunk room lamp switch			Closed (OFF)		12		
39	CONSULT	TX signal	_			_		
40		RX signal	_			_		

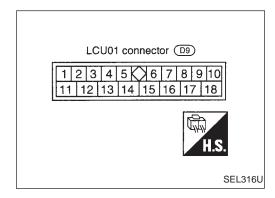


Input/Output Operation Signal (Cont'd)

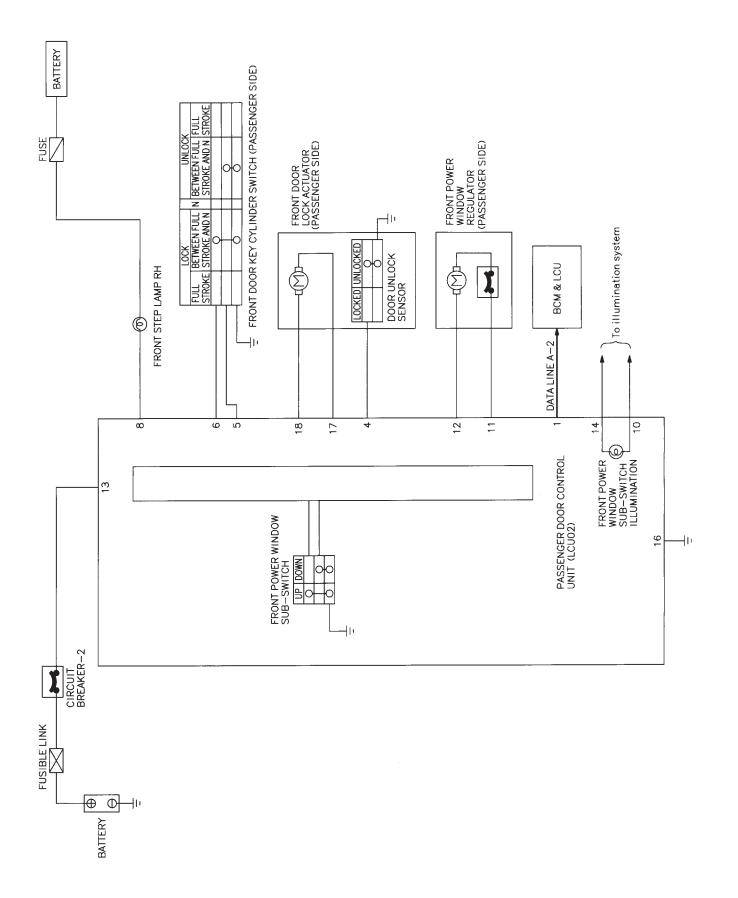
Schematic



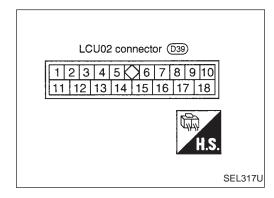
Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operated condition		Voltage (V) (Approximate values)		
1	Data line A-1	I/O	-	_	_		
4	Deen walanda ana an		Unlocked (ON)		0		
4	Door unlock sensor		Locked (OFF)		5		
F	Door key cylinder unlock		Unlocked (ON)		0		
5	switch		Locked (OFF) or neutral (C	DFF)	5		
C	Door key cylinder lock		Locked (ON)		0		
6	switch		Unlocked (OFF) or neutral	(OFF)	5		
7	Lighting switch (1st)		1st, 2nd: ON		12		
7			OFF		0		
0	Step lamp	0	ON		0		
8		0	OFF		12		
10	Illumination control signal	I	Brightened - Darkened		0 - 12		
44	Power window regulator (P/W) — Up	0	Driver's P/W switch	Up	12		
11		0		Free	0		
40	Power window regulator (P/W) — Down	Power window regulator	Power window regulator	0		Down	12
12		0	Driver's P/W switch	Free	0		
13	Power source (C/B)	—	-	- -	12		
16	Ground	_	-	_	_		
47	Door lock actuator —		Door lock & unlock switch	Locked	12		
17	Lock	0		Free	0		
40	Door lock actuator —			Unlocked	12		
18	Unlock	0	Door lock & unlock switch	Free	0		



Schematic

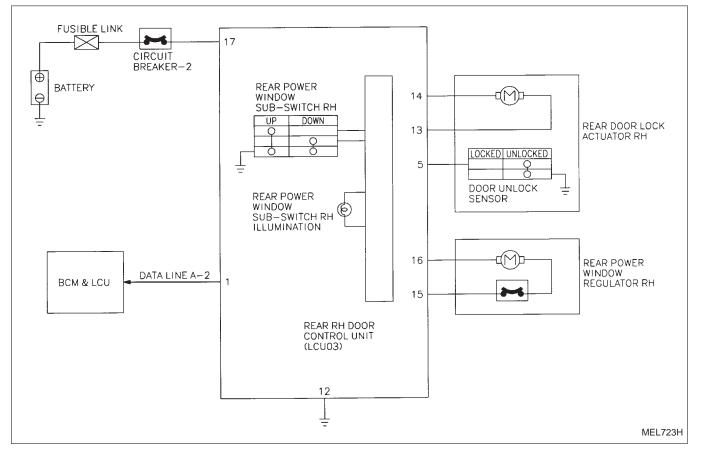


Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operated	Voltage (V) (Approximate values)	
1	Data line A-2	I/O	-	_	—
4	Door unlock sensor		Unlocked (ON)		0
4	Door Unlock sensor	I	Locked (OFF)		5
F	Door key cylinder unlock		Unlocked (ON)		0
5	switch		Locked (OFF) or neutral		5
C	Door key cylinder lock		Locked (ON)		0
6	switch		Unlocked (OFF) or neutral		5
8	Step lamp	0	ON		0
8			OFF		12
10	Illumination control signal	I	Brightened - Darkened		0 - 12
44	Power window regulator (P/W) — Up	0	Passenger's P/W switch	Up	12
11				Free	0
12	Power window regulator (P/W) — Down	0	Passenger's P/W switch	Down	12
12				Free	0
13	Power source (C/B)	_	-		12
4.4	Lighting switch (1st)	I	1st, 2nd: ON		12
14			OFF		0
16	Ground	_	_		_
17	Door lock actuator — Lock	0	Door lock & unlock switch	Locked	12
				Free	0
40	Door lock actuator — Unlock	0		Unlocked	12
18			Door lock & unlock switch	Free	0



Schematic

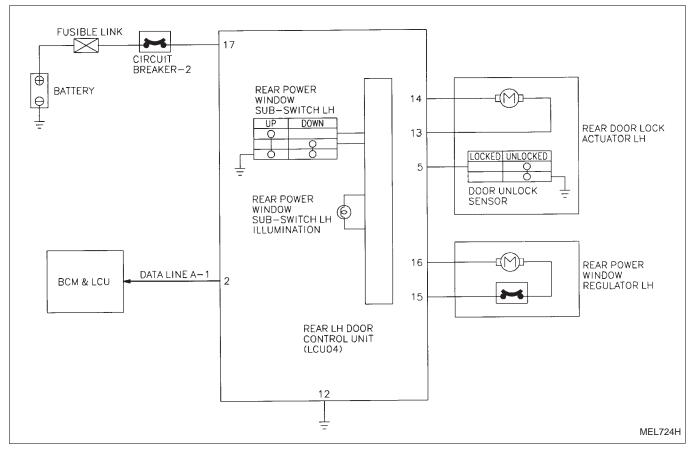
REAR RH DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU03)



REAR RH/LH DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU03/04)

Schematic (Cont'd)

REAR LH DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU04)



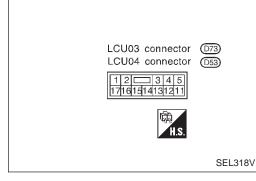
Input/Output Operation Signal

REAR RH DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU03)

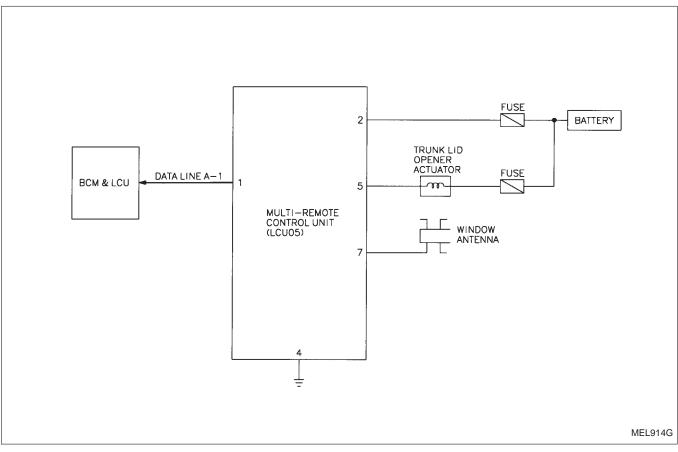
Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operated	Voltage (V) (Approximate values)		
1	Data line A-2	I/O	-	_		
F	Deer unleek eeneer	I	Unlocked (ON)		0	
5	Door unlock sensor		Locked (OFF)	Locked (OFF)		
12	Ground	_	_		—	
13	Door lock actuator — Lock	0	Door lock & unlock switch	Locked	12	
13				Free	0	
14	Door lock actuator — Unlock	0	Door lock & unlock switch	Unlocked	12	
14				Free	0	
15	Power window regulator (P/W) — Up	0	Rear P/W switch	Up	12	
15				Free	0	
16	Power window regulator (P/W) — Down	0	Rear P/W switch	Down	12	
			Real P/W Switch	Free	0	
17	Power source (C/B)	_	_		12	

REAR LH DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU04)

Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operated	Voltage (V) (Approximate values)	
2	Data line A-1	I/O	-	_	_
5		I	Unlocked (ON)	Unlocked (ON)	
5	Door unlock sensor		Locked (OFF)	Locked (OFF)	
12	Ground	_	_		_
13	Door lock actuator — Lock	0	Door lock & unlock switch	Locked	12
13				Free	0
14	Door lock actuator — Unlock	0	Door lock & unlock switch	Unlocked	12
14				Free	0
15	Power window regulator (P/W) — Up	0	Rear P/W switch	Up	12
15			Real P/W Switch	Free	0
40	Power window regulator (P/W) — Down	0	Dece DAM a litel	Down	12
16			Rear P/W switch	Free	0
17	Power source (C/B)	—			12



Schematic



Input/Output Operation Signal

Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operated condition	Voltage (V) (Approximate values)
1	Data line A-1	I/O	—	_
2	Power source	_	—	12
4	Ground		—	_
	Trunk lid opener actuator	0	Open	0
5			OFF	12

LCU05 connector (12)	H.S.	SEL319U
		SEL3190

System Description

OUTLINE

Power window system consists of

- a BCM (Body Control Module)
- four LCUs (Local Control Module)
- four power window regulators

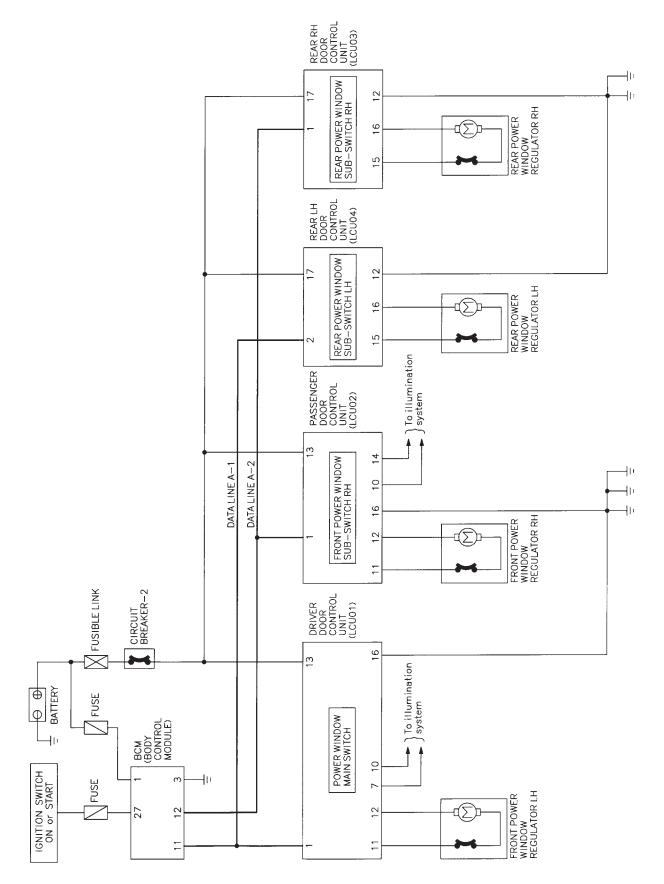
BCM is connected to each LCU via DATA LINE A-1 or A-2 and LCUs supply power and ground to each power window regulator.

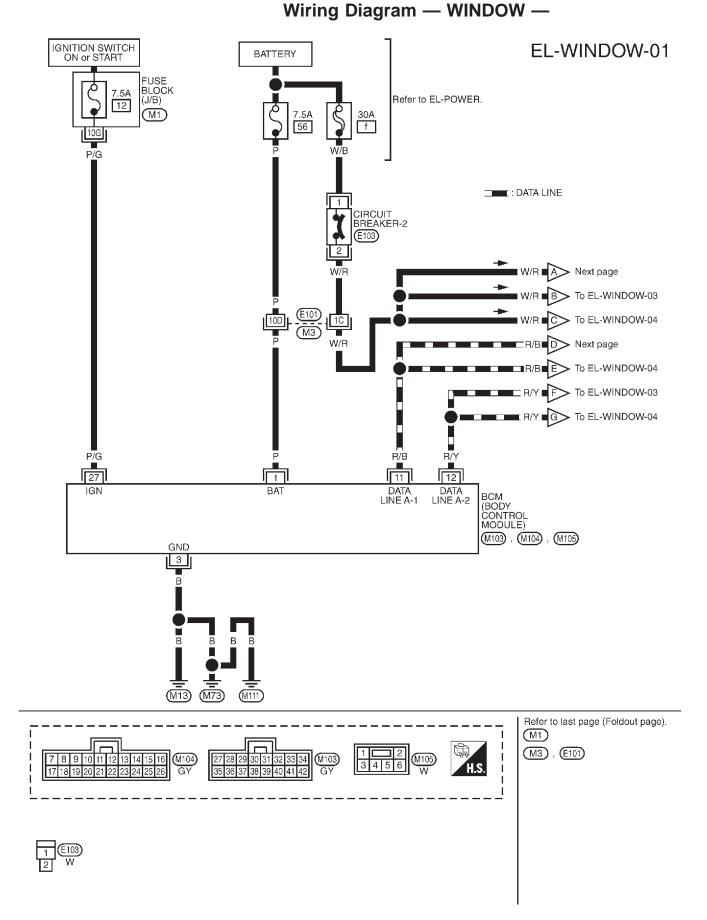
When ignition switch is in the "ON" position, power window will be operated depending on power window sub/ main switch (which is combined with each LCU) condition.

OPERATIVE CONDITION

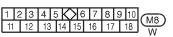
- Power windows can be raised or lowered with each sub-switch or the power window main switch located on the driver's door trim when ignition key is in the "ON" position and power window lock switch on the driver's door trim is unlocked.
- When power window lock switch is locked, no windows can be raised or lowered except for driver side window.
- When ignition key is in the "ON" position, to fully open the driver side window, press down completely on the automatic switch (main switch) and release it; it needs not be held. The window will automatically open all the way. To stop the window, pull up down then release the switch.

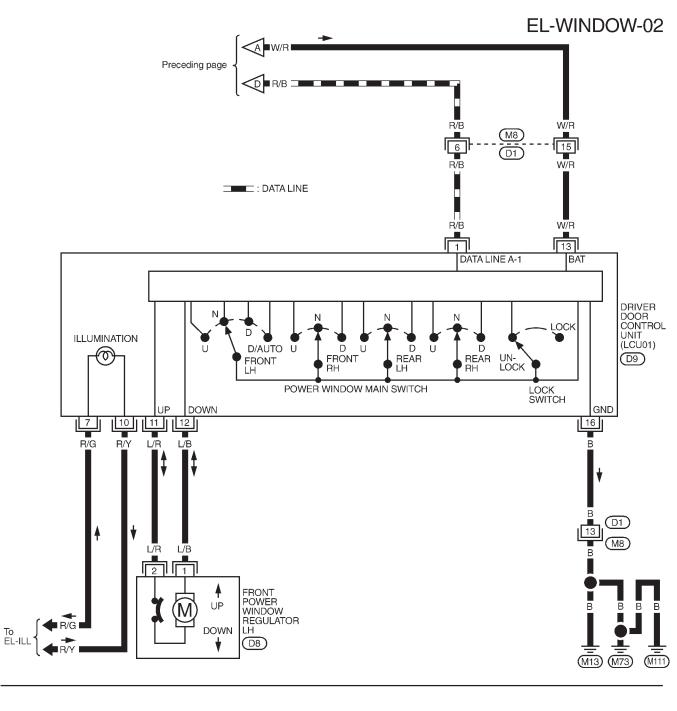
Schematic







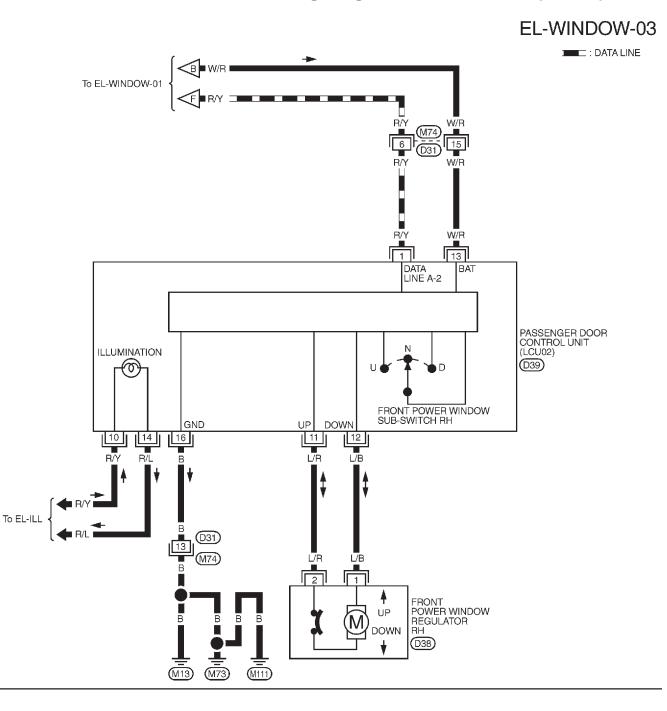


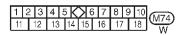


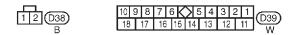
POWER WINDOW - IVMS

Wiring Diagram — WINDOW — (Cont'd)

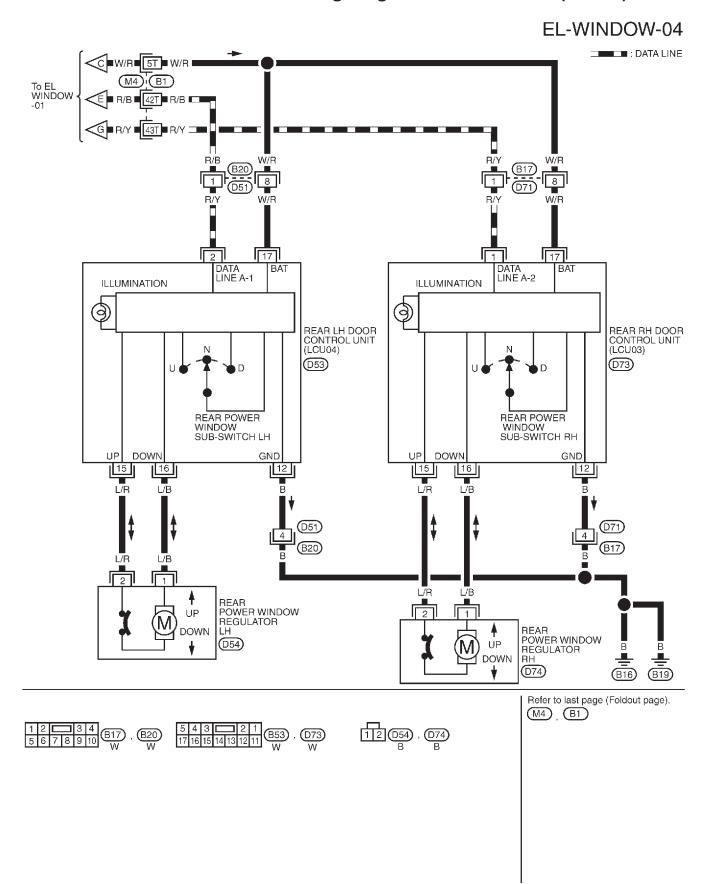
Wiring Diagram — WINDOW — (Cont'd)

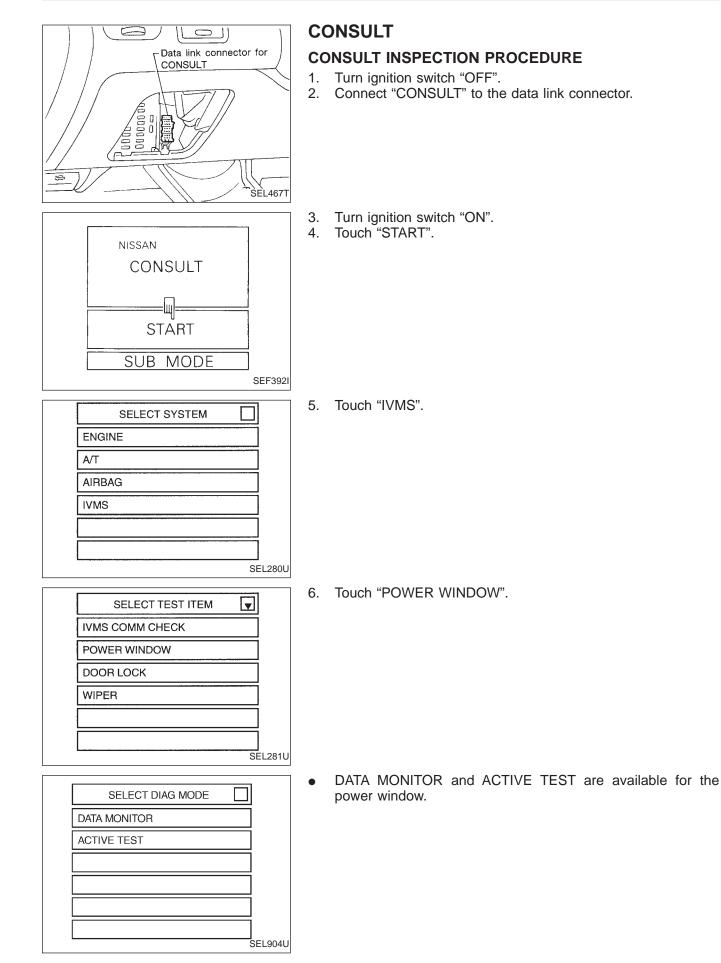


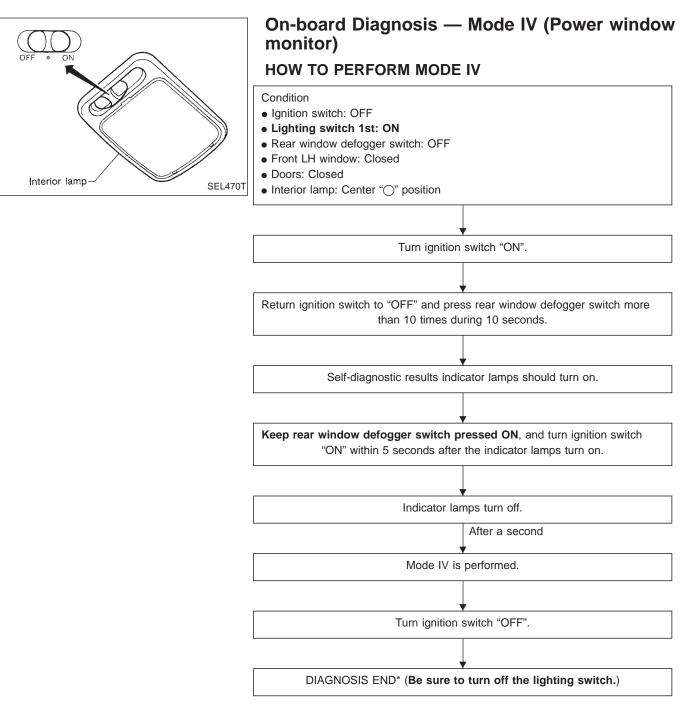




Wiring Diagram — WINDOW — (Cont'd)





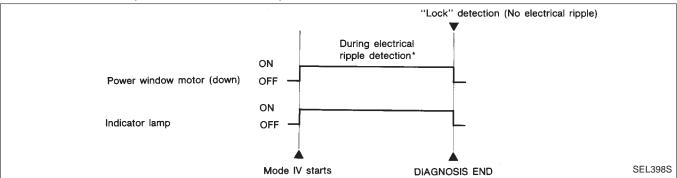


*: Diagnosis ends after self-diagnostic results have been indicated for 10 minutes if left unattended.

On-board Diagnosis — Mode IV (Power window monitor) (Cont'd)

DESCRIPTION

In mode IV, driver window is automatically operated. In conjunction with power window motor (DOWN) "ON", indicator lamps (interior lamp and front step lamps) turn on. When power window "lock" is detected, power window motor will stop and the indicator lamps will turn off.

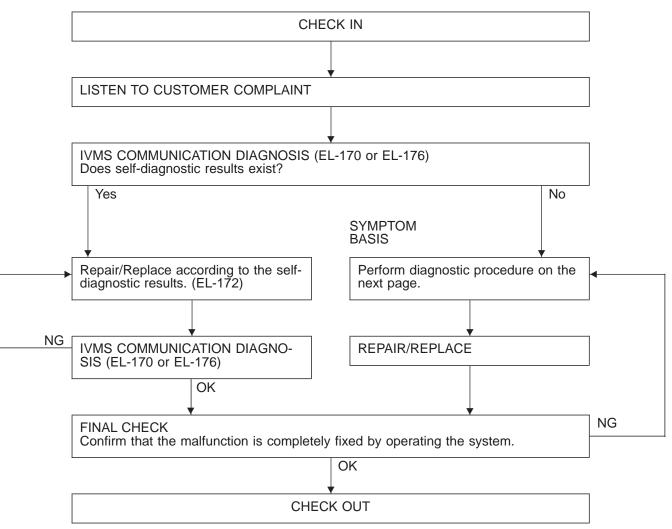


NOTE: As soon as manual switches (each seat's power window switch) turn ON, driver power window motor (DOWN) stops and diagnosis ends.

* While power window motor is being operated, electrical ripple occurs.

Trouble Diagnoses

WORK FLOW



NOTICE:

- When LCU connectors are disconnected for more than 1 minute such as during trouble diagnoses, the "disconnected" data will be memorized by the BCM. Therefore, after reconnecting the LCU connectors, erase the memory.
- To erase the memory, perform the procedure below. Erase the memory with CONSULT (refer to EL-170) or turn the ignition switch to "OFF" position and remove 7.5A fuse (No. 56, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

${\rm POWER} \; {\rm WINDOW} - {\rm IVMS}$

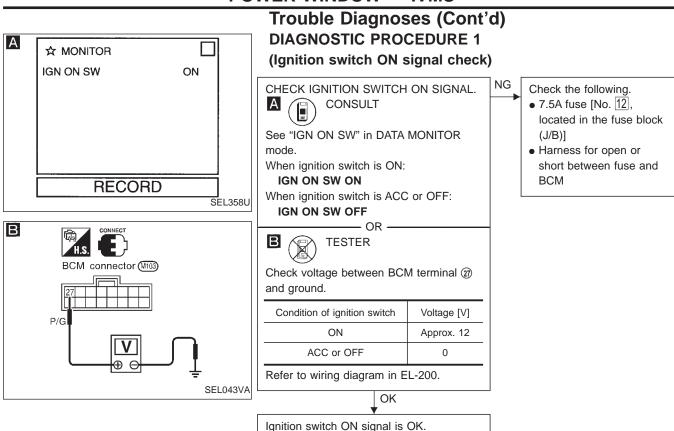
Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

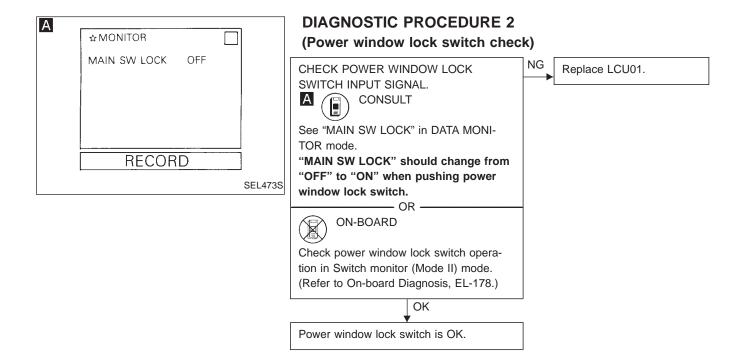
PRELIMINARY CHECK

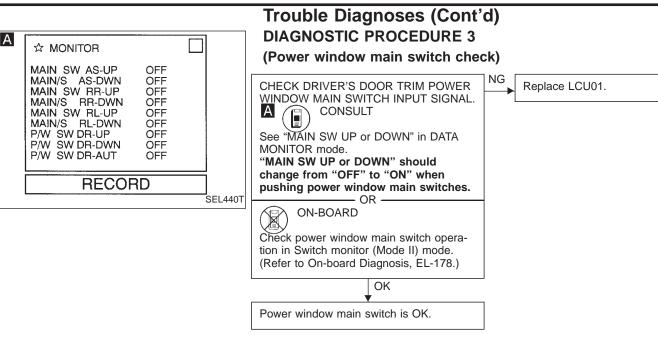
CHECK-IN				
	NG (All)			SYMPTOM 1
Does power window operate?	NG (One or more)	Do power windows operate using Both sub and main switch	NG	SYMPTOM 2
ОК		Sub switch	NG	SYMPTOM 3
		Main switch	NG	SYMPTOM 4
	NG (Except for driver	r side)		
Does power window lock switch on main switch operate properly?	NG			SYMPTOM 5
↓ок				
Does power window auto operation function?	NG			SYMPTOM 6

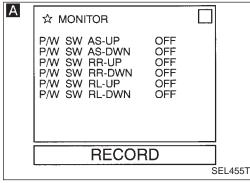
SYMPTOM CHART

PROCEDURE		Diagnostic procedure					
REFERENCE PAGE		EL-209	EL-209	EL-210	EL-210	EL-211	EL-212
SYN	ІРТОМ	Procedure 1 (Ignition switch ON signal check)	Procedure 2 (Power window lock switch check)	Procedure 3 (Power window main switch check)	Procedure 4 (Power window sub-switch check)	Procedure 5 (Power window regulator check)	Procedure 6 (Power window automatic switch check)
1	All power window do not operate.	Х					
2	One or more of the power windows do not operate by turning either sub or main switch.					x	
3	One or more of the sub-switches do not function.				Х		
4	One or more of the main switches on driver's door trim do not function.			Х			
5	Power window lock switch on main switch does not lock and/or unlock all windows.		х				
6	Driver power window automatic opera- tion does not function.						Х





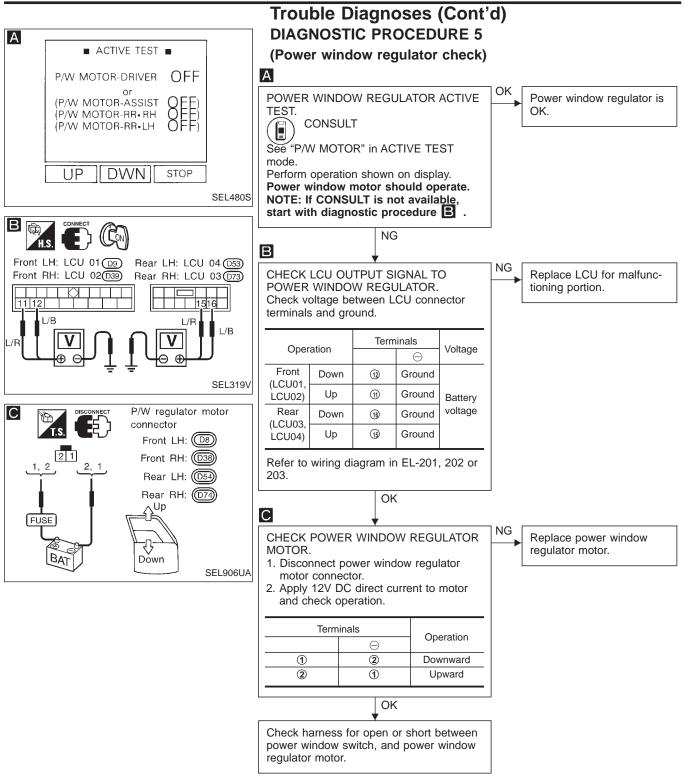


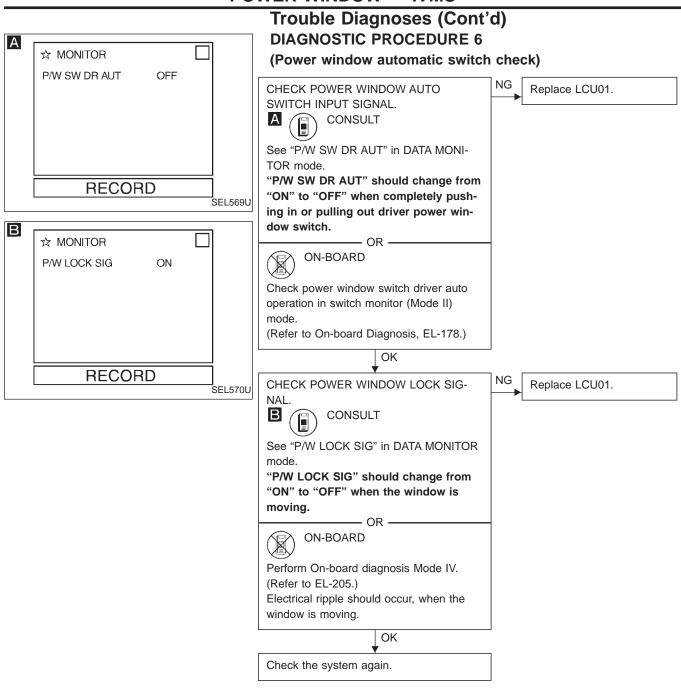


DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4

check] NG CHECK POWER WINDOW SUB-SWITCH Replace LCU for malfunc-INPUT SIGNAL. tioning portion. Α CONSULT • Passenger: LCU02 See "P/W SW UP or DOWN" in DATA Rear LH: LCU04 MONITOR mode. • Rear RH: LCU03 "P/W SW UP or DOWN" should change from "OFF" to "ON" when each subswitch is turned ON. OR **ON-BOARD** Check power window sub-switch operation in Switch monitor (Mode II) mode. (Refer to On-board Diagnosis, EL-178.) OK Power window sub-switch is OK.

[Power window sub-switch (Passenger side, Rear LH, RH)





System Description

POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to key switch terminal ①.

Power is supplied to BCM terminal ③ through key switch terminal ② when key switch is in ON position (ignition key is inserted in the key cylinder).

BCM is connected to LCU01, LCU02, LCU03 and LCU04 as DATA LINE A-1 or A-2.

Ground is supplied

- to BCM terminal 29 or 16
- from front LH or RH door switch terminal ②
- through front LH or RH door switch terminal ③ when door switch is in OPEN position and
- through body grounds (B16) and (B19).

Ground is supplied

- to driver door control unit (LCU01) terminals (6) or (5)
- from front LH door key cylinder switch terminals ① or ② when door key cylinder is in BETWEEN FULL STROKE AND N position
- through front LH door key cylinder switch terminal ④ and
- through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M111).

Front RH door key cylinder switch will supply ground to passenger door control unit (LCU02) in the same manner as driver side.

Ground is supplied

- to driver door control unit (LCU01) terminal ④
- from door unlock sensor (in the front LH door lock actuator) terminal (2) when door lock is in UNLOCKED position
- through front LH door lock actuator terminal ④ and
- through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M111).

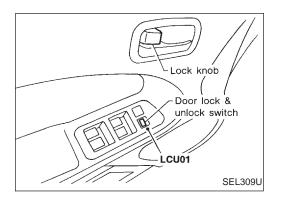
Front passenger door unlock sensors (in the door lock actuators) will supply ground to passenger door control unit (LCU02) in the same manner as driver side.

When lock/unlock signal is sent to BCM or LCU, BCM sends a lock/unlock signal to LCUs via DATA LINE A-1 or A-2. LCUs then supply power and ground to each door lock actuator.

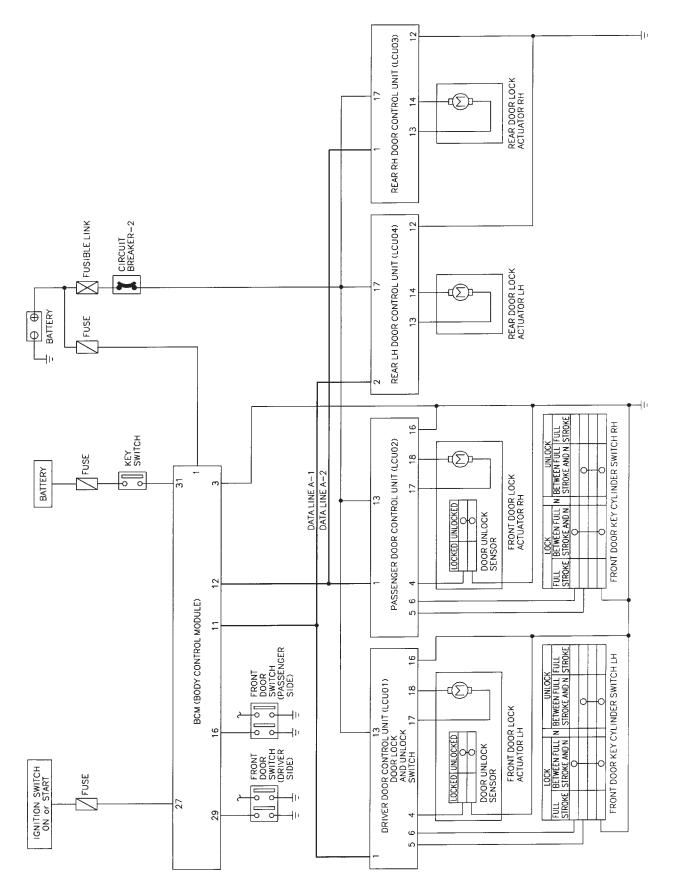
OPERATION

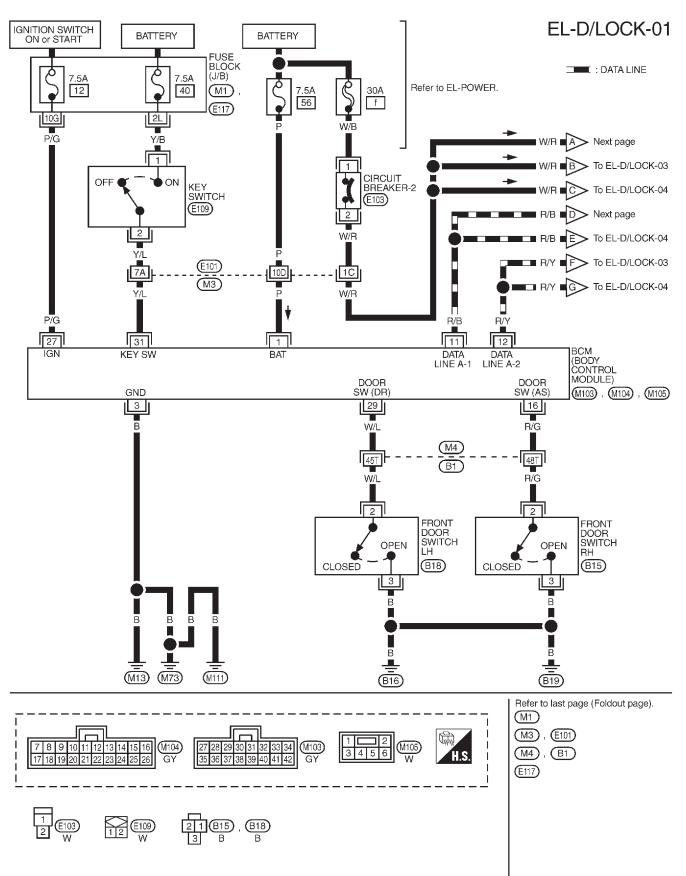
- The lock & unlock switch (SW) on driver's door trim can lock and unlock all doors.
- With the lock knob on front LH or RH door set to "LOCK", all doors are locked. (Signals from front door unlock sensor)
- With the door key inserted in the key cylinder on front LH or RH door, turning it to "LOCK", will lock all doors; turning it to "UNLOCK" once unlocks the corresponding door; turning it to "UNLOCK" again within 5 seconds after the first unlock operation unlocks all of the other doors. (Signals from door key cylinder switch)

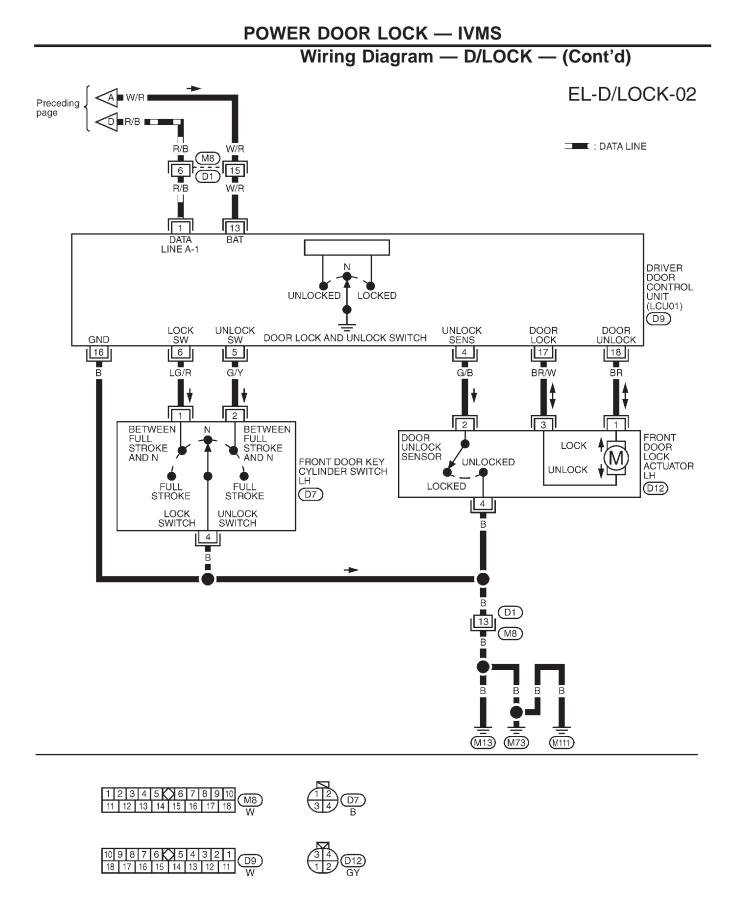
However, if the ignition key is in the ignition key cylinder and one or more of the front doors are open, setting the lock & unlock switch, lock knob, or the door key to "LOCK" locks the doors once but then immediately unlocks them. (Combination signals from key switch, front LH or RH door switch and LH or RH door unlock sensor) — (KEY REMINDER DOOR SYSTEM)

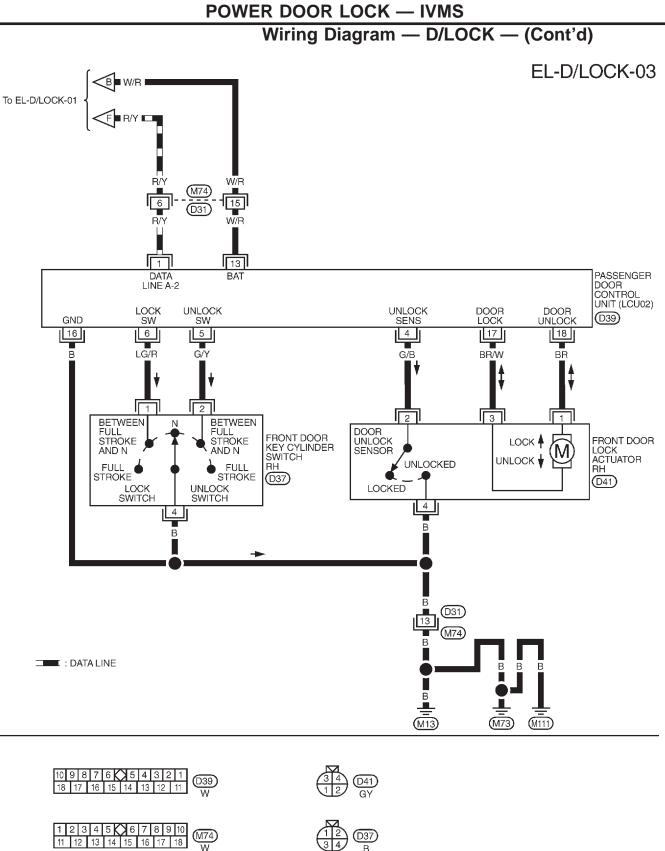


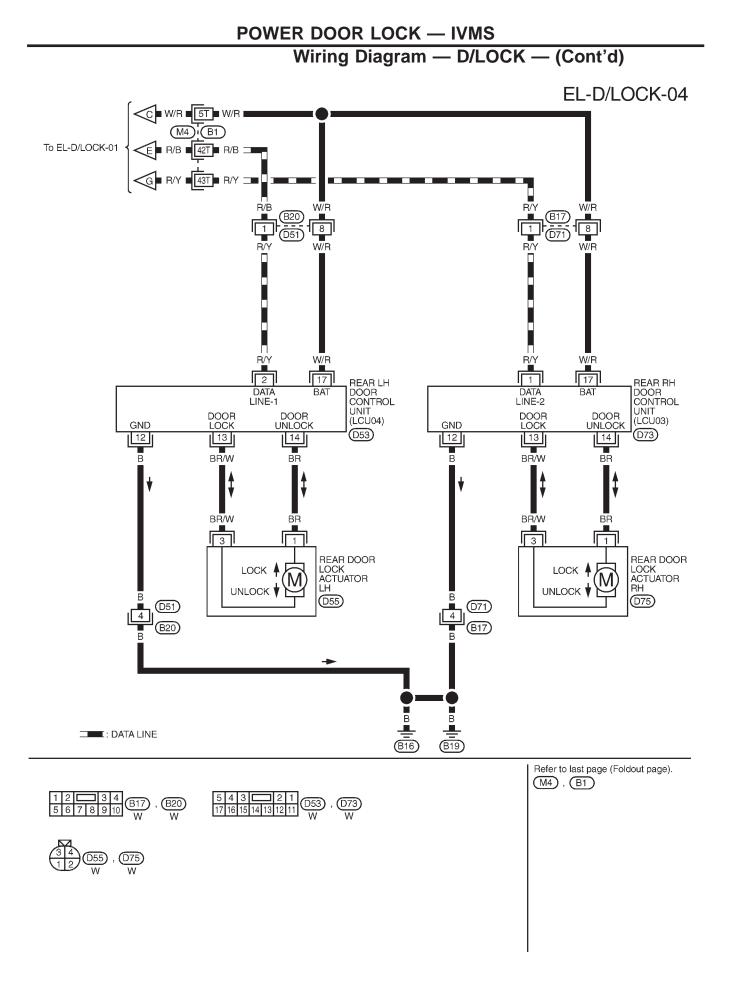
Schematic

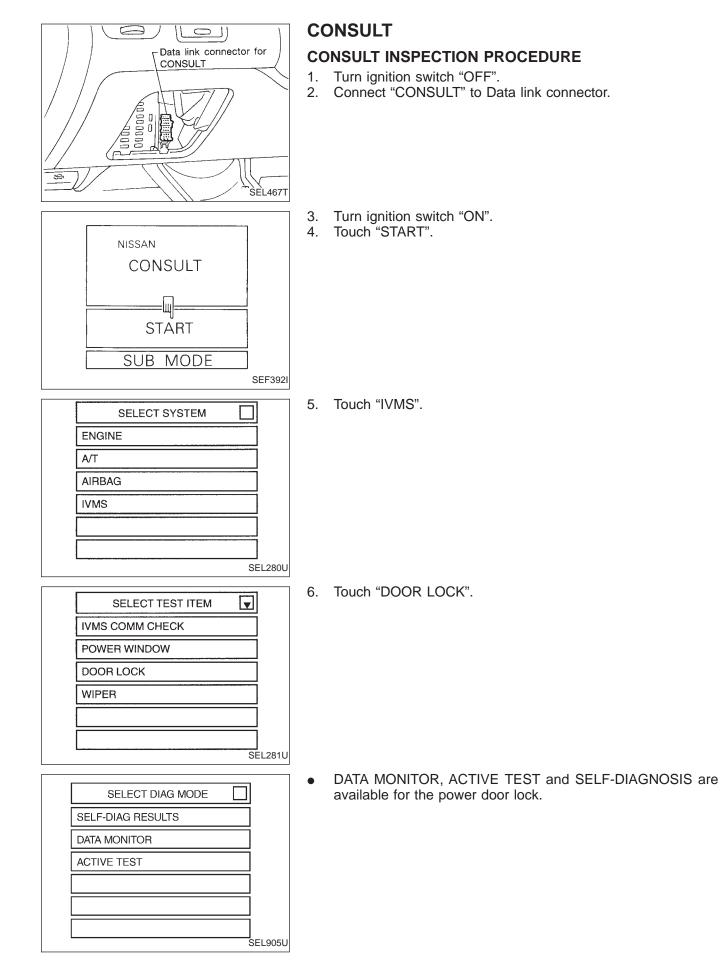




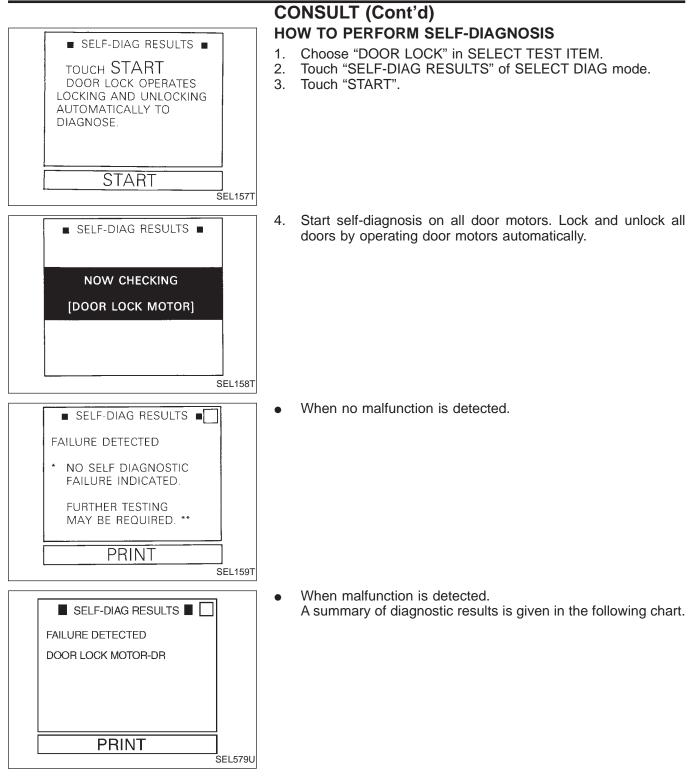










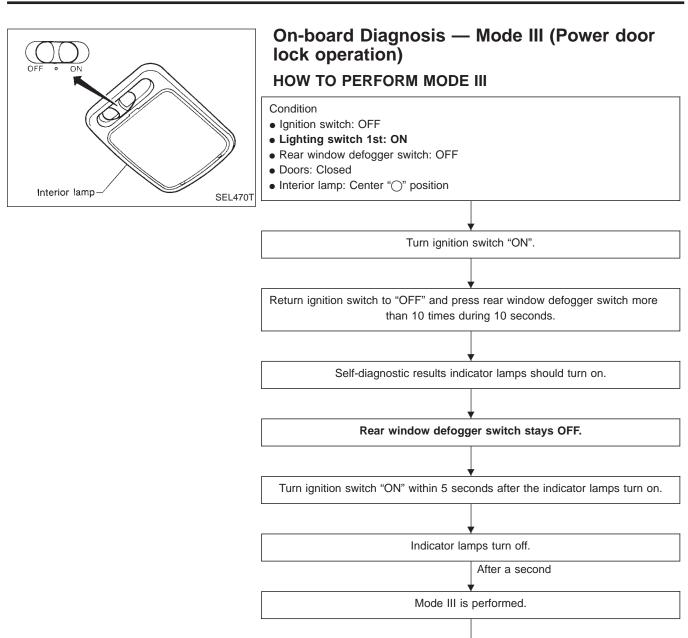


POWER DOOR LOCK - IVMS

CONSULT (Cont'd)

SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULT LIST

Diagnostic result	Explanation	Diagnostic procedure	Reference page
DOOR LOCK MOTOR-DR	The circuit for the driver side door lock actuator/unlock sensor is malfunctioning.		
DOOR LOCK MOTOR-AS	The circuit for the passenger side door lock actuator/unlock sensor is malfunctioning.	Procedure 5 (Door unlock sensor check)	EL-230
DOOR LOCK MOTOR-RR/RH	The circuit for the rear RH side door lock actuator/unlock sensor is malfunctioning.	Procedure 6 (Door lock actuator check)	EL-231
DOOR LOCK MOTOR-RR/LH	The circuit for the rear LH side door lock actuator/unlock sensor is malfunctioning.		
*NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAIL- URE INDICATED/FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.**	No malfunction in the above items.	_	_



Turn ignition switch "OFF".

DIAGNOSIS END* (Be sure to turn off the lighting switch.)

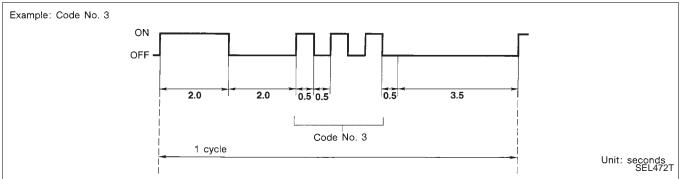
*: Diagnosis ends after self-diagnostic results have been indicated for 10 minutes if left unattended.

POWER DOOR LOCK — IVMS

On-board Diagnosis — Mode III (Power door lock operation) (Cont'd)

DESCRIPTION

In this mode, a malfunction code is indicated by the number of flashes from the front map lamps and step lamps as shown below:



After indicator lamp turns ON for 2 seconds and then turns OFF, it flashes to indicate a malfunction code. For example, the indicator lamp goes on and off for 0.5 seconds three times. This indicates malfunction code "3".

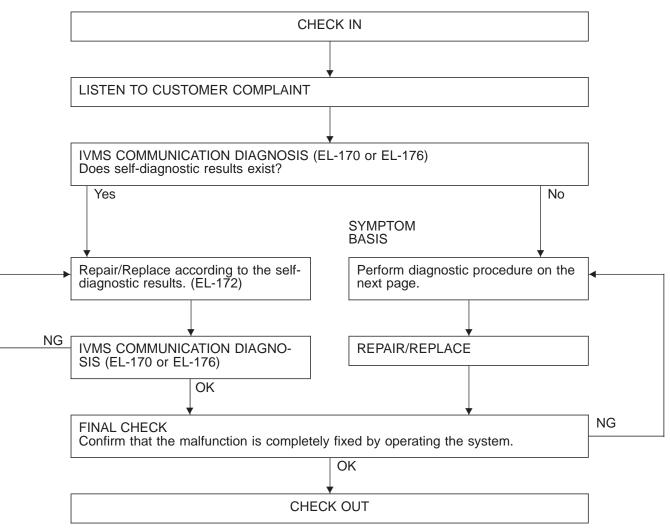
The self-diagnostic results will remain in the BCM memory.

MALFUNCTION CODE TABLE

Code No.	Detected items	Diagnostic procedure	Reference page	
1	Driver door lock actuator/unlock sensor	Procedure 5 (Door unlock sensor check)	EL-230	
2	Passenger door lock actuator/unlock sensor			
3	Rear RH door lock actuator/unlock sensor		EL-231	
4	Rear LH door lock actuator/unlock sensor	Procedure 6 (Door lock actuator check)		
9	No malfunction in the above items	_	—	

Trouble Diagnoses

WORK FLOW



NOTICE:

- When LCU connectors are disconnected for more than 1 minute such as during trouble diagnoses, the "disconnected" data will be memorized by the BCM. Therefore, after reconnecting the LCU connectors, erase the memory.
- To erase the memory, perform the procedure below. Erase the memory with CONSULT (refer to EL-170) or turn the ignition switch to "OFF" position and remove 7.5A fuse (No. 56, located in the fuse block and fusible link box).

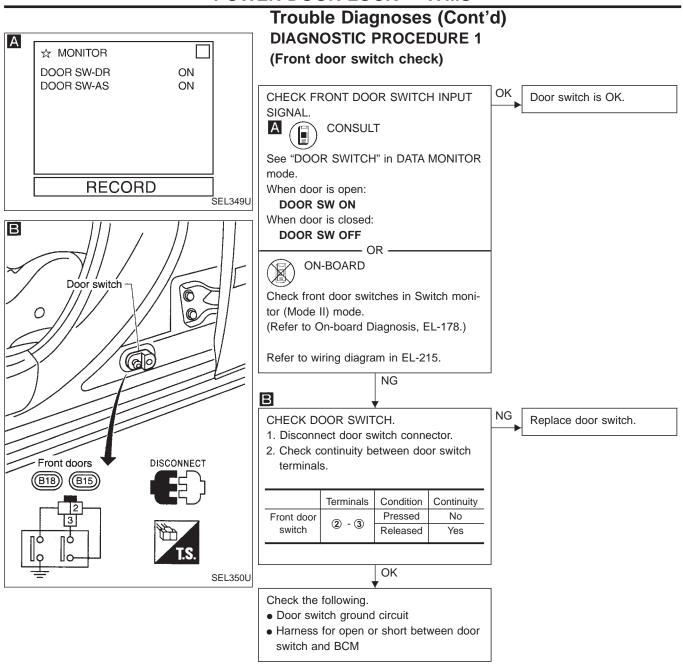
${\rm POWER \ DOOR \ LOCK-IVMS}$

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

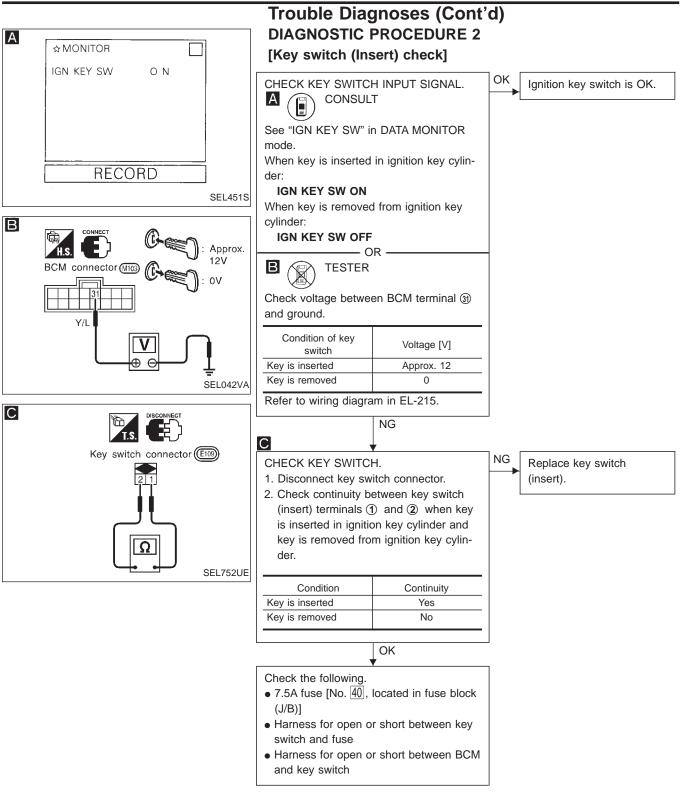
SYMPTOM CHART

PROCEDURE	Self-dia	agnosis	Diagnostic procedure				_		
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-220	EL-222	EL-226	EL-227	EL-228	EL-229	EL-230	EL-231	EL-171
SYMPTOM	CONSULT	On-board diagnosis (Mode III)	Procedure 1 (Front door switch check)	Procedure 2 (Key switch check)	Procedure 3 (Lock & unlock switch check)	Procedure 4 (Door key cylinder switch check)	Procedure 5 (Door unlock sensor check)	Procedure 6 (Door lock actuator check)	Wake-up diagnosis
Key reminder door system does not operate properly.	x	х	x	х			х	х	
Specific door lock actuator does not operate.	x	х					х	х	
Power door lock does not operate with door lock and unlock switch on power window main switch.	x	x			x				X (LCU01)
Power door lock does not operate with front door key cylinder opera- tion.	x	х				х			X (LCU01, LCU02)
Power door lock does not operate with front door lock knob switch.	Х	Х					Х		X (LCU01, LCU02)

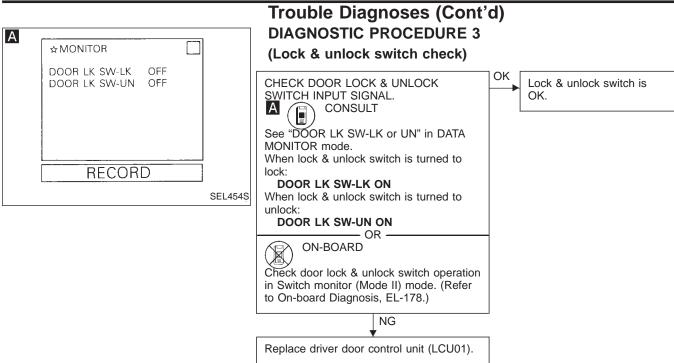
POWER DOOR LOCK - IVMS



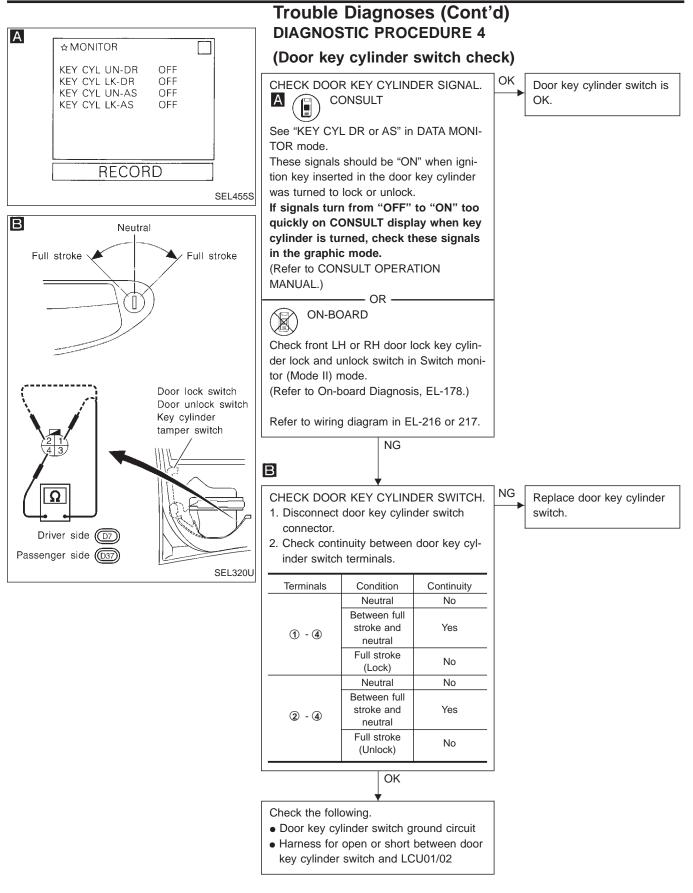
POWER DOOR LOCK - IVMS

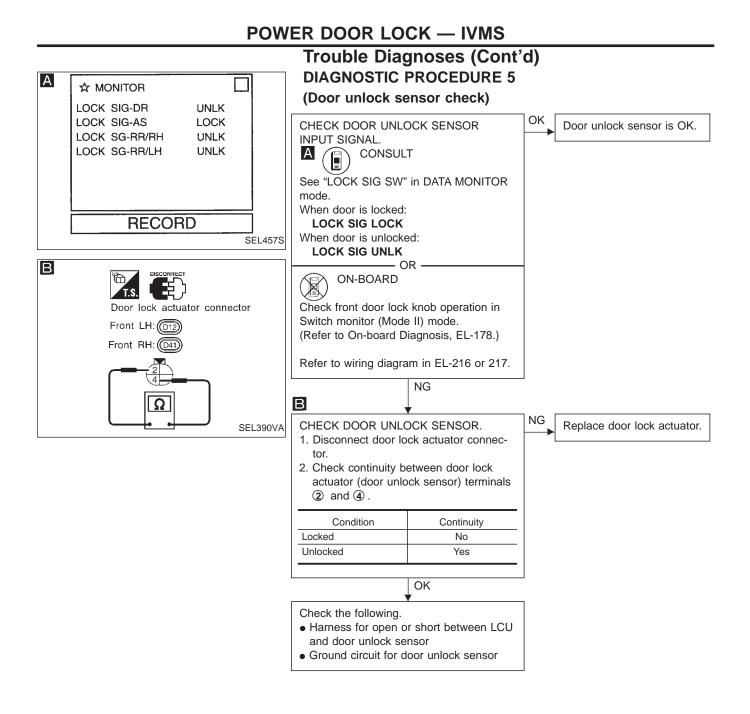


POWER DOOR LOCK — IVMS

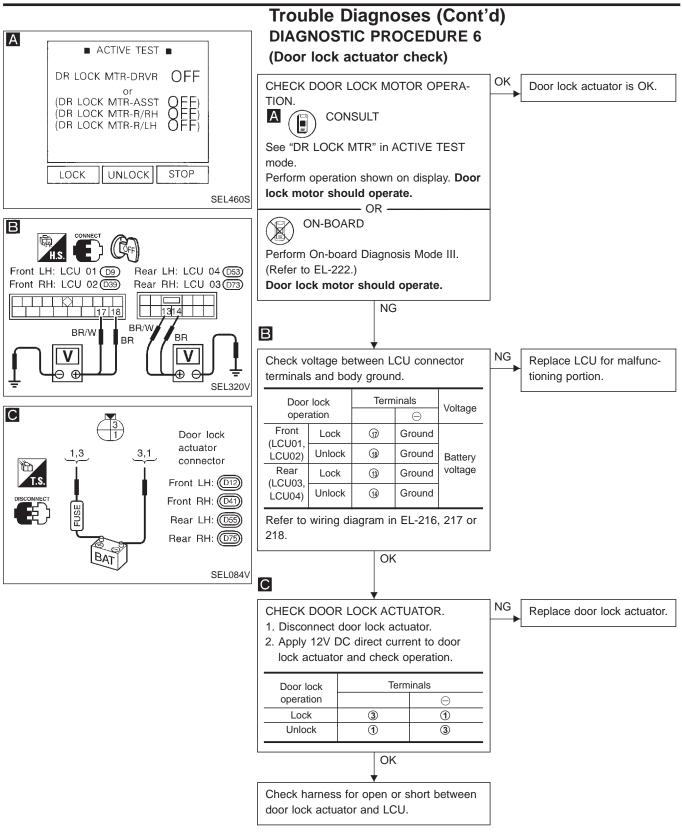


POWER DOOR LOCK - IVMS





POWER DOOR LOCK - IVMS



System Description

POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND

BCM is connected to Multi-remote control unit (LCU05) and each door control unit (LCU01, 02, 03 and 04) via DATA LINE A-1 or A-2.

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to key switch terminal ①.

When the key switch is in ON position (ignition key is inserted in key cylinder), power is supplied

- through key switch terminal ②
- to BCM terminal 3).

When any of the four door switches is in OPEN position, ground is supplied

- to BCM terminal 35
- through door switches body grounds.

When the driver side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) is in UNLOCKED position, ground is supplied • to driver door control unit (LCU01) terminal ④

- through driver side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal (2),
- to driver side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal ④
- through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M111).

When the passenger side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) is in UNLOCKED position, ground is supplied

- to passenger door control unit (LCU02) terminal ④
- through passenger side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal ②,
- to passenger side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal ④
- through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M111).

When the rear door lock actuator LH and/or RH (door unlock sensor) is in UNLOCKED position, ground is supplied

- to rear LH and/or RH door control unit (LCU04/03) terminal (5)
- through rear door lock actuator LH (door unlock sensor) terminal 2 and/or
- through rear door lock actuator RH (door unlock sensor) terminal (2)
- to rear door lock actuator LH (door unlock sensor) terminal ④ and/or
- to rear door lock actuator RH (door unlock sensor) terminal (4)
- through body grounds (B16) and (B19).
- Remote controller signal input
- through window antenna
- to multi-remote control unit (LCU05) terminal ⑦.

System Description (Cont'd)

OPERATING PROCEDURE

The multi-remote control system controls operation of the

- power door lock
- power window
- hazard reminder
- trunk lid opener

panic alarm
 Multi-remote control unit (LCU05) can receive signals from remote controller when key switch is in OFF posi-

tion (key not in cylinder). And it sends the signals to BCM and LCUs as DATA LINES A-1 or A-2.

Power door lock operation

- Key switch OFF signal (ignition key is not in key cylinder)
- Door switch CLOSE signal (all doors closed)

The two above signals are already input into BCM. At this point, multi-remote control unit receives a LOCK signal from remote controller. Multi-remote control unit (LCU05) will then send a LOCK signal to BCM via DATA LINE A-1.

When an UNLOCK signal is sent from remote controller, door lock actuators unlock all doors and interior lamp illuminates if interior lamp switch is in DOOR position.

For detailed description, refer to "POWER DOOR LOCK - IVMS" (EL-213).

Power window operation

When an UNLOCK signal from remote controller is input into multi-remote control unit (LCU05) continuously more than 1.5 seconds, front power windows lower the windows.

Hazard reminder

Power is supplied at all times

- through 10A fuse [No. 11], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to multi-remote control relay-1 terminals (1), (3) and (6).
- When multi-remote control unit (LCU05) receives a LOCK signal, ground is supplied
- to multi-remote control relay-1 terminal 2
- through BCM terminal (18).

Multi-remote control relay is now energized and door lock actuators lock all doors. (Hazard warning lamps flash twice as a reminder.)

Trunk lid opener operation

Power is supplied at all times

- through 15A fuse [No. 37], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to trunk lid opener actuator terminal (2).

When TRUNK OPEN signal is sent from remote controller, ground is supplied

- to trunk lid opener actuator terminal ①
- through multi-remote control unit (LCU05) terminal (5).

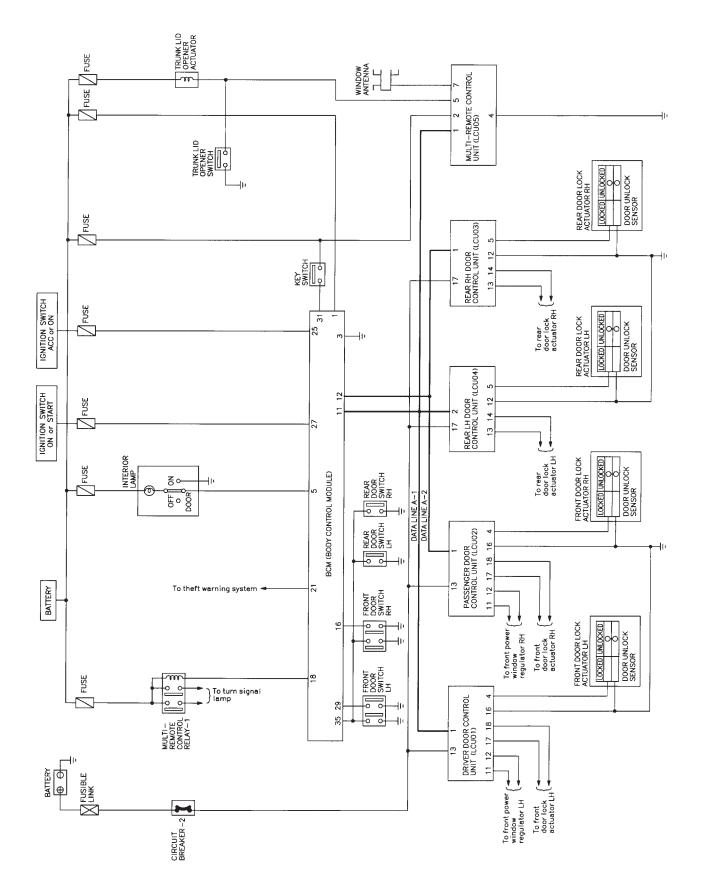
When power and ground are supplied, trunk lid opener actuator opens trunk lid.

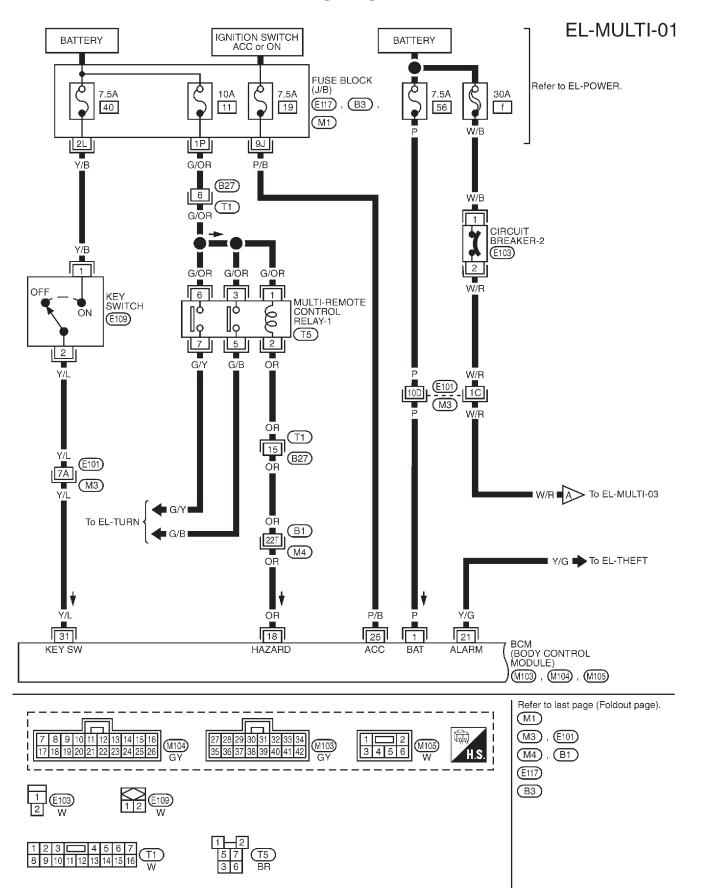
Panic alarm operation

Multi-remote control system activates horn and headlamps intermittently when an alarm signal is sent from remote controller to multi-remote control system.

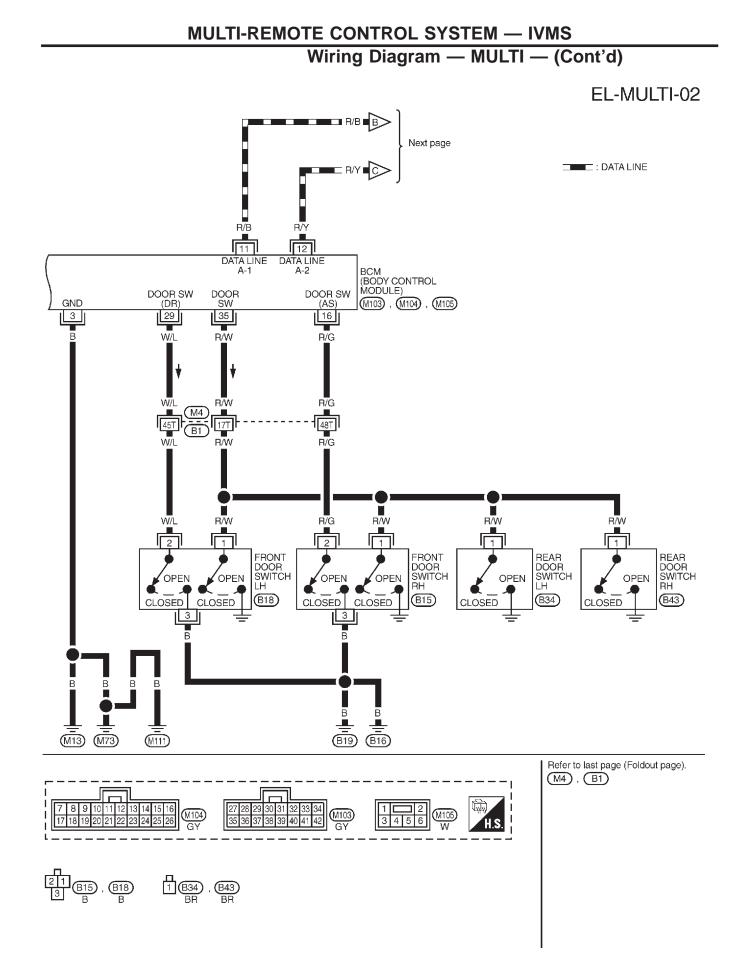
For detailed description, refer to "THEFT WARNING SYSTEM — IVMS" (EL-251).

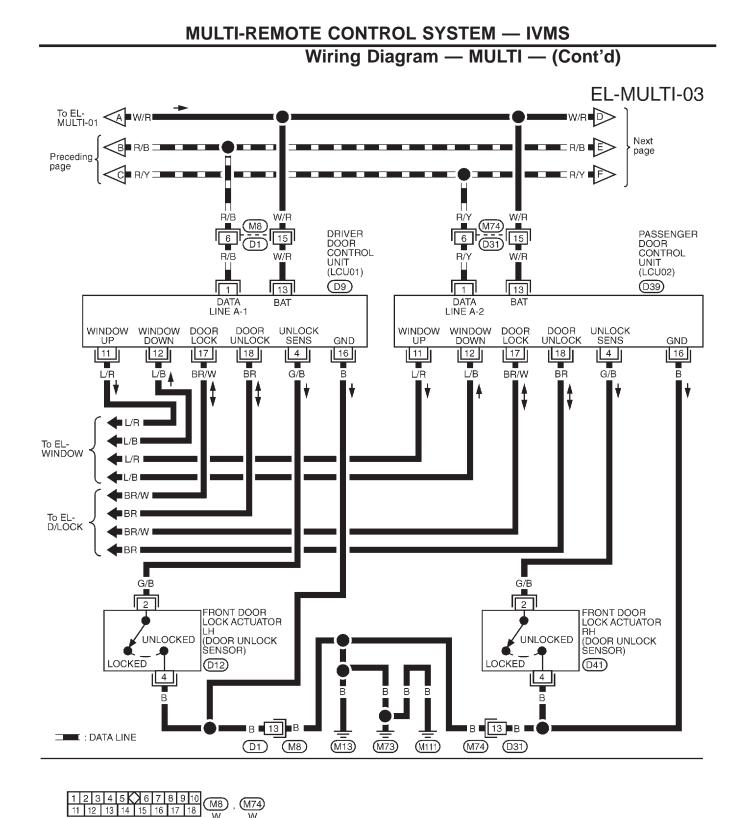
Schematic





Wiring Diagram — MULTI —





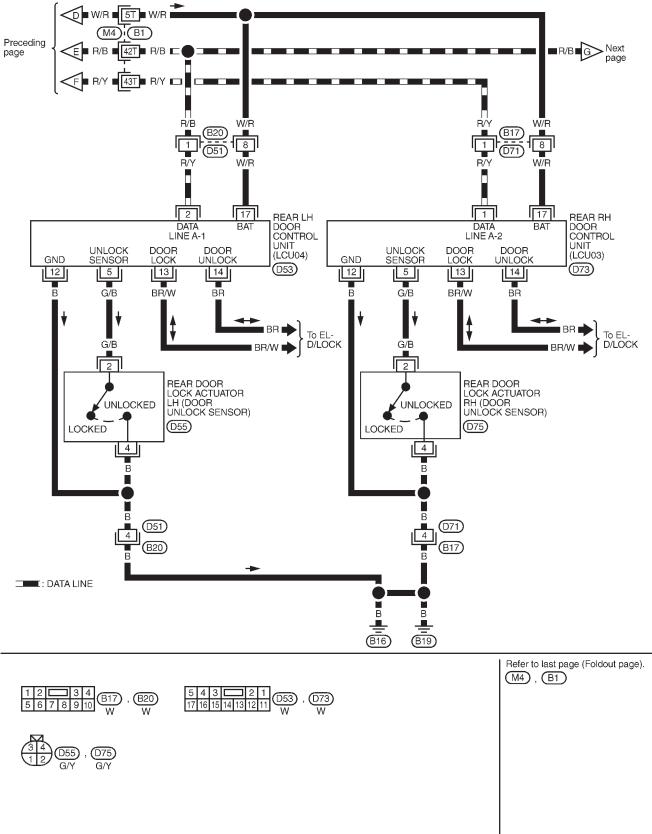
(M8) , (M74) W W

10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 W

(D12) , (D41) GY GY

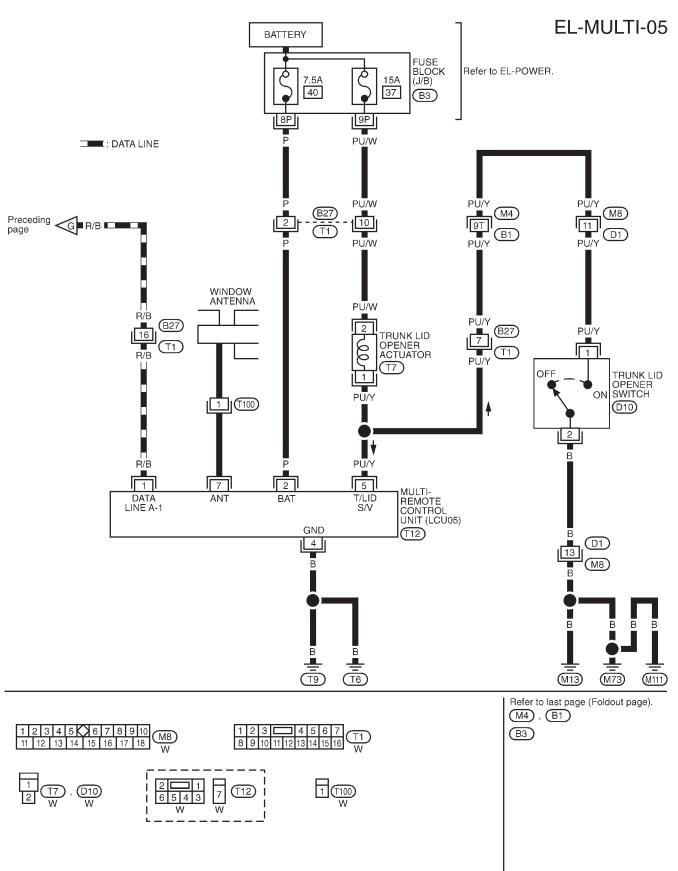
Wiring Diagram — MULTI — (Cont'd)

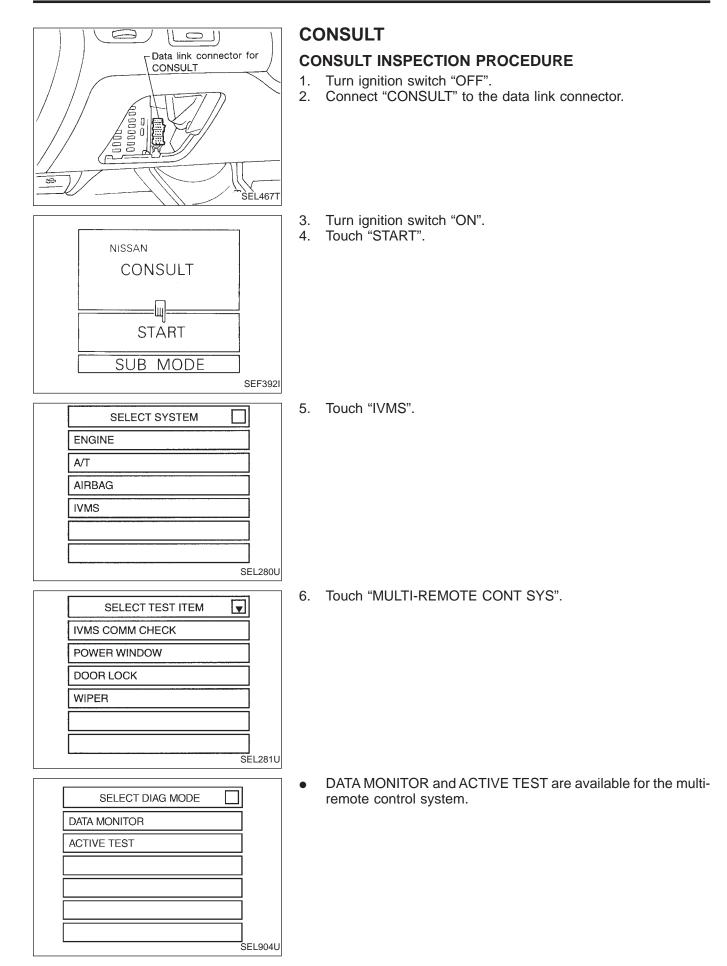
EL-MULTI-04



MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM — IVMS

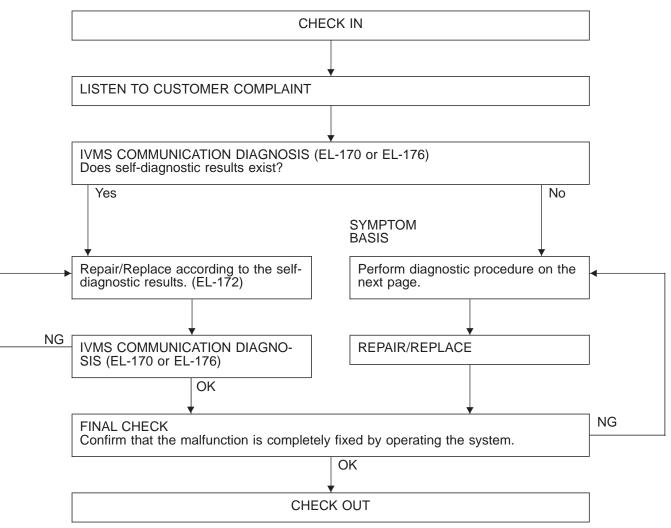
Wiring Diagram — MULTI — (Cont'd)





Trouble Diagnoses

WORK FLOW



NOTICE:

- When LCU connectors are disconnected for more than 1 minute such as during trouble diagnoses, the "disconnected" data will be memorized by the BCM. Therefore, after reconnecting the LCU connectors, erase the memory.
- To erase the memory, perform the procedure below. Erase the memory with CONSULT (refer to EL-170) or turn the ignition switch to "OFF" position and remove 7.5A fuse (No. 56, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM — IVMS

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) **TROUBLE SYMPTOM**

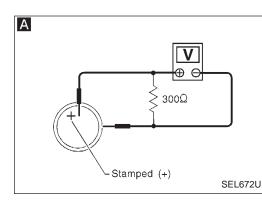
All functions of remote control system do not operate.

] NG	
CHECK REMOTE CONTROLLER BATTERY. Refer to DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1, EL-243.		Replace battery.
Enter the Identity (ID) code of different or new remote controller. Refer to EL-249.		
L OK		
Can the new ID code be entered?	No	Go to DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2,
Yes		EL-243 and DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3, EL-244.
	_	3, LL-244.
Replace with the originally used multi-remote controller.		
• Some functions of multi-remote controller do not operate.		
CHECK REMOTE CONTROLLER INPUT SIGNAL.	No	Replace the multi-remote controller.
 Check remote controller input signal using CONSULT (DATA MONITOR) or On-board Diagnosis (Mode II, refer to EL-178). 		·
Yes	_	
 ① DOOR LOCK OR UNLOCK DOES NOT FUNCTION. (Pressing lock or unlock button of remote controller normally locks or unlocks all doors.) Check if power door lock system functions with door lock & unlock switch. 	No	Check "POWER DOOR LOCK" system and door switch input signal. (Refer to DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3, EL-244.)
FRONT POWER WINDOW DOES NOT LOWER WHEN DOOR UNLOCK BUTTON IS CONTINUOUSLY PRESSED FOR MORE THAN 1.5 SECONDS. OR	No	Check "POWER WINDOW" system.
INTERIOR LAMP DOES NOT TURN ON FOR 30 SECONDS WHEN PRESSING UNLOCK BUTTON OF REMOTE CONTROLLER. OR	No	Check "Interior lamp" circuit.
 ④ HAZARD INDICATOR DOES NOT FLASH TWICE WHEN PRESSING LOCK BUTTON OF REMOTE CONTROLLER. ● Check if hazard indicator flashes with hazard switch. If check is OK, Go to DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 6, EL-248. 	No	Check "Hazard indicator lamp" circuit.
 OR OR OR PANIC ALARM (HORN AND HEADLAMP) DOES NOT ACTIVATE WHEN PANIC ALARM BUTTON IS CONTINUOUSLY PRESSED FOR MORE THAN 1.5 SECONDS. Check if horn and headlamps activate when test is conducted as follows: Open the driver's window. Close all doors, hood and trunk lid. Losk doors, with the key. 	No	
 3. Lock doors with the key. 4. Wait for about 30 seconds to make sure that the lighted "SECURITY" warning lamp begins to blink. 5. Open the hood with hood lock opener, then panic alarm should activate. (The alarm will stop when door is unlocked with the key.) OR (6) TRUNK LID DOES NOT OPEN WHEN TRUNK OPENER BUTTON IS 	-	Check "THEFT WARNING" system.
PRESSED.Check if trunk lid opens with trunk lid opener switch.	No	Go to DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5 (EL-247).
Yes	7	
Go to DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4 (EL-246).		

Note: The unlock and trunk open operation of multi-remote control system does not activate with the ignition key inserted in the ignition key cylinder.
The lock operation of multi-remote control system does not activate with the key inserted in the igni-

tion key cylinder or if one of the doors is opened.

MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM - IVMS



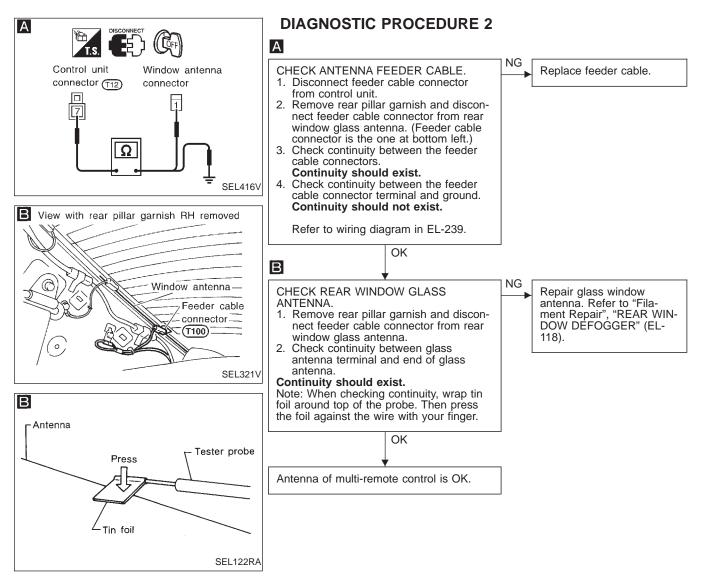
Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1

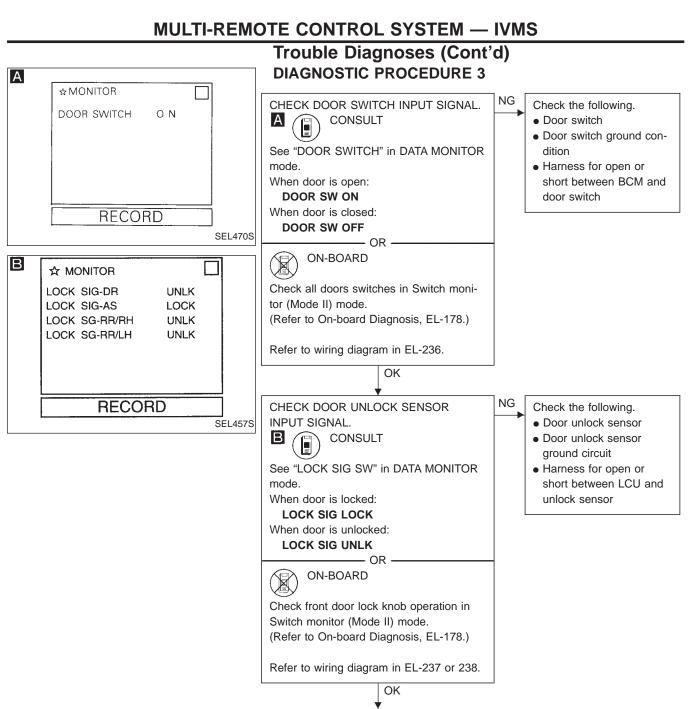
CHECK REMOTE CONTROLLER BAT-TERY. Remove battery and measure voltage across battery positive and negative terminals, ⊕ and ⊝.

\oplus	Θ	value
Battery posi- tive terminal	Battery nega- tive terminal	2.5 - 3.0V

Note:

Remote controller does not function if battery is not set correctly.

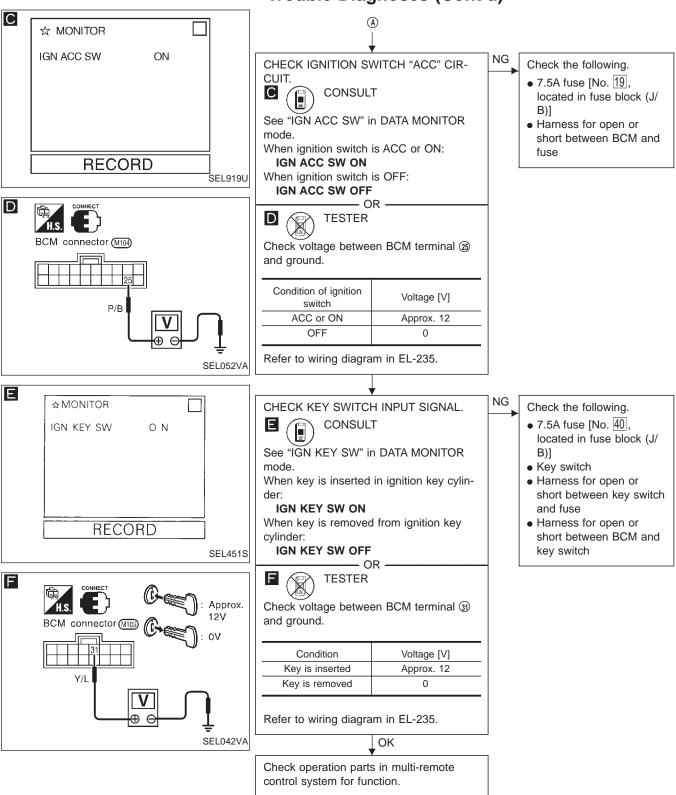


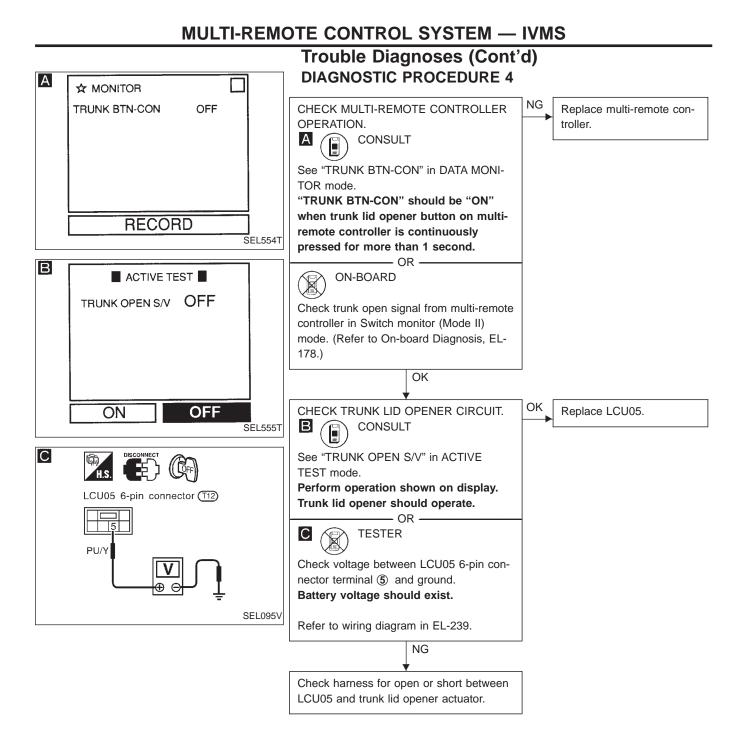


A

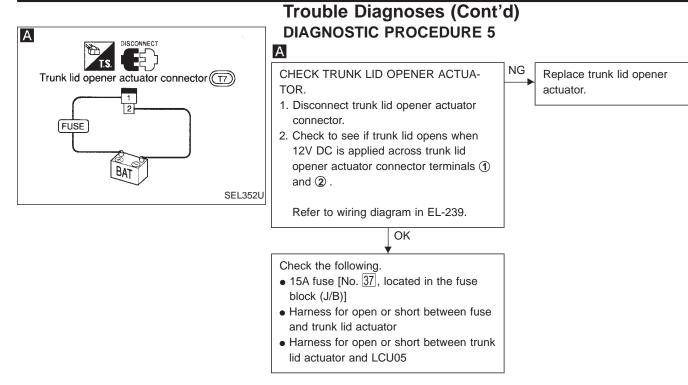




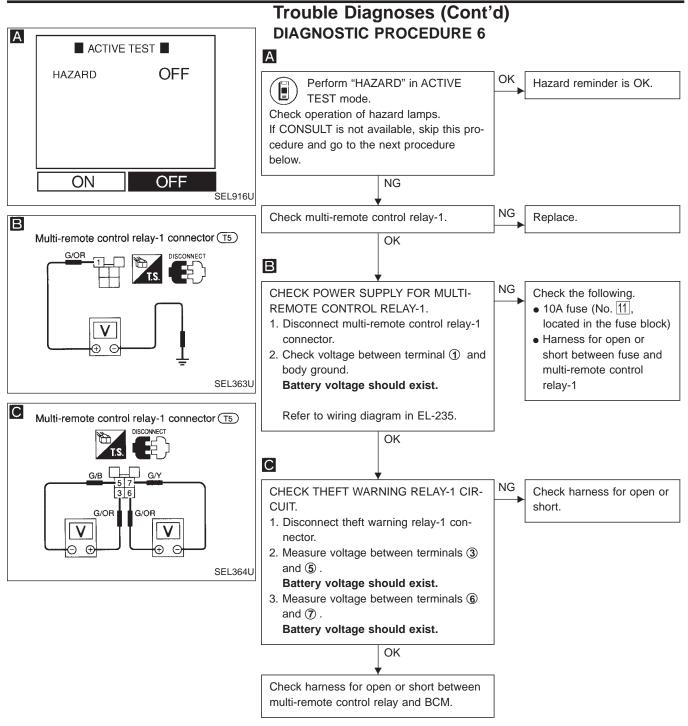




MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM — IVMS



MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM - IVMS



ID Code Entry Procedure

Enter the identity (ID) code manually when:

- remote controller or control unit (LCU05) is replaced.
- an additional remote controller is activated.

ID Code Entry Procedure

To enter the ID code, follow the procedures below.

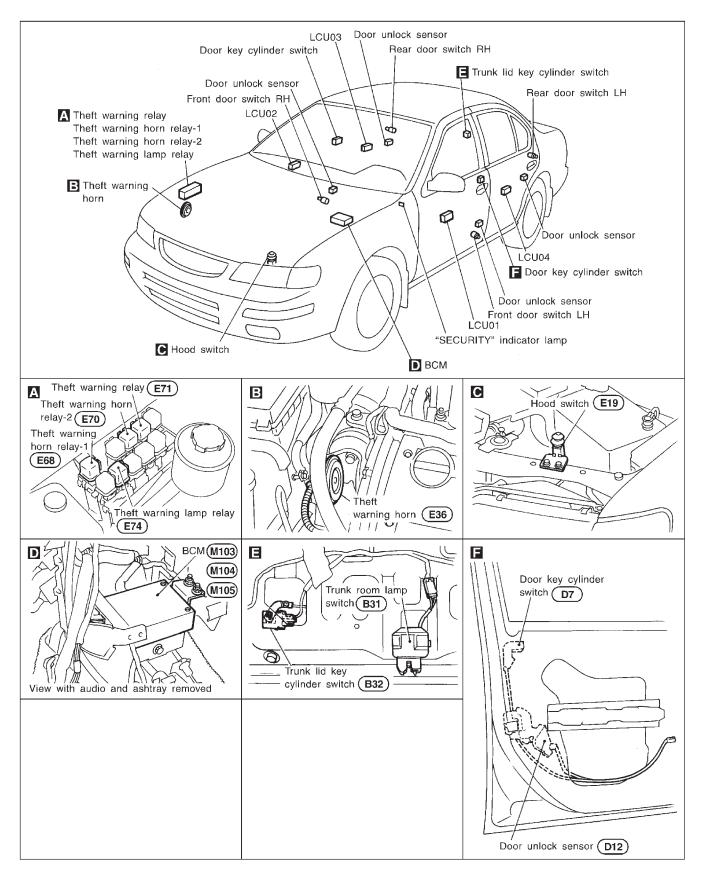
PROCEDURE

Close all doors and lock all doors.		
	↓ ↓	
Insert and remove the key from the ignition 10 seconds. (The hazard warning lamp w		
	↓ ↓	
Turn ignition key switch to "ACC" position		
Push any button on the new remote contri then flash.) At this time, the new ID code is entere erased.	<	
	•	
Do you want to enter any additional remo A maximum four ID codes may be enter ignored.		
No	Yes	
	ADDITIONAL ID CODE ENTRY Release the door lock, then lock again with door lock/unlock switch (in power window main switch).	
↓		
Unlock driver side door and open driver s After entering the identity (ID) code, ch trol system.	ide door. (END) neck the operation of multi-remote con-	

NOTE

- If you need to activate more than two additional new remote controllers, repeat the procedure • "Additional ID code entry" for each new remote controller. If the same ID code that exists in the memory is input, the entry will be ignored.
- Entry of maximum four ID codes is allowed and any attempt to enter more will be ignored. •

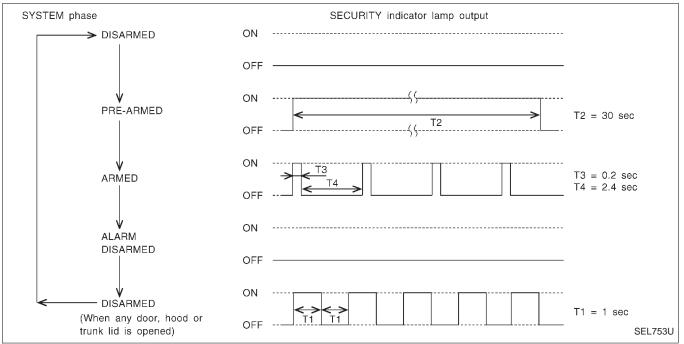
Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



System Description

DESCRIPTION

1. Operation flow



2. Setting the theft warning system

Initial condition

- (1) Close all doors.
- (2) Close hood and trunk lid.

Disarmed phase

The theft warning system is in the disarmed phase when any door(s), hood or trunk lid is opened. The security indicator lamp blinks every second.

Pre-armed phase and armed phase

The theft warning system turns into the "pre-armed" phase when hood, trunk lid and all doors are closed and locked by key or multi-remote controller. (The security indicator lamp illuminates.)

After about 30 seconds, the system automatically shifts into the "armed" phase (the system is set). (The security indicator lamp blinks every 2.4 seconds.)

3. Canceling the set theft warning system

When the following (a) or (b) operation is performed, the armed phase is canceled.

- (a) Unlock the doors with the key or multi-remote controller.
- (b) Open the trunk lid with the key. When the trunk lid is closed after opening the trunk lid with the key, the system returns to the armed phase.

4. Activating the alarm operation of the theft warning system

Make sure the system is in the armed phase. (The security indicator lamp blinks every 2.4 seconds.) When the following operation (a), (b) or (c) is performed, the system sounds the horns and flashes the head-lamps for about 2.5 minutes. (At the same time, the system disconnects the starting system circuit.)

- (a) Engine hood, trunk lid or any door is opened before unlocking door with key or multi-remote controller.
- (b) Door is unlocked without using key or multi-remote controller.
- (c) Trunk lid key cylinder is removed, by being punched, for example.

System Description (Cont'd)

Refer to Owner's Manual for theft warning system operating instructions. Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to security indicator lamp terminal 2.

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 19 , located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to BCM terminal 2.

BCM is connected to LCU01, LCU02, LCU03, LCU04 and LCU05 as DATA LINES A-1 or A-2.

INITIAL CONDITION TO ACTIVATE THE SYSTEM

The operation of the theft warning system is controlled by the doors, hood and trunk lid.

To activate the theft warning system, the BCM must receive signals indicating the doors, hood and trunk lid are closed and the doors are locked.

When a door is open, BCM terminal 3 receives a ground signal from each door switch.

When a front door is unlocked, door LCU01 or 02 terminal 4 receives a ground signal from terminal 2 of each door unlock sensor.

When a rear door is unlocked, door LCU03 or 04 terminal (5) receives a ground signal from terminal (2) of the door unlock sensor.

When the hood is open, BCM terminal 36 receives a ground signal

- from terminal ① of the hood switch
- through body grounds E5 and E30.

When the trunk lid is open, BCM terminal 3 receives a ground signal

- from terminal ① of the trunk room lamp switch
- through body grounds (B16) and (B19).

When the trunk lid key cylinder is removed by being punched, for example, BCM terminal (2) receives a ground signal from removed tamper switch.

When the doors are locked with key or multi-remote controller and none of the described conditions exist, the theft warning system will automatically shift to armed phase.

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM ACTIVATION (With key or remote controller used to lock doors)

If the key is used to lock doors, LCU01/02 terminal (6) receives a ground signal

- from terminal ① of the door key cylinder switch
- through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M111).

If this signal or lock signal from remote controller is received by the LCU01/02 or LCU05, the theft warning system will activate automatically.

Once the theft warning system has been activated, BCM terminal ② supplies ground to terminal ① of the security indicator lamp.

The security lamp will illuminate for approximately 30 seconds and then blink.

Now the theft warning system is in armed phase.

System Description (Cont'd)

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM ALARM OPERATION

The theft warning system is triggered by

- opening a door
- opening the trunk lid
- opening the hood
- removing trunk lid key cylinder
- unlocking door without using the key or multi-remote controller.

Once the theft warning system is in armed phase, if BCM or LCU receives one of the following ground signals, the theft warning system will be triggered. The headlamps flash and the horn sounds intermittently, and the starting system is interrupted.

- door switch open signal at BCM terminal 39
- trunk room lamp switch open signal at BCM terminal 30
- hood switch open signal at BCM terminal 36
- front door unlock signal at LCU01/02 terminal ④
- rear door unlock signal at LCU03/04 terminal (5)
- trunk lid key cylinder removed signal at BCM terminal 28
- Power is supplied at all times
- through 10A fuse [No. 17, located in the fuse block (J/B)].
- to theft warning relay terminal ①.
- If the theft warning system is triggered, ground is supplied
- from terminal 2 of the BCM
- to theft warning relay terminal ②.

With power and ground supplied, power to the clutch interlock relay (M/T models) or inhibitor relay (A/T models) is interrupted. The starter motor will not crank and the engine will not start.

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse (No. 65, located in fuse and fusible link box)
- to theft warning lamp relay terminal ①
- to theft warning horn relay-2 terminal ①.

When the theft warning system is triggered, ground is supplied intermittently

- from terminal 2 of the BCM
- to theft warning lamp relay terminal 2 and
- to theft warning horn relay-2 terminal (2).
- The headlamps flash and the horn sounds intermittently.

The alarm automatically turns off after 2 or 3 minutes but will reactivate if the vehicle is tampered with again.

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM DEACTIVATION

To deactivate the theft warning system, a door or the trunk lid must be unlocked with the key or remote controller.

When the key is used to unlock a door, LCU01/02 terminal (5) receives a ground signal

• from terminal ② of the door key cylinder switch.

When the key is used to unlock the trunk lid, BCM terminal (1) receives a ground signal from terminal (1) of the trunk lid key cylinder switch.

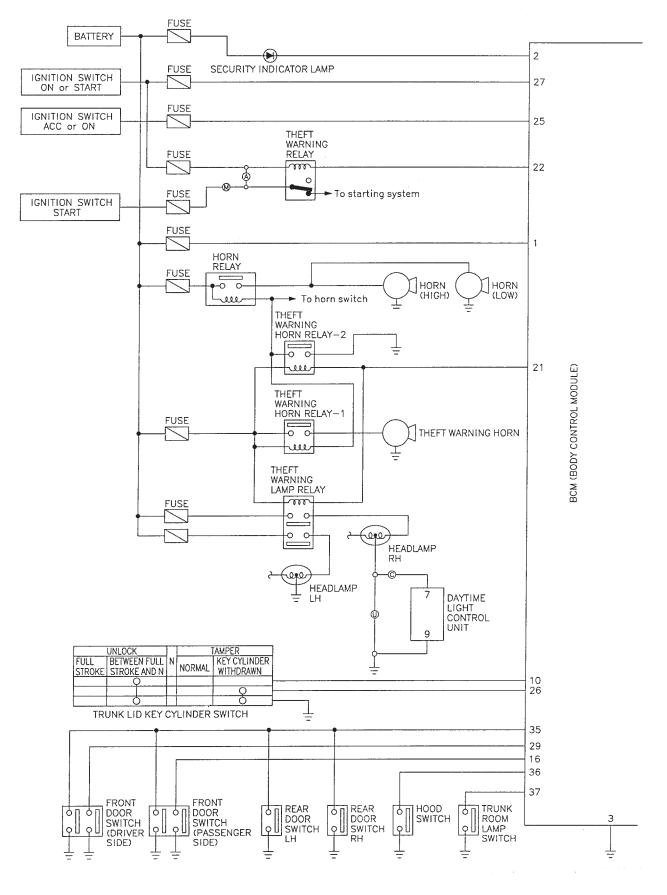
When the BCM/LCUs receives either one of these signals or unlock signal from remote controller, the theft warning system is deactivated. (Disarmed phase)

PANIC ALARM OPERATION

Multi-remote control system may or may not operate theft warning system (horn and headlamps) as required. When the multi-remote control system is triggered, ground is supplied intermittently.

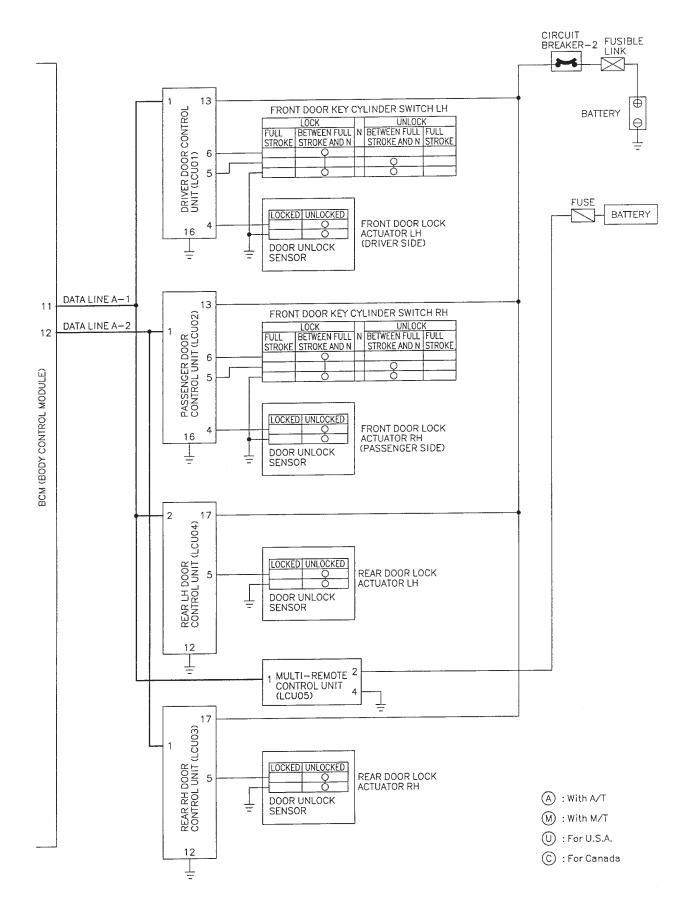
- from BCM terminal 2
- to theft warning lamp relay terminal ② and
- to theft warning horn relay-2 terminal (2).
- The headlamp flashes and the horn sounds intermittently.

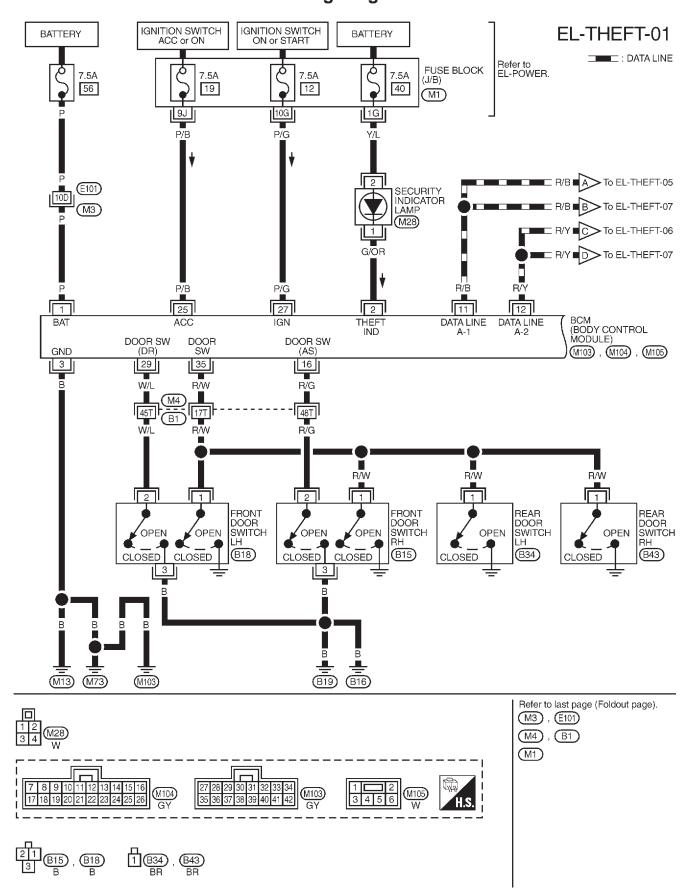
The alarm automatically turns off after 30 seconds or when LCU05 (multi-remote control unit) receives any signal from multi-remote controller.



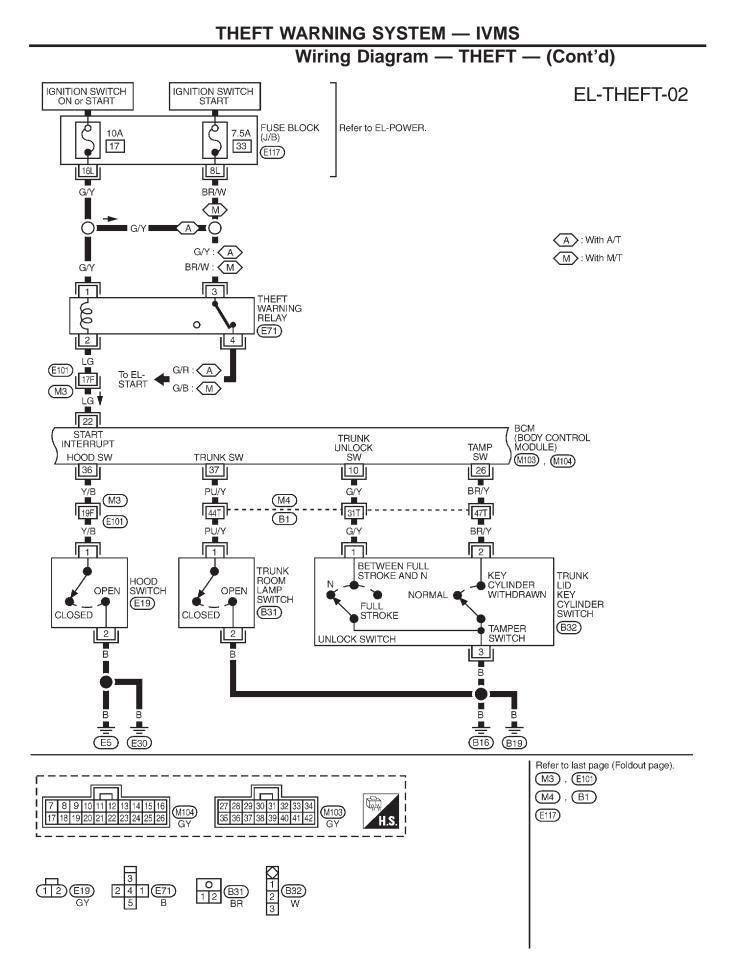
Schematic

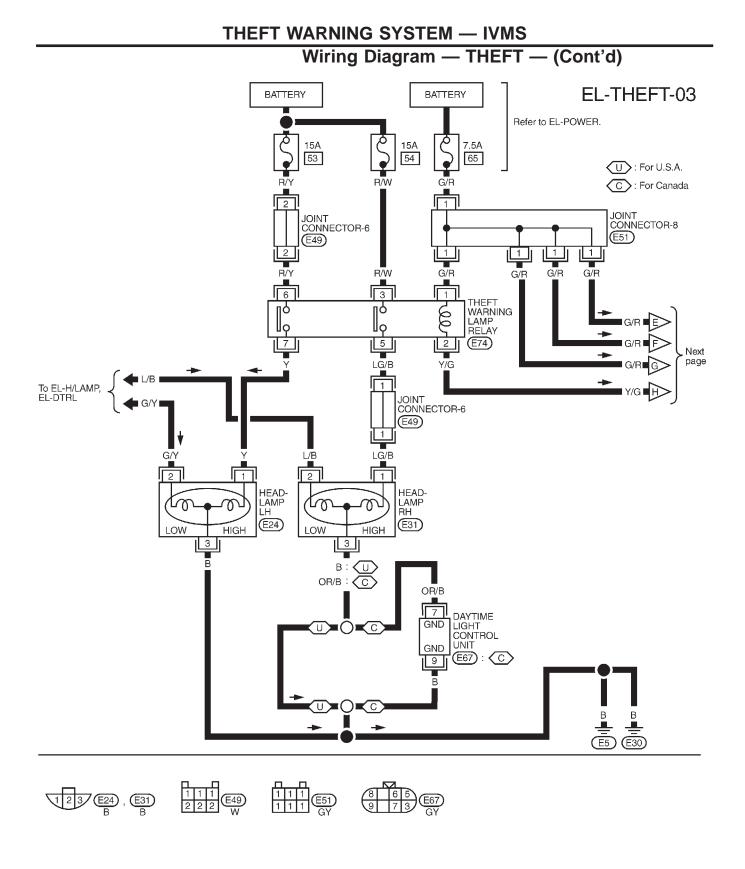
Schematic (Cont'd)



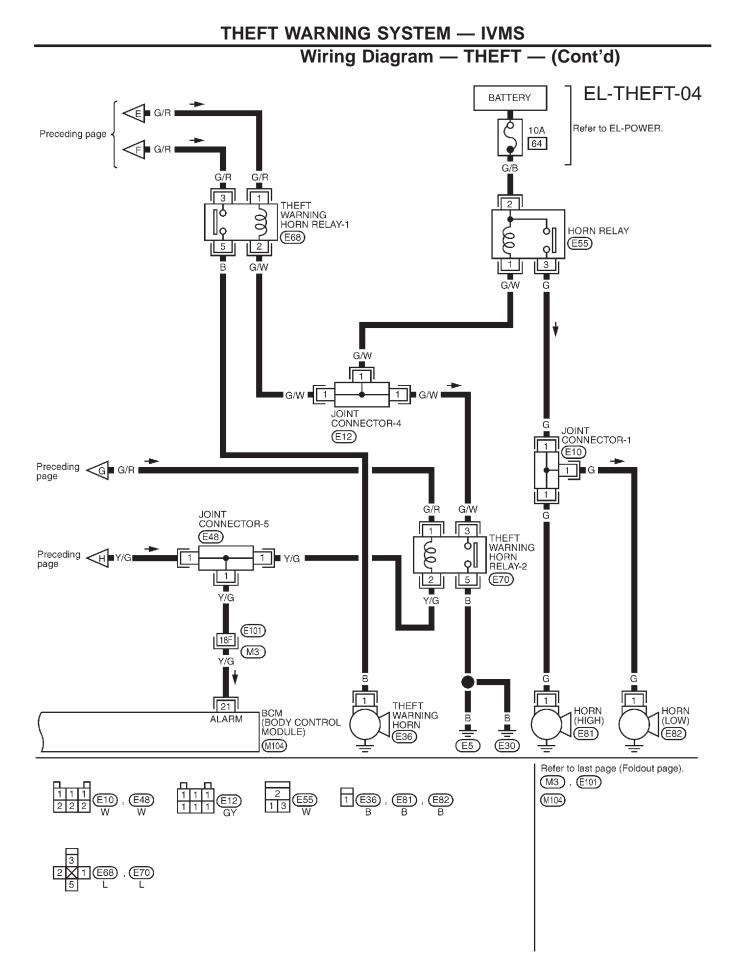


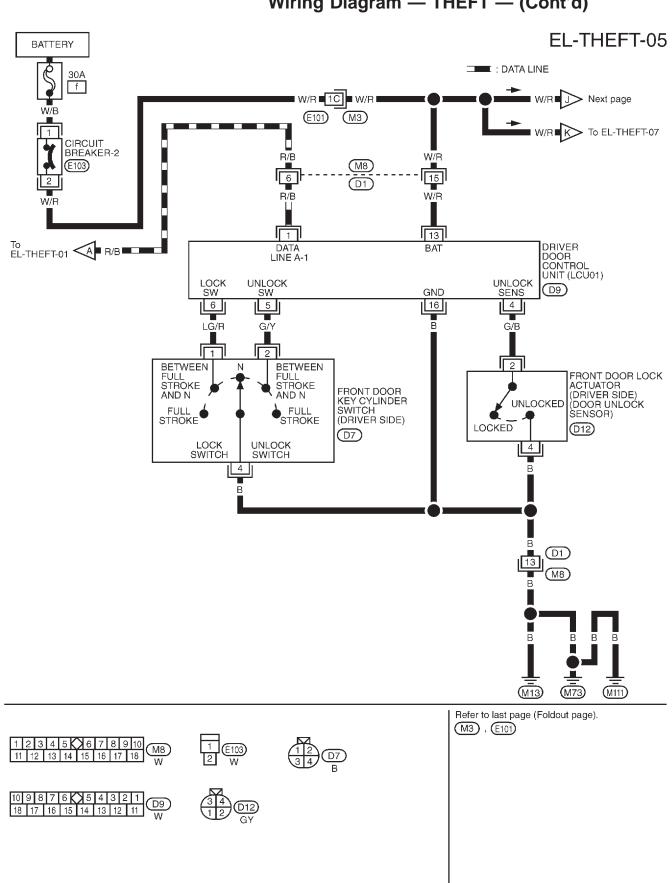
Wiring Diagram — THEFT —

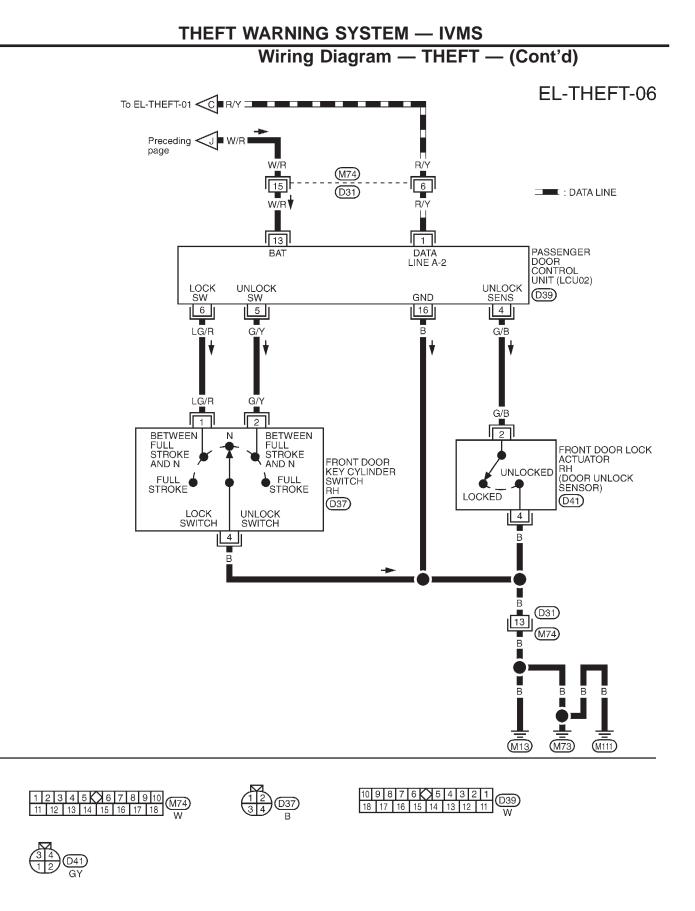


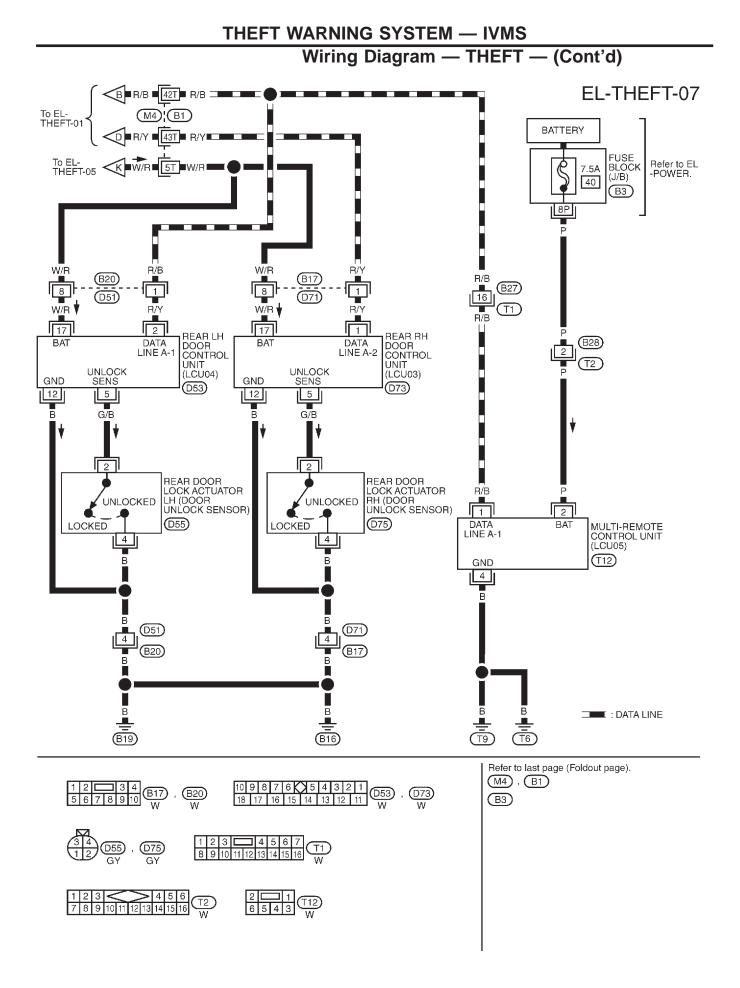


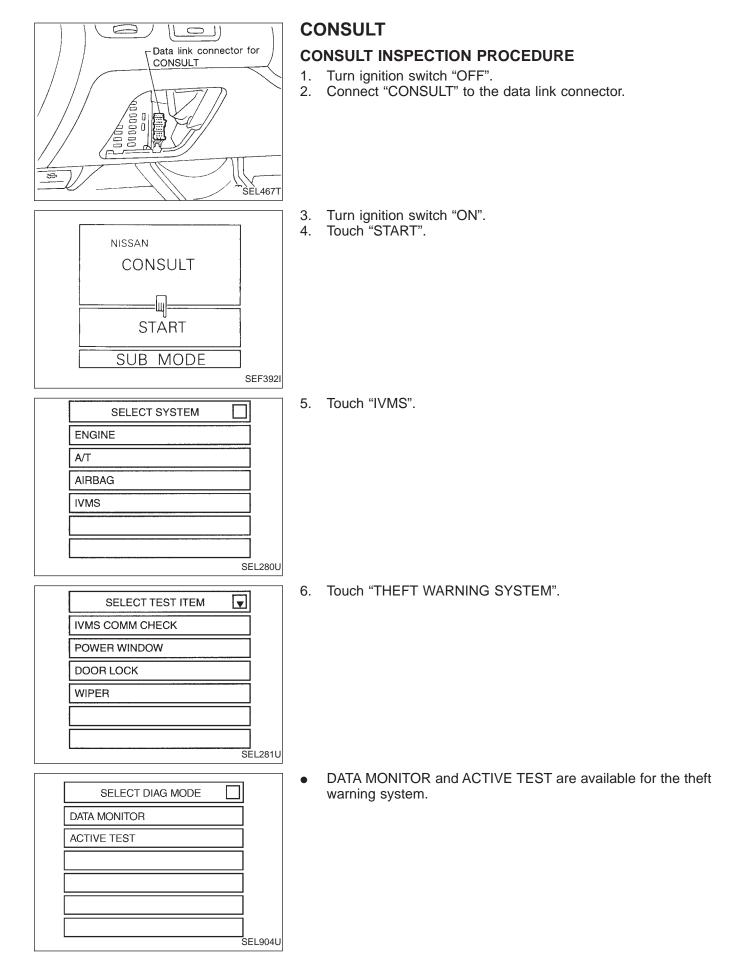






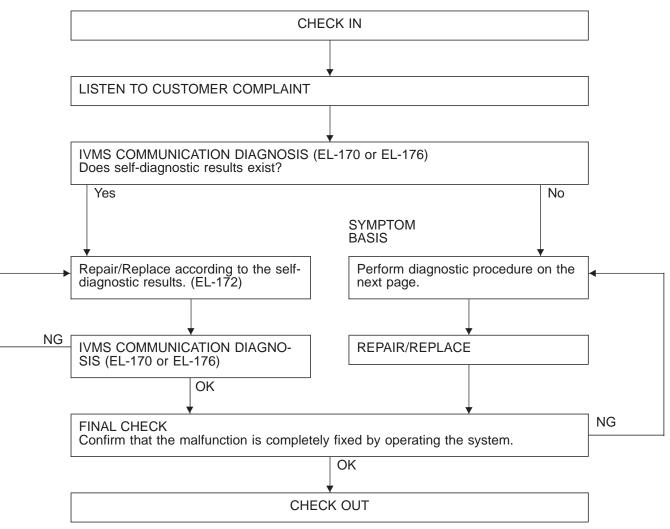






Trouble Diagnoses

WORK FLOW



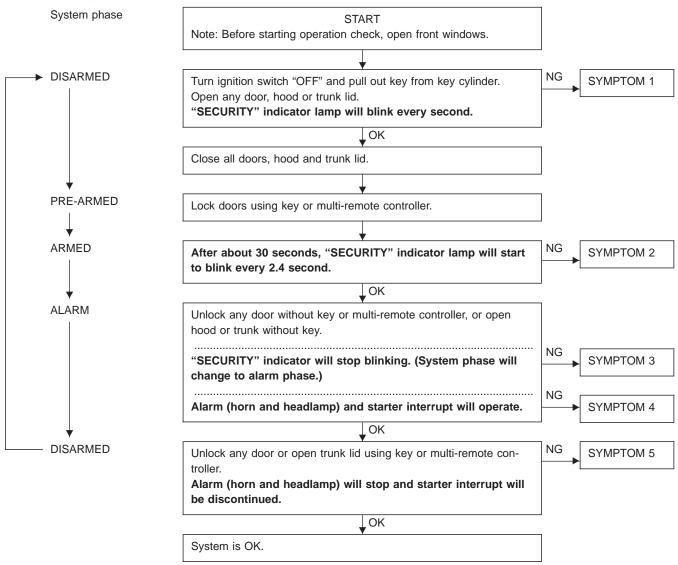
NOTICE:

- When LCU connectors are disconnected for more than 1 minute such as during trouble diagnoses, the "disconnected" data will be memorized by the BCM. Therefore, after reconnecting the LCU connectors, erase the memory.
- To erase the memory, perform the procedure below. Erase the memory with CONSULT (refer to EL-170) or turn the ignition switch to "OFF" position and remove 7.5A fuse (No. 56, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

PRELIMINARY CHECK

The system operation is canceled by turning ignition switch to "ACC" at any step between START and ARMED in the following flow chart.



After performing preliminary check, go to symptom chart on next page.

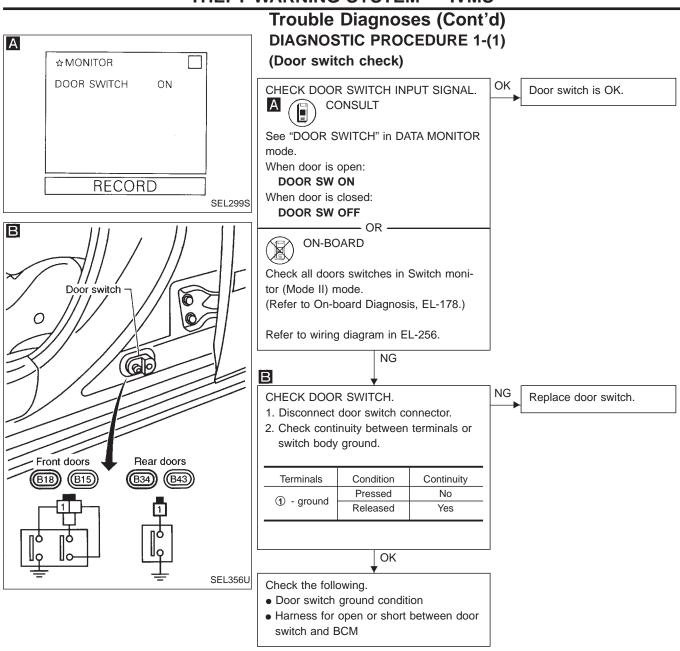
Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) Before starting trouble diagnoses below, perform preliminary check, EL-265. Symptom numbers in the symptom chart correspond with those of preliminary check.

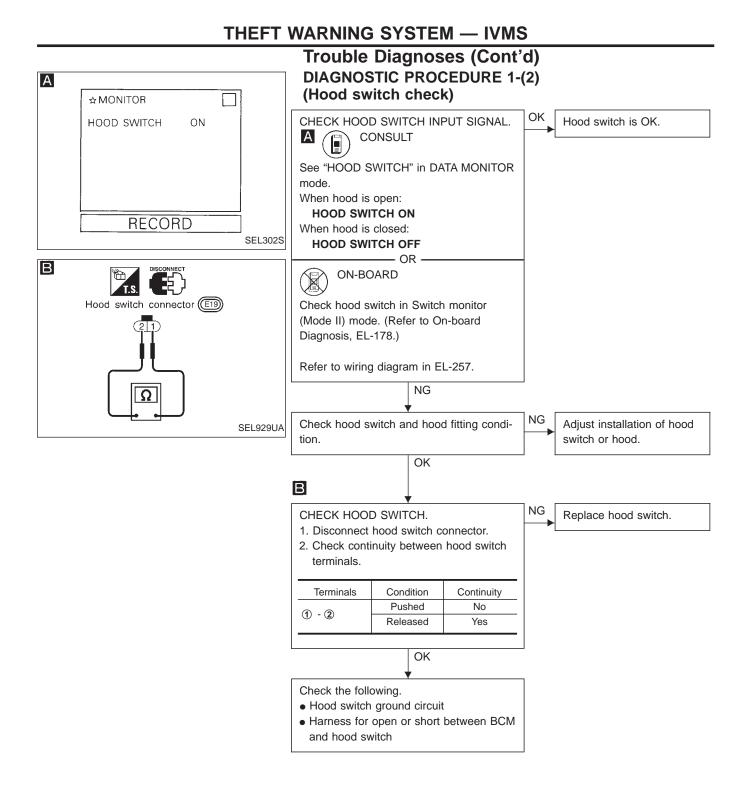
SYMPTOM CHART

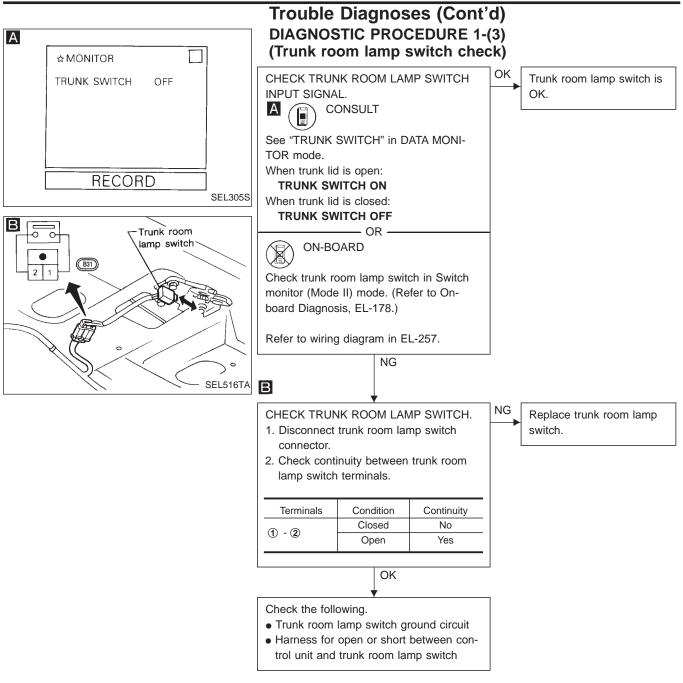
		_								_	
PROCEDURE	-				Di	agnostic	Diagnostic procedure				
REFERENCE PAGE		EL-265	EL-267	EL-271	EL-272	EL-273	EL-274	EL-275	EL-276	EL-277	
SYMPTOM		Preliminary check	Diagnostic Procedure 1 (Door, hood, trunk room lamp and key cylinder tamper switch check)	Diagnostic Procedure 2 (Security indicator lamp check)	Diagnostic Procedure 3 (Door unlock sensor check)	Diagnostic Procedure 4 (Door key cylinder switch check)	Diagnostic Procedure 5 (Trunk lid key cylinder switch check)	Diagnostic Procedure 6 (Theft warning horn alarm check)	Diagnostic Procedure 7 (Headlamp alarm check)	Diagnostic Procedure 8 (Starter interrupt system check)	
Theft warning indicate	<u></u>										
Theft warning indicator does not turn "ON" or blink- ing.	· blink-	×		×							
got . All items		×	×		×						
ft warnir em cann set by Door outside key	e key	×				×					
syste	con-	×									
es not		×	×								
*1 Theft was synthesis and the synthesis and the synthesis and the synthesis and the synthesis and the synthesis and the synthesis and the synthesis and the synthesis and the synthesis and the synthesynthesis and the synthesis and the synthesis a	hout multi- roller	×			×						
		×	×		×						
oes		×						×			
eft v rm activ Headlamp alarm	larm	×							×		
ala	upt	×								×	
arning nnot be by Door outside key	e key	×				×					
m ca		×					×				1 I
syste	con-	×									

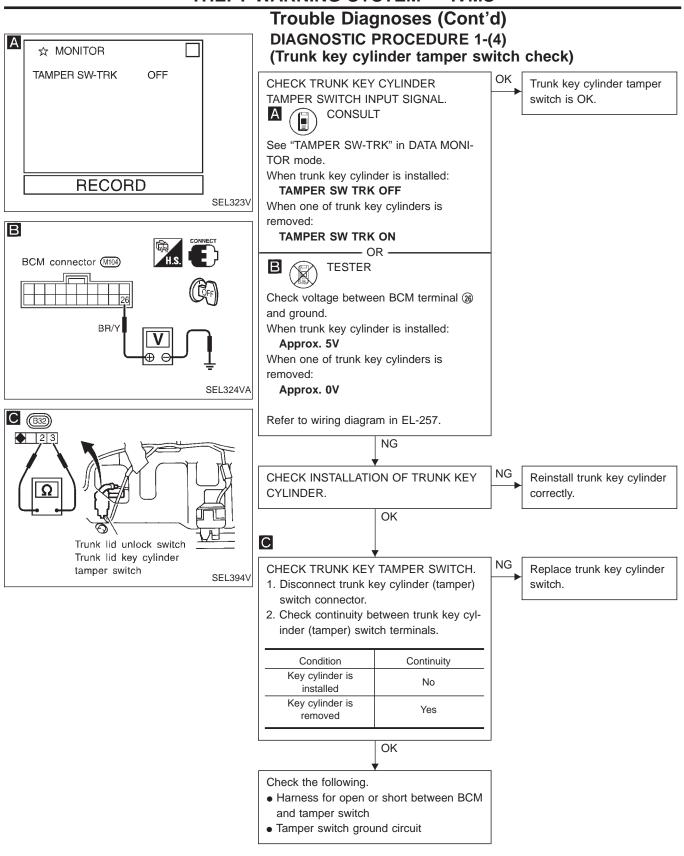
1: Make sure the system is in the armed phase.



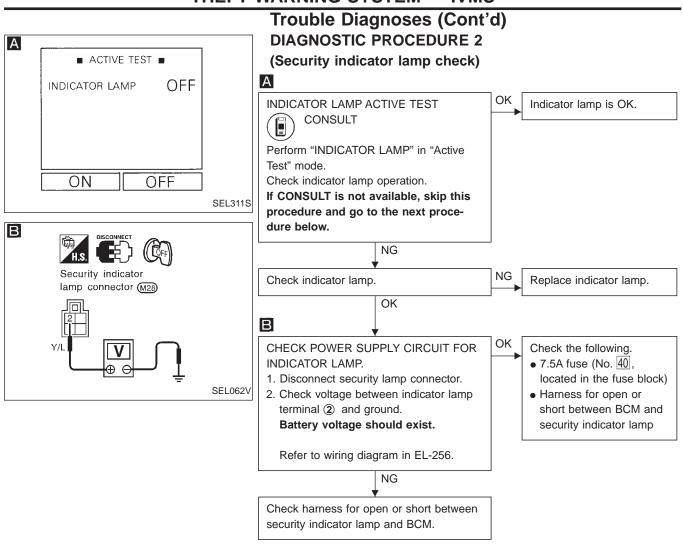


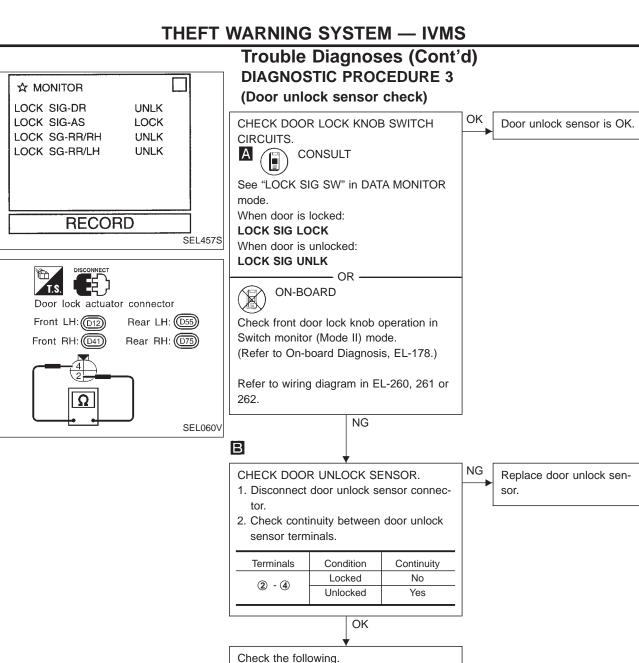








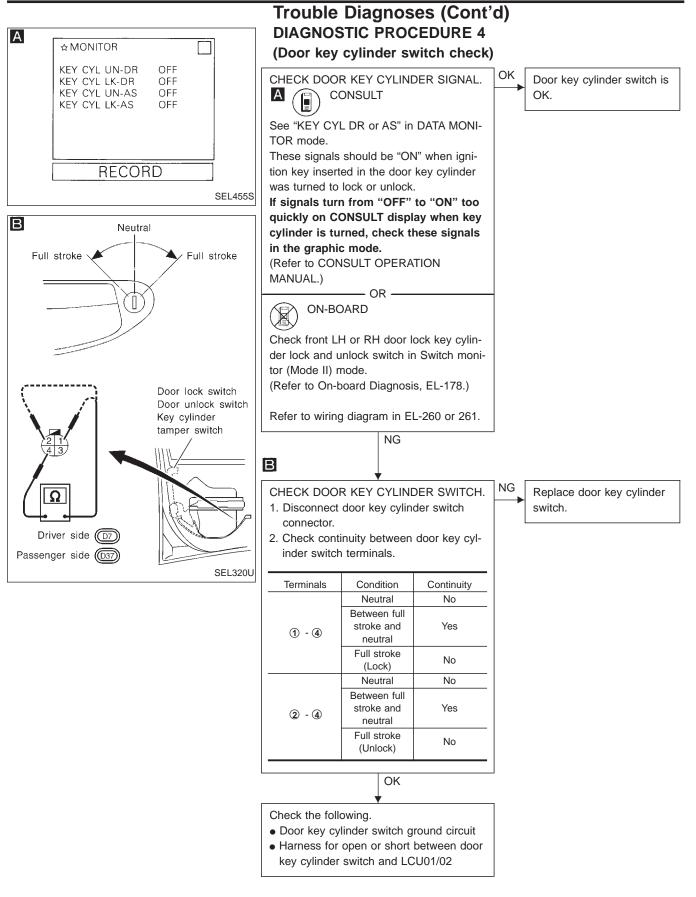


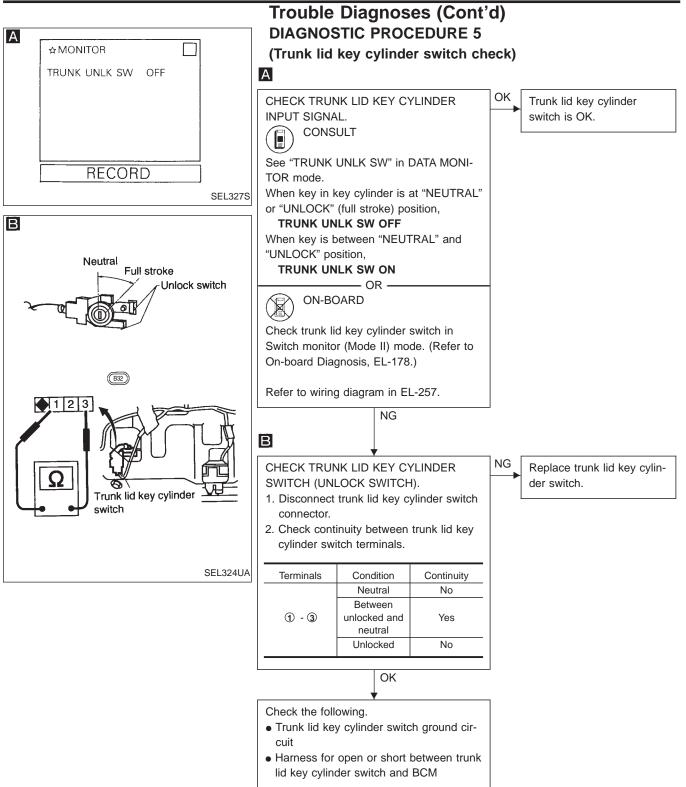


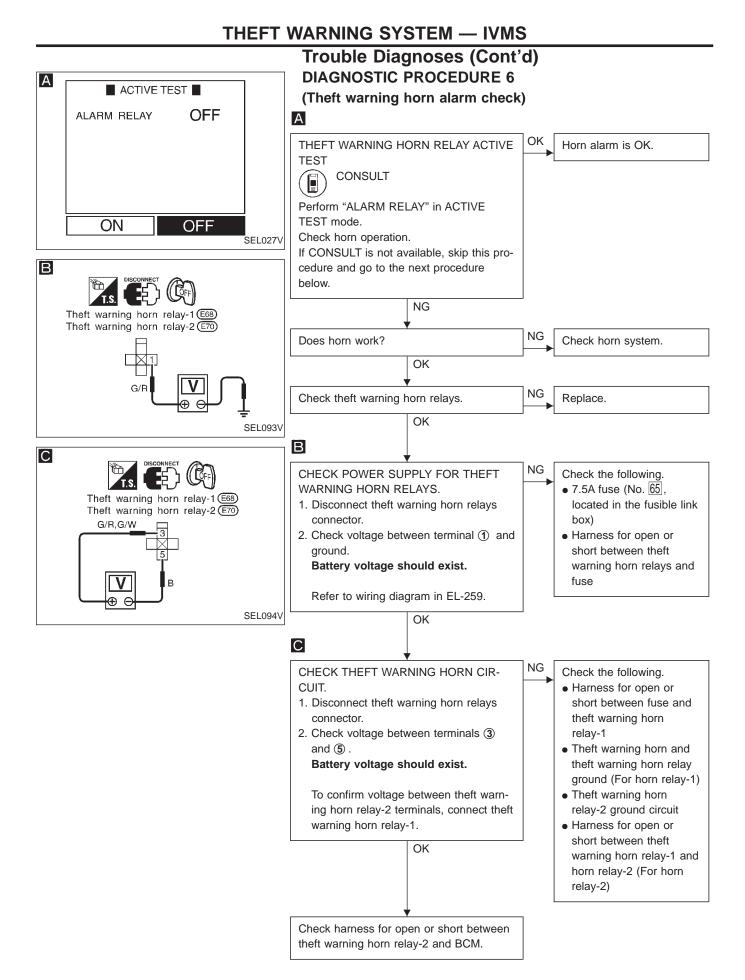
А

В

- Door unlock sensor ground circuit
- Harness for open or short between LCU
 - and door unlock sensor

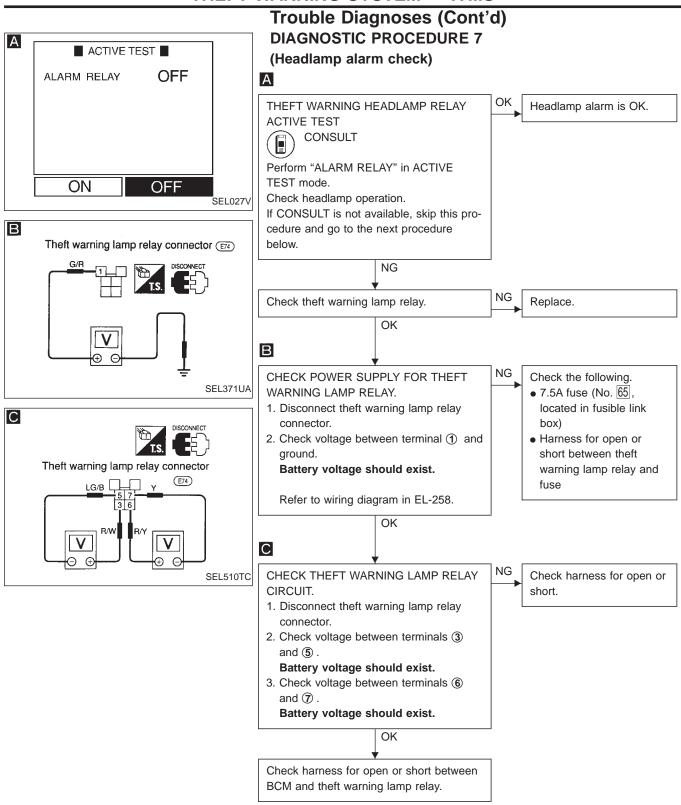


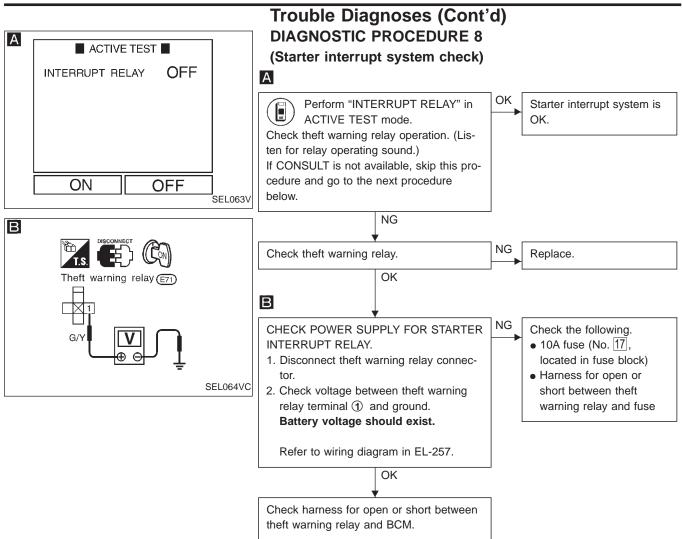




EL-275







System Description

Power is supplied at all times

to lighting switch terminal (1)

through 15A fuse (No. 66, located in the fuse and fusible link box). •

With the lighting switch in the 1ST or 2ND position, power is supplied

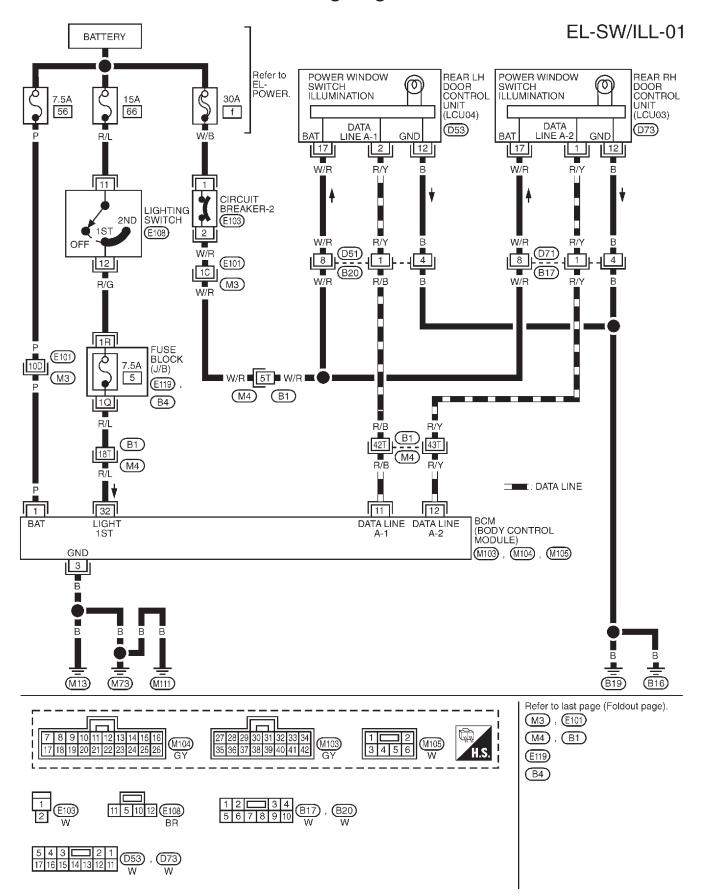
- to BCM terminal (32) •
- •

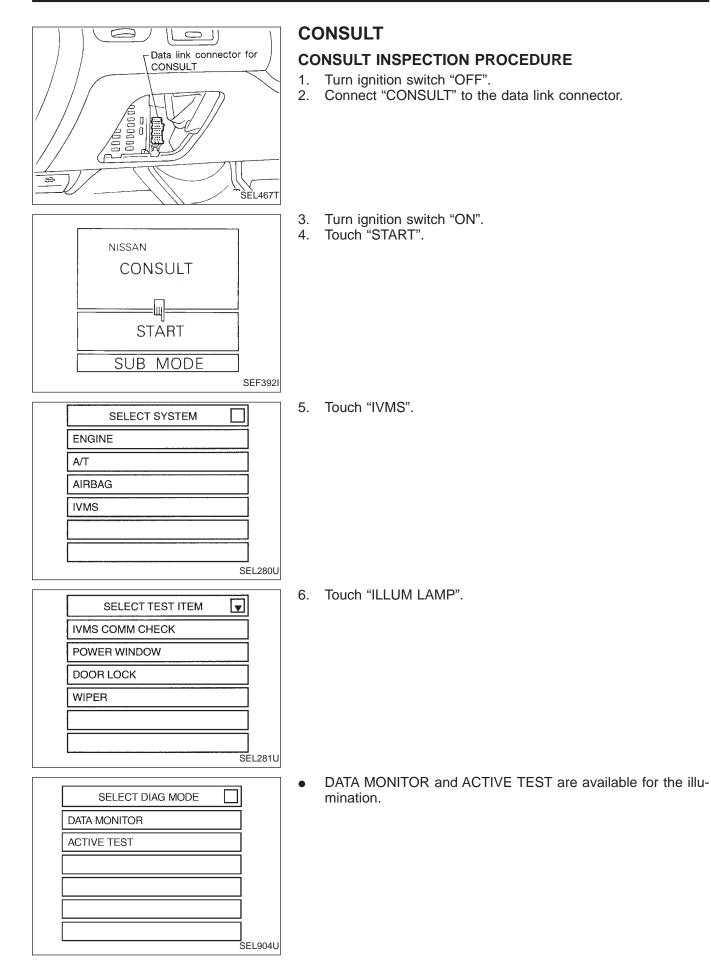
through lighting switch terminal ① and 7.5A fuse [No. 5], located in the fuse block (J/B)]. •

BCM is connected to LCU03 and LCU04 as DATA LINES A-1 or A-2.

When power is supplied to BCM, BCM sends a signal to rear LH and RH door control units to turn on power window switch illumination. Power and ground are supplied to power window switch illumination, then power window switch illumination turns on.

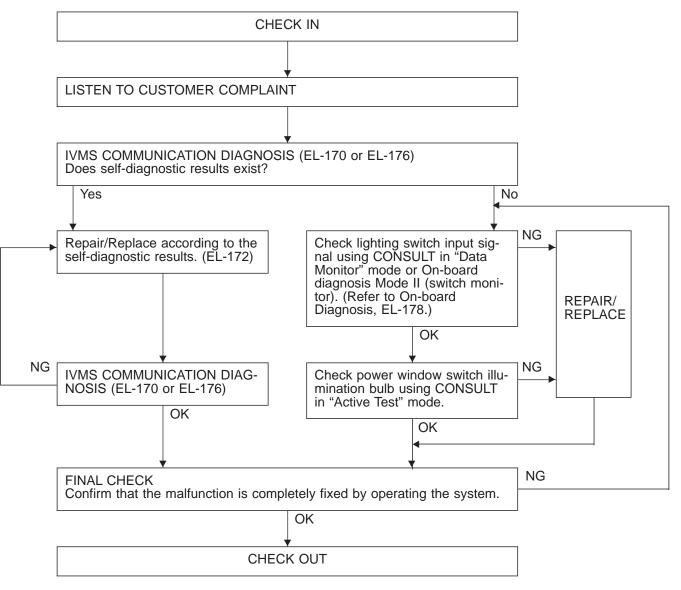
Wiring Diagram — SW/ILL —





Trouble Diagnoses

WORK FLOW



NOTICE:

• When LCU connectors are disconnected for more than 1 minute such as during trouble diagnoses, the "disconnected" data will be memorized by the BCM. Therefore, after reconnecting the LCU connectors, erase the memory.

• To erase the memory, perform the procedure below. Erase the memory with CONSULT (refer to EL-170) or remove turn the ignition switch to "OFF" position and remove 7.5A fuse (No. 56, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

System Description

INTERIOR LAMP, IGNITION KEYHOLE ILLUMINATION

Power supply and ground

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 26, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to interior lamp terminal ①,

• to ignition keyhole illumination terminal ①.

- Power is also supplied at all times
- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)]

• to key switch terminal ①.

- With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied
- through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to BCM terminal 20.
- Driver door control unit (LCU01) terminal ① is connected to BCM terminal ① by DATA LINE A-1. Ground is supplied to driver door control unit terminal ④
- through front driver side door lock actuator (unlock sensor) terminals (2) and (4) when front door lock actuator is in UNLOCK position
- through body grounds (M13), (M73) and (M11).

Switch operation

When interior lamp switch is in the ON position, ground is supplied

- to interior lamp
- through case ground of interior lamp.

When power and ground is supplied, the interior lamp turns ON.

Interior lamp timer operation

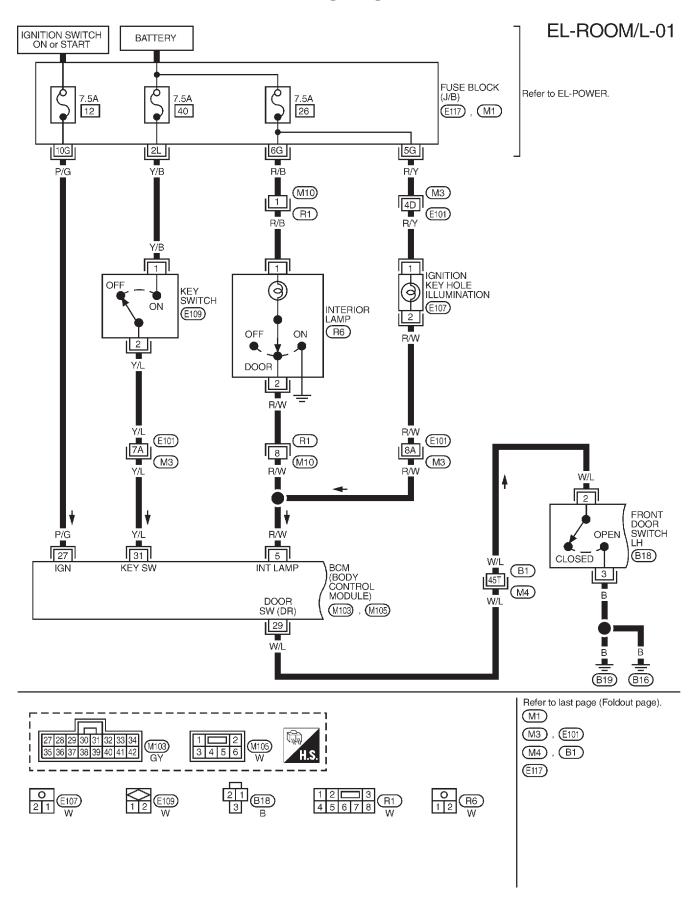
When interior lamp switch is in the "DOOR" position, BCM keeps interior lamp and ignition keyhole illumination on for about 30 seconds when:

- driver's door is unlocked while key is out of the ignition key cylinder,
- unlock signal is supplied from multi-remote controller (Models with multi-remote control system),
- key is withdrawn from ignition key cylinder while driver's door is closed,
- driver's door is opened and then closed while ignition switch is not in the "ON" position.
- The timer is canceled, and interior lamp and ignition keyhole illumination turn off when:
- driver's door is locked, or
- ignition switch is turned "ON".

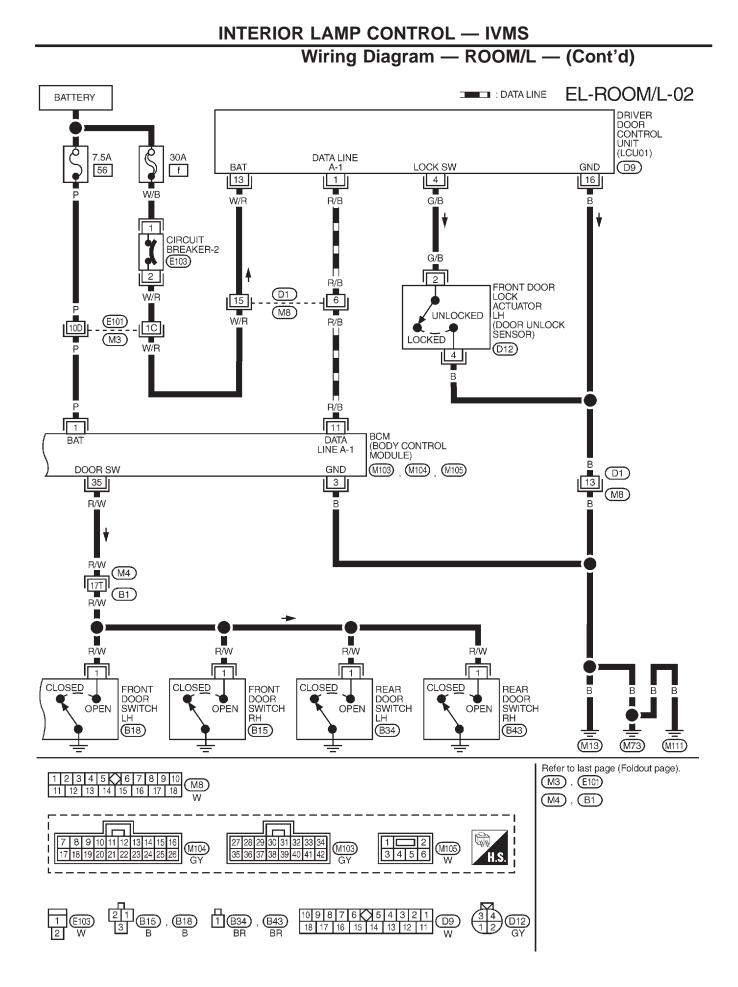
ON-OFF control

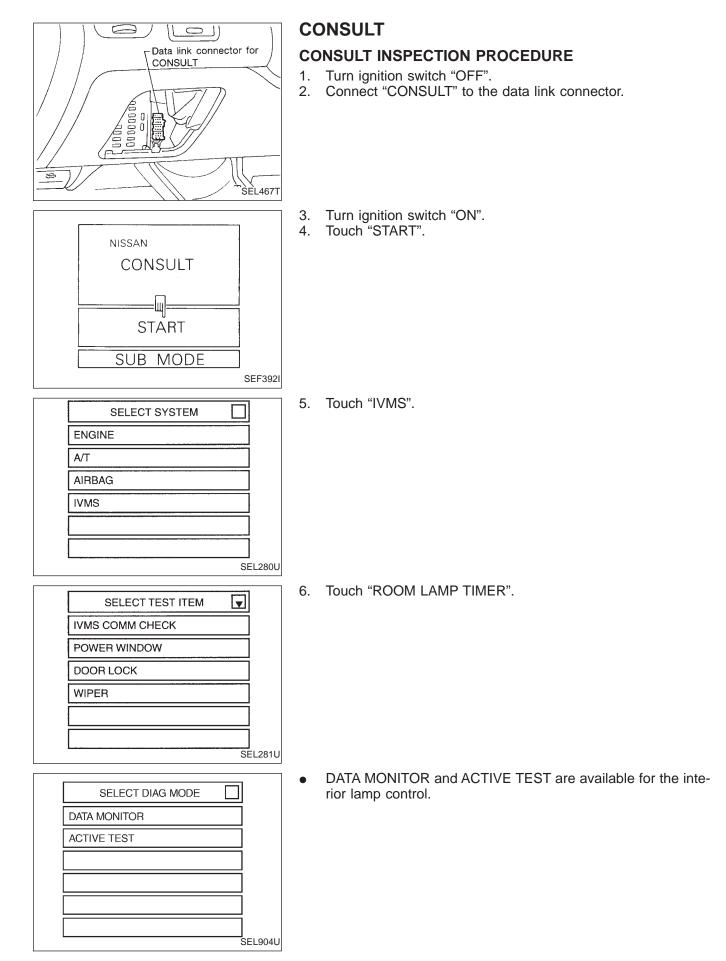
When driver side door, front passenger door, rear LH or RH door is opened, interior lamp and ignition keyhole illumination turn on while interior lamp switch is in the "DOOR" position.

When driver side door is opened and then closed while ignition switch is not in the ON position, interior lamp timer operates. (Timer does not operate when doors other than the driver side door is opened and closed.)



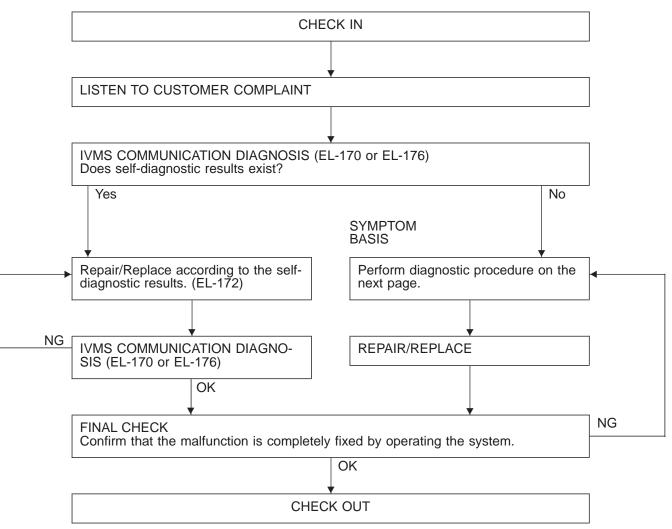
Wiring Diagram — ROOM/L —





Trouble Diagnoses

WORK FLOW

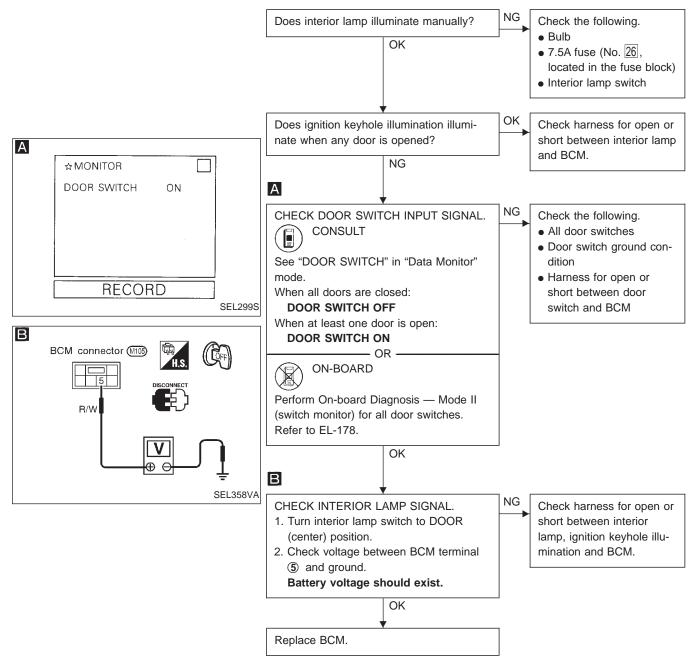


NOTICE:

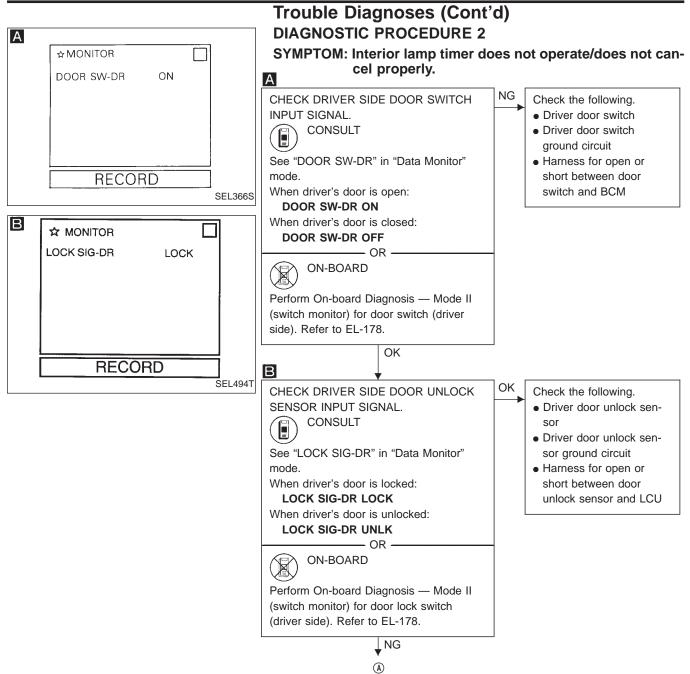
- When LCU connectors are disconnected for more than 1 minute such as during trouble diagnoses, the "disconnected" data will be memorized by the BCM. Therefore, after reconnecting the LCU connectors, erase the memory.
- To erase the memory, perform the procedure below. Erase the memory with CONSULT (refer to EL-170) or turn the ignition switch to "OFF" position and remove 7.5A fuse (No. 56, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

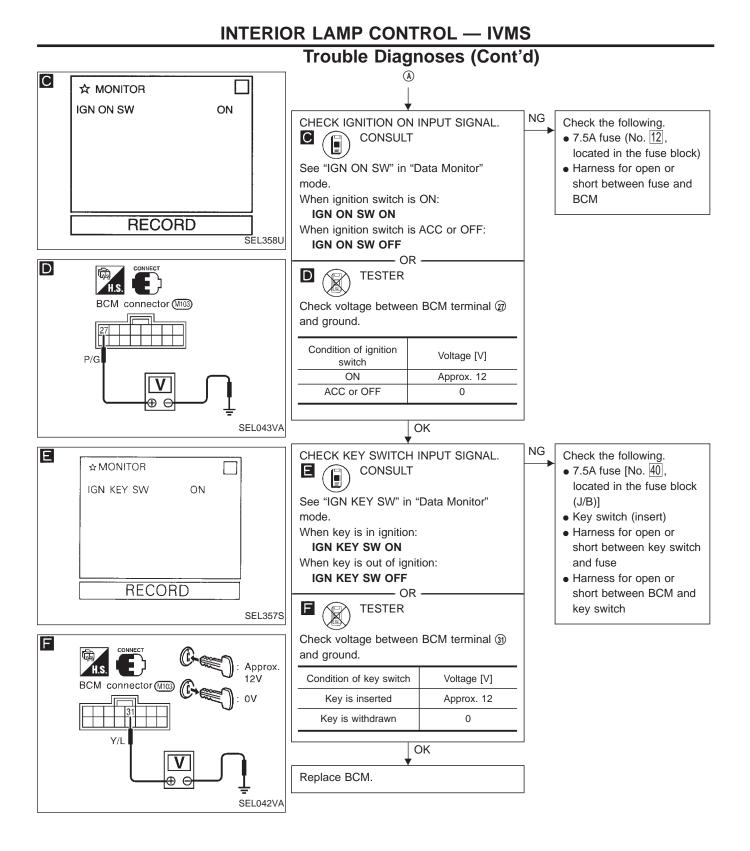
Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1

SYMPTOM: Interior lamp does not illuminate/does not turn off when door is opened/closed.



INTERIOR LAMP CONTROL - IVMS





System Description

Power is supplied at all times

• to BCM terminal ①

• through 7.5A fuse (No. 56, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

Power is supplied at all times

• to front step lamp LH and RH terminals ①

• through 7.5A fuse [No. 26, located in the fuse block (J/B)].

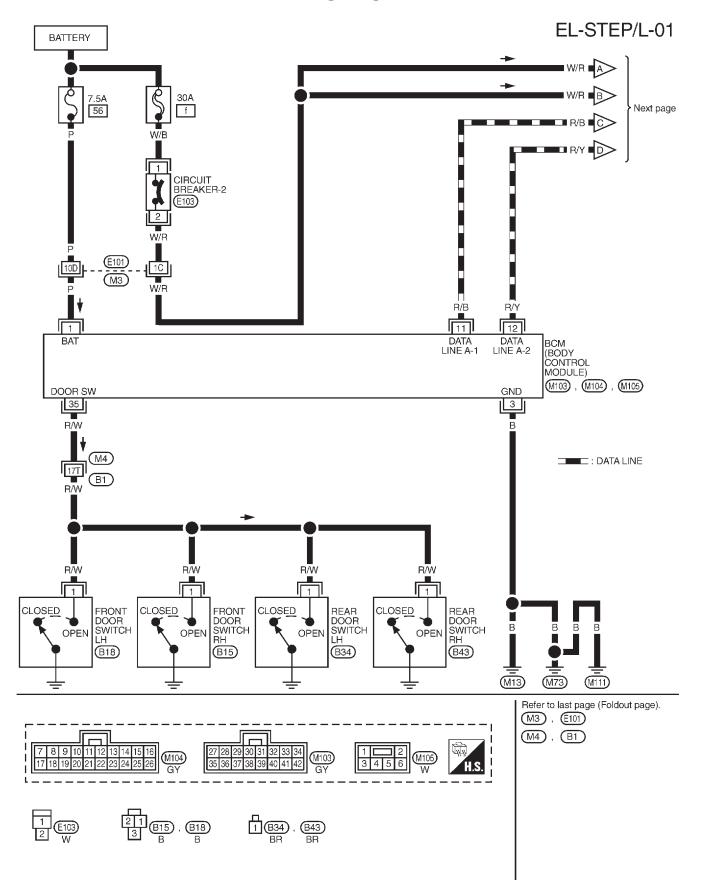
Ground is supplied to terminal (6) of LCU01 and LCU02 through body grounds (M13), (M13) and (M11).

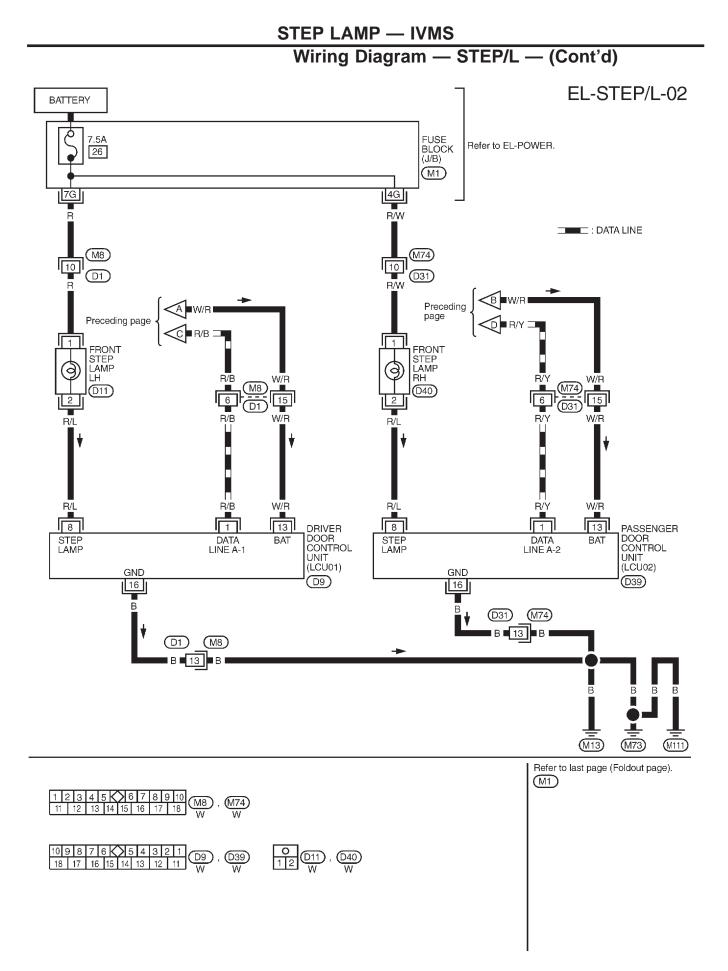
BCM is connected to LCU01 and LCU02 as DATA LINE A-1 or A-2.

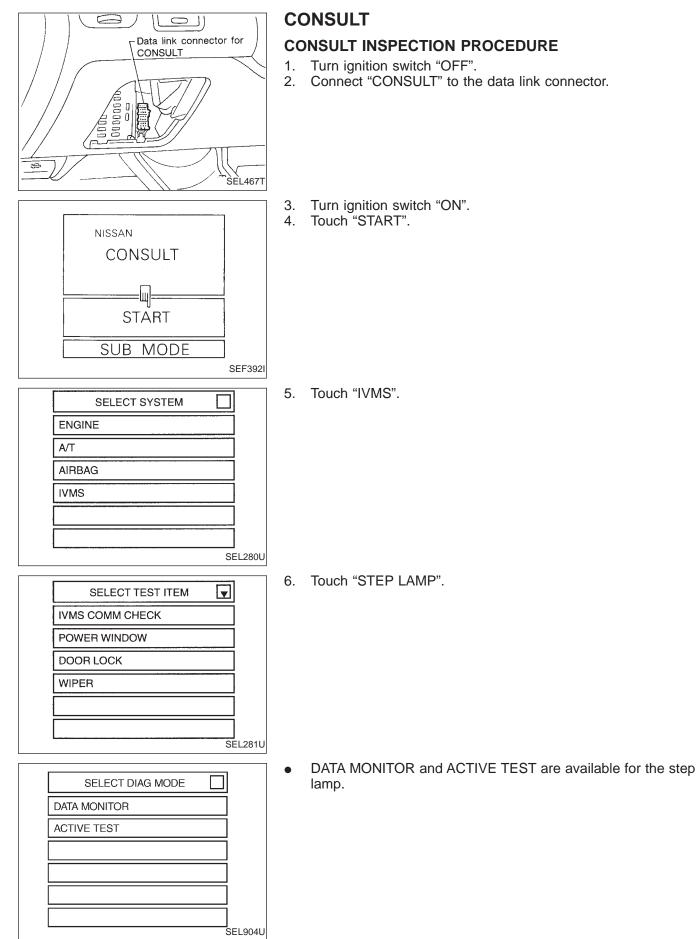
BCM terminal 3 is grounded when any door switch is in OPEN position.

When the driver door switch, passenger door switch, rear RH door switch, or rear LH door switch is in OPEN position, BCM sends a signal to driver and passenger door control units to turn on front LH and RH step lamps. With power and ground supplied, front step lamps turn on.

Wiring Diagram — STEP/L —



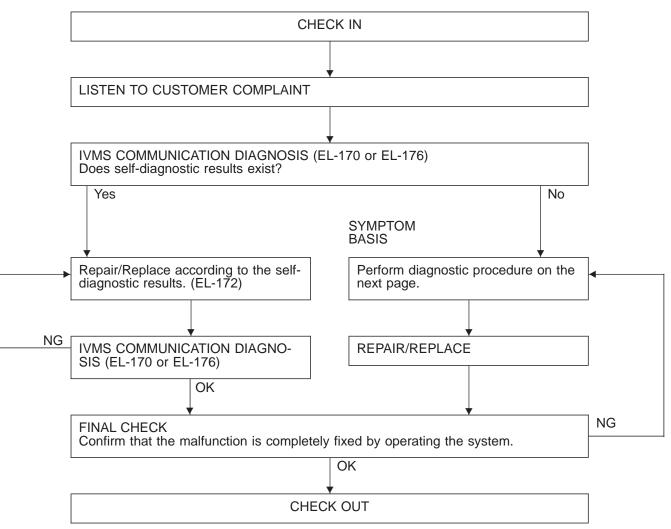




EL-293

Trouble Diagnoses

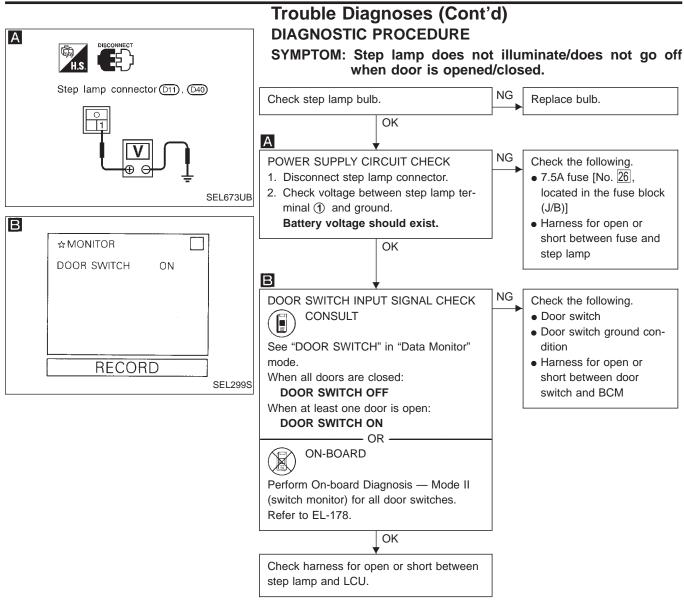
WORK FLOW



NOTICE:

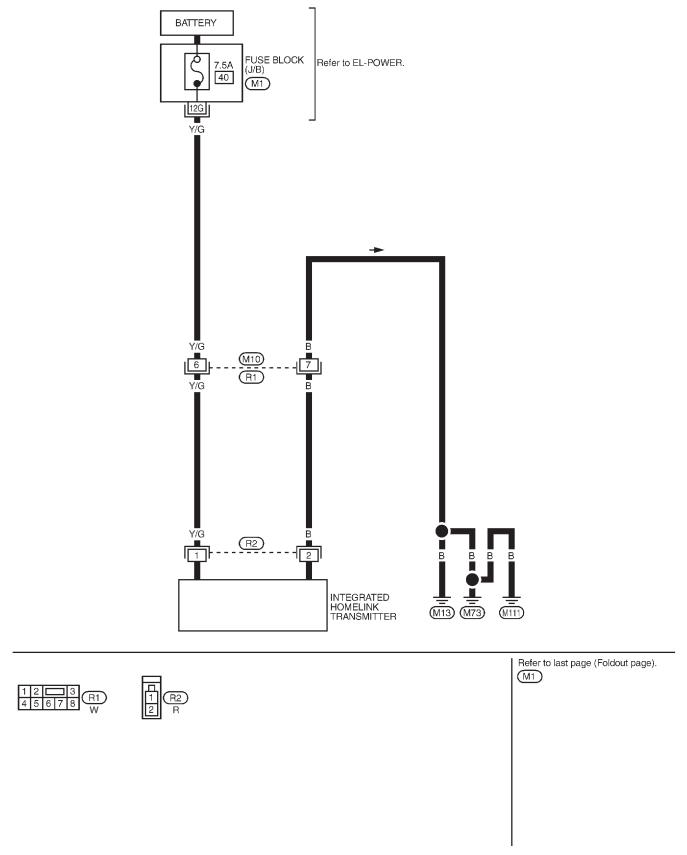
- When LCU connectors are disconnected for more than 1 minute such as during trouble diagnoses, the "disconnected" data will be memorized by the BCM. Therefore, after reconnecting the LCU connectors, erase the memory.
- To erase the memory, perform the procedure below. Erase the memory with CONSULT (refer to EL-170) or turn the ignition switch to "OFF" position and remove 7.5A fuse (No. 56, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

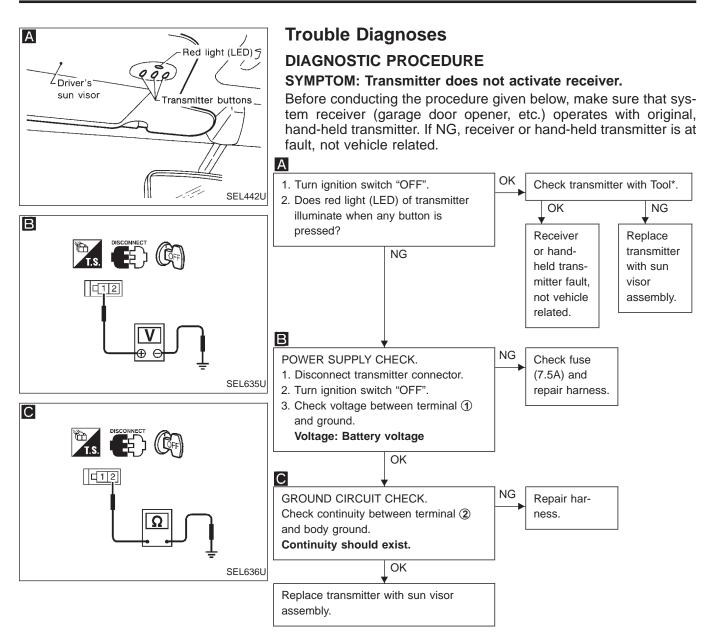
STEP LAMP — IVMS



Wiring Diagram — TRNSMT —

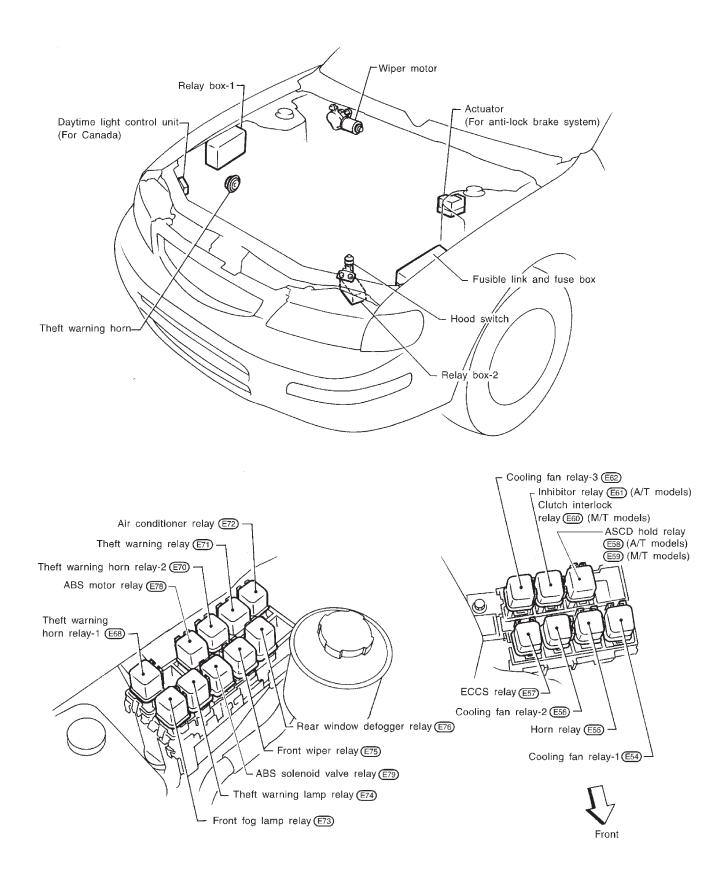
EL-TRNSMT-01



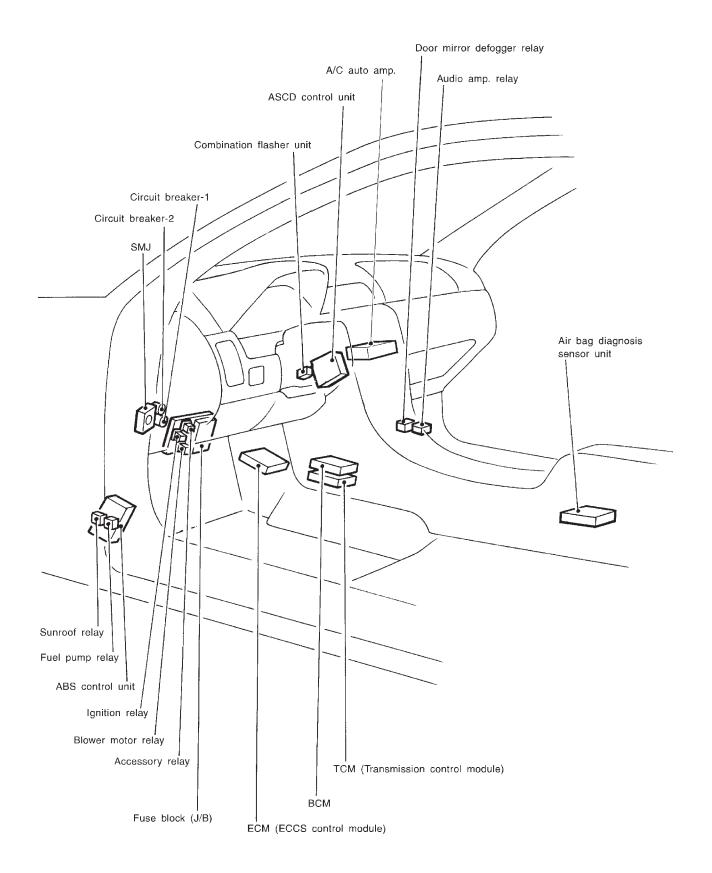


*For details, refer to Technical Service Bulletin.

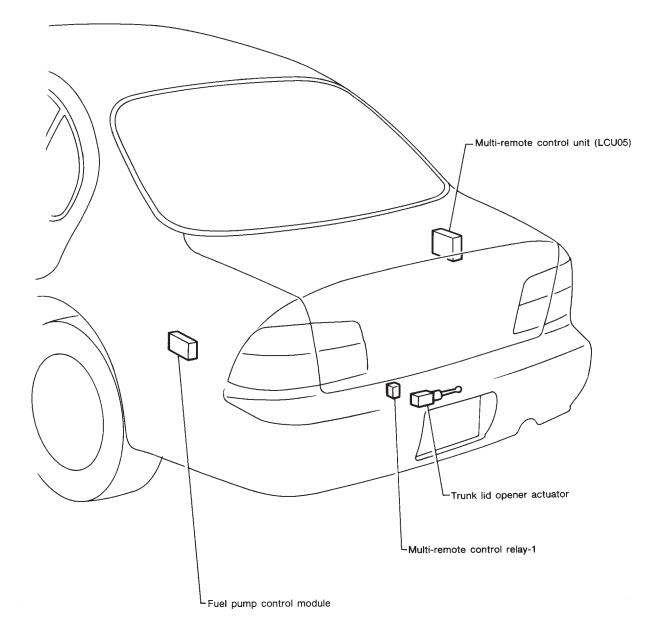
Engine Compartment



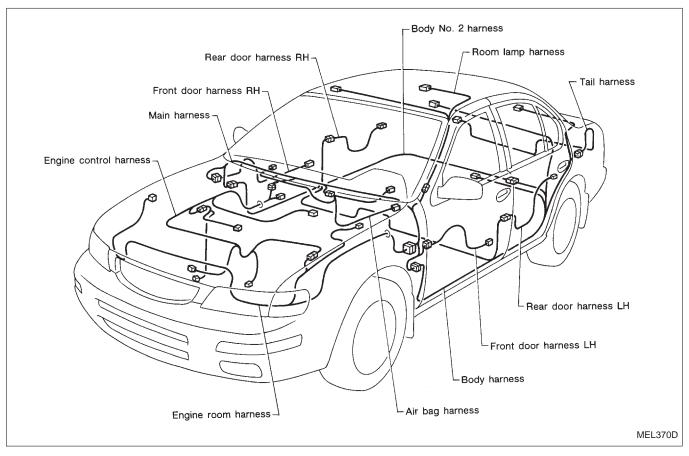
Passenger Compartment



Luggage Compartment

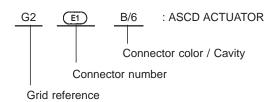


Outline



How to Read Harness Layout

Example:



The following Harness Layouts use a map style grid to help locate connectors on the drawings:

- Engine Room Harness (Engine Compartment)
- Main Harness
- Engine Control Harness
- Body Harness

To use the grid reference

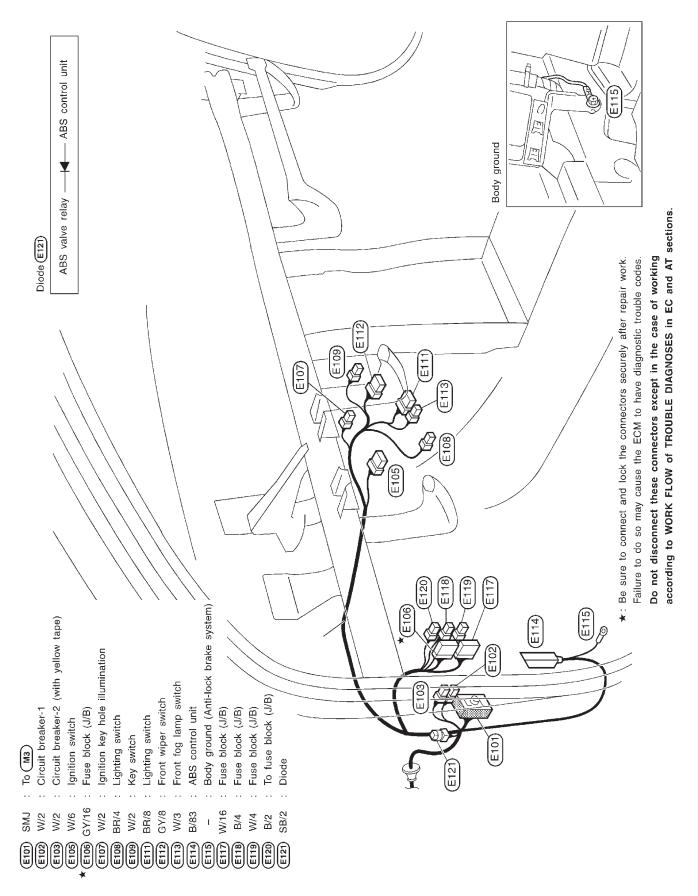
- 1) Find the desired connector number on the connector list.
- 2) Find the grid reference.
- 3) On the drawing, find the crossing of the grid reference letter column and number row.
- 4) Find the connector number in the crossing zone.
- 5) Follow the line (if used) to the connector.

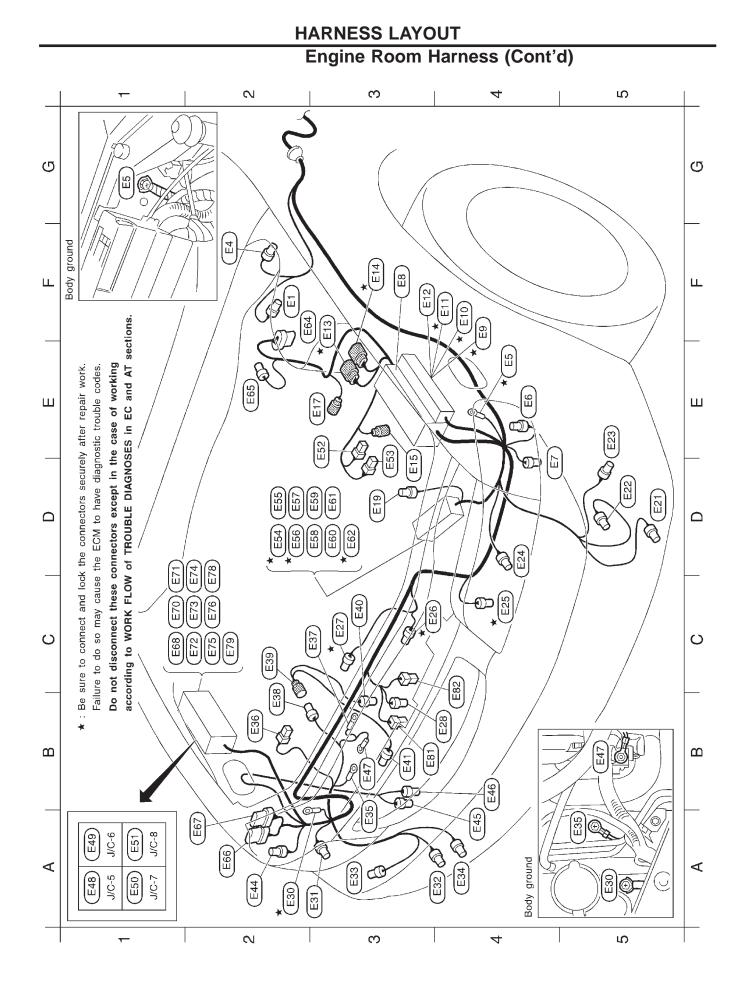
CONNECTOR SYMBOL

Main symbols of connector (in Harness Layout) are indicated in the below.

Connector type	Water p	roof type	Standard type						
Connector type	Male	Female	Male	Female					
Cavity: Less than 4Relay connector	Ø	5	Ø						
Cavity: From 5 to 8	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc					
Cavity: More than 9	_	_	\bigcirc	\bigcirc					
Ground terminal etc.	_	_	Ø	>					

Engine Room Harness



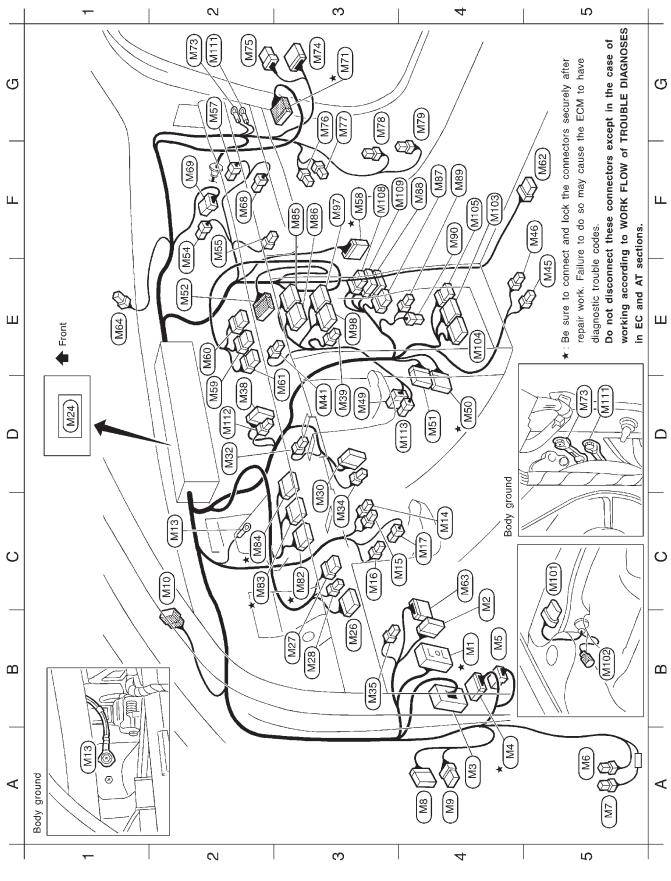


EL-304

Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)	
Relay box-1 • (Refer to "LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS".) nada) nada) nada) relay box-2 • (Refer to "LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS".) • Case for work. after repair work. stic trouble codes. • case of working ES in EC and AT sections.	
03 Est b1 E Battry 02 Est U.4 Cooling fan relay-1 02 Est W.3 Horn relay 02 Est BR6 Cooling fan relay-2 03 Est BR6 Cooling fan relay-2 04 ESC Form pair relay-2 05 Est BR6 ASCD hold relay (AT models) 05 Est Kit Formation 05 Est Kit Minito relay 03 Est Kit Minito relay 04 Theit warming hom relay-1 LOCATION OF ELECTRI 05 Est Kit Bit ontrol unit (For Ganada) 04 Est Kit Minito relay 05 Est Kit Bit ontrol unit (For Ganada) 05 Est Kit Bit ontrol unit (For Ganada) 05 Est Kit Est Kit <td></td>	
Brake fluid level switch ASCD pump Body ground Parking lamp LH To front fog lamp harness (For optional) Fuse and fusible link box Joint connector-1 (Mnite) Joint connector-2 (Mnite) Joint connector-3 (Gray) Joint connector-3 (Gray) Joint connector-4 (Gray) Joint connector-4 (Gray) To (F3) To (F3) Starter motor Front wheel sensor LH (Anti-lock brake system) Hood switch (Theft warning system) Front side marker lamp LH Front side marker lamp LH Front side marker lamp LH Front side marker lamp LH Front side marker lamp RH Front side mar	
F2 F2 F4 F4 F5 F4 F4 F5 F4 F5 F4 F4 F5 F4 F5 <)

Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)

Main Harness



Failure to do so may cause the ECM to have diagnostic trouble codes. ★: Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Audio (Except for BOSE system) Audio (Except for BOSE system) Push control unit (Manual A/C) Push control unit (Manual A/C) Air mix door motor (Auto A/C) Combination meter Mode door motor (Auto A/C) BCM (Body control module) BCM (Body control module) : BCM (Body control module) Door mirror defogger relay Fan resistor (Manual A/C) (Anti-lock brake system) Front wheel sensor RH Audio (BOSE system) : Audio (BOSE system) Combination meter Combination meter Combination meter Front wiper motor Intake door motor Audio amp. relay Glove box lamp Sunload sensor A/C auto amp. A/C auto amp. Blower motor Body ground Body ground CD player CD player Parking brake switch To (B102) To D31 To (D32) GY/16 GY/16 GY/20 GY/6 GY/16 GY/20 W/14 W/10 W/16 W/10 GY/2 W/10 W/18 GY/6 BR/4 B/16 Bulb W/8 B/12 W/6 W/6 W/2 L/4 L/4 W/6 W/4 B/2 W/3 W/3 B/2 I ī M105 M109 M109 M78 M71 M82 M85 M86 MBB M103 M112 M113 Diode (M24) (M69 M73 M75 M76 M79 M83 M84) MB7 (70M) (M98 (01M) M68) M64 M77 G3*C C2*(C3×C C2*****(БZ F2 g G3 G3 63 9 4 F3 G3 63 ЕЗ F4 F4 F4 F4 F3 E3 Ξ C3 B5 Е4 БЗ F4 g D2 D4 Е4 Е4 Clutch interlock switch (M/T models) Joint connector-16 (Sky blue-Diode) Data link connector for CONSULT Door mirror remote control switch Air mix door motor (Manual A/C) Sunroof relay (with yellow tape) Mode door motor (Manual A/C) Rear window defogger switch Data link connector for GST Illumination control switch Fan switch (Manual A/C) Combination flasher unit Security indicator lamp Cigarette lighter socket Glove box lamp switch ASCD clutch switch Ashtray illumination ASCD brake switch ASCD main switch ASCD control unit Stop lamp switch In-vehicle sensor Fan control amp. Fuse block (J/B) Fuel pump relay Warning buzzer Hazard switch Intake sensor Body ground A/T device To (F105) To (F104) To (E101) To B1 To (D2) To (F102) To B2 To R1 Clock GY/14 GY/12 BR/10 GY/16 BR/6 W/48 GY/6 W/18 GY/6 SB/4 W/12 W/16 9/M W/20 W/16 SMJ SMJ W/8 B/2 L/2 W/4 B/20 W/3 B/3 W/3 W/6 W/2 B/2 W/2 B/6 W/3 BR/2 W/4 W/8 W/6 W/6 L/4 L/4 L/2 L/2 M26 M58) M28 M38 (EN) M4 M5 (01M M13 M14 M24 M27) M32 M34 M35 M39 M41 M45 M49 M50 M51) M52) M54) M55 M57) M59 M60 (M63) Ē M2 M6 8 M15) M16) M17 M46) M61 M2 6M M62 A4*(D4 *(₿4 ***** F3★(2 A4 B4 F5 ñ 4 E2 БZ БZ G2 20 БZ DЗ ĿС A5 E5 40 A5 Ą4 Å4 СS

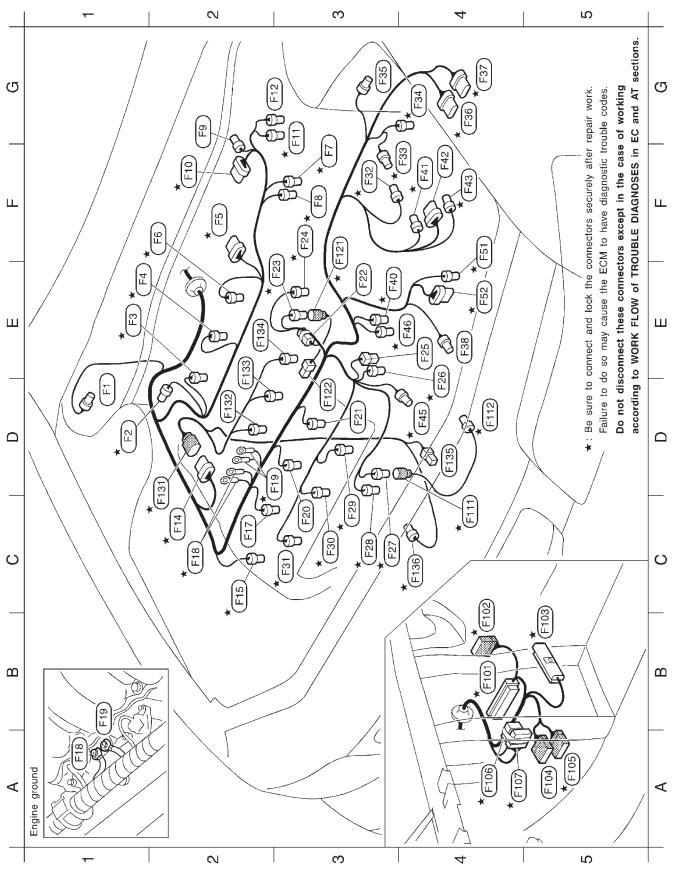
HARNESS LAYOUT Main Harness (Cont'd)

according to WORK FLOW of TROUBLE DIAGNOSES in EC and AT sections.

Do not disconnect these connectors except in the case of working

EL-307

Engine Control Harness



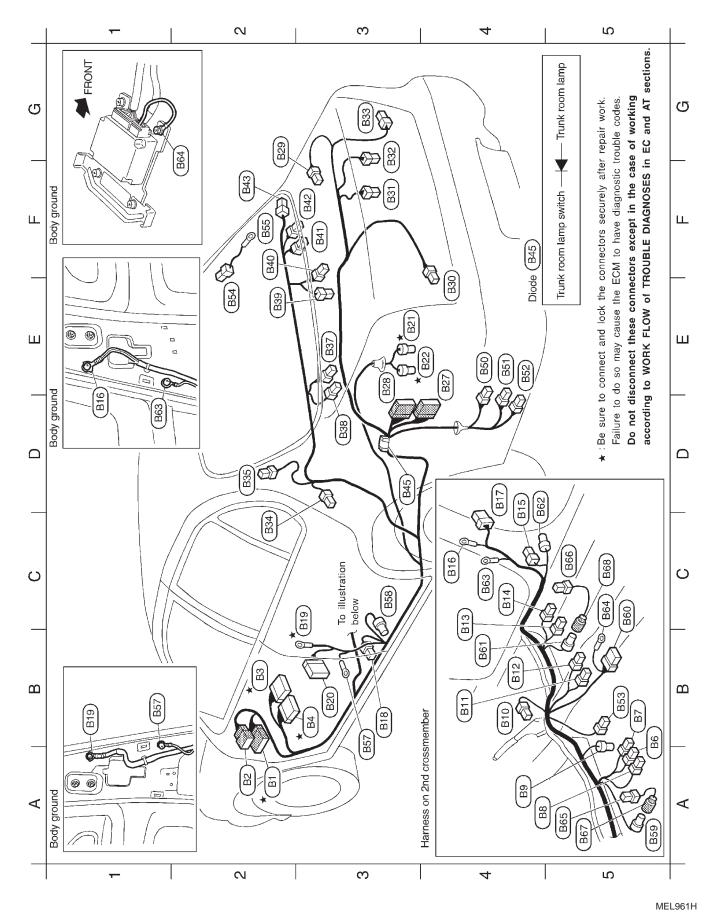
steering oil pressure switch heated oxygen sensor RH h coil No.1 h coil No.3	canister purge volume control valve 1 coil No.5	position switch position sensor	CD solenoid valve-2	ACV-AAC valve	soleno		t position sensor (PHASE)	No.2	ground	N0.4	No.6	er		EGRC-solenoid valve		coolant temperature sensor	Front heated oxygen sensor LH		coil No.4	coil No.2	and reverse position switch	air flow sensor	`	resistor		14) endine mountind	canister purge control solenoid valve	sensor	Terminal cord assembly (A/T models)	speed sensor	Absolute pressure sensor	RO switch solenoid valve	switch	switch
Power steerir Front heated Ignition coil N	EVAP c Ignition	Throttle	IACV-FICD	IACV-/	IACV-FICD	To F131	Camshaft	Injector	Engine	Injector No.4	Injector	Condenser	To (F121	EGRC	Therm	Engine	Front he	Ignition	Ignition	Ignition		Mass	Intake	0 '			EVAP	Revolution	Termir	Vehicle	Absolu	MAP/BARO	Inhibitor	Inhibitor
			••			••	•••	•••				•••	•••	••	•••				••	•••	• •	• •	••	••	•••			•••	••		••	• •	••	••
GY/2 GY/3 GY/3 GY/3	GY/6 GY/3	GY/3 BR/3	R/2	GY/6	PU/2	GY/8	GY/2	B/2		B/2	B/2	GY/2	B/2	G/2	B/1	GY/2	GΥ/3	GY/3	GY/3	GY/3	GY/4	GY/3	GY/2	GY/2	BH/8	5/2 20/2	B/2	GY/3	BR/8	GY/2	GY/3	BR/2	GY/2	GY/8
	$\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O}$	ノし	\sim		ノし	~ /	()		ノし	\sim	F21	\sim	\frown			3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		/ \	E30	\cup	\frown		、ノ) [\sim	F42	\sim		\frown	\sim	E52
	F2 *	E3 ¥	G G	F2 *	3 8	C2 *	C2 *(8 8 8	* 20 *	8	D3	Ë	¥. ⊣	E3	н 14 14		3 8	C3 ¥	C3 ¥	C3 ¥	E3	€ 4 4	G4 ¥	89	64) 74)	т 5 Ц	¥ E3	F4★	F4	₽4 ★	04 *	Н 4 1 4	4 H	E4 >

		TCM (Transmission control module) (A/T models)														
e)		module)						(POS)								(REF)
I modul		control			(Gray)	(Blue)		sensor								sensor
CS contro		rsmission			nector-24	nector-25		t position		lsor		0.1	0.3	0.5	ure switch	t position
ECM (ECCS control module)	To M58	TCM (Trai	To M51	To (M50)	Joint connector-24 (Gray)	Joint connector-25	To (F27)	Crankshaft position sensor	To (F23)	Knock sensor	To F14	Injector No.1	Injector No.3	Injector No.5	Oil pressure switch	Crankshaft position sensor (REF)
	••	••	••	••	•••	• •	• •	••	• •	••	••		••	• •		
F101 GY/103	GY/16	L/48	W/12	W/20	GY/6	L/12	GY/3	B/4	B/2	B/2	GY/8	B/2	B/2	B/2	B/1	GY/2
	F102	F103	F104	FIOS	FICE	F107	L E H I	F112	F12H	^r (F122)	FI31	F132	F133	F134	F135	C4 * F136
B4★(C4 *(B5 * (A5	A5*(A4 *(A4 * (C4*(D4*(F3 *)*EQ	D2*(D2	E2	E2	D4	C4

*: Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work.
Failure to do so may cause the ECM to have diagnostic trouble codes.
Do not disconnect these connectors except in the case of working according to WORK FLOW of TROUBLE DIAGNOSES in EC and AT sections.

a

Body Harness



Body Harness (Cont'd)

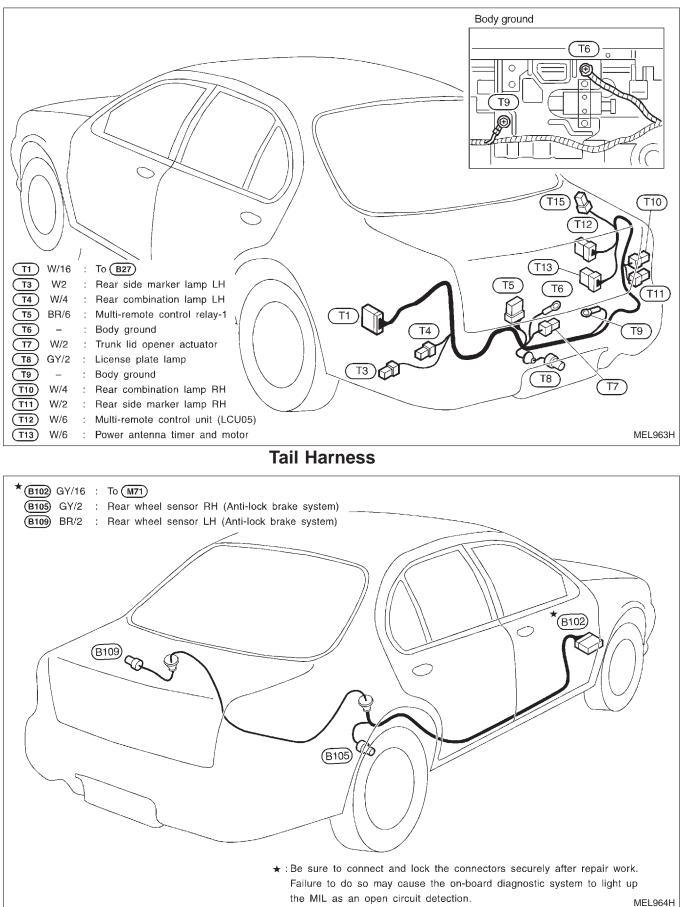
: To high-mounted stop lamp sub-harness (Models equipped with rear air spoiler)	: Trunk lid combination lamp LH	: Trunk room lamp switch	: Trunk lid key cylinder switch	: Trunk lid combination lamp RH	: Rear door switch LH	: Rear window defogger	: Rear speaker LH (For BOSE system)	: Rear speaker LH (Except for BOSE system)	: Trunk room lamp	: High-mounted stop lamp	(Models without rear air spoiler)	: Rear speaker RH (For BOSE system)	: Rear speaker RH (Except for BOSE system)	: Rear door switch RH	: Diode	: EVAP canister vent control valve	: Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	: EVAP control system pressure sensor	: Telephone	: Rear window defogger	: Body ground	: Body ground	: Satellite sensor LH	: To (B67)	: Air bag diagnosis sensor unit	: To B68	: Satellite sensor RH	: Body ground	: Body ground	: Side air bag module LH	: Side air bag module RH		: To (B61)
(B29) W/2	(B30) W/4	(B31) BR/2	B32 W/3	(B33) W/4	B34 BR/1	B35 B/1	(B37) W/4	(B38) BR/2	(B39) W/2	B40 W/2		(B41) W/4	B42 BR/2	(B43) BR/1	(B45) SB/2	* B50 B/2	★ B51 G/2	* B52 GY/3	(B53) W/4	B54 B/1	- В55	- B57	(B58) GY/2	(B59) W/2	B60 Y/10	B61 W/2	B62) GY/2	B63) –	B64 –	B65 Y/2	B66 Y/2	E9	(B68) W/2
G2	((J/B) E4	((J/B) F3	t LH G3	Seat belt buckle switch G3	at LH C2	Rear heated oxygen sensor D2	Parking brake switch E3	Heated seat switch LH D3	Heated seat switch RH E2	at RH F2	t RH	Front door switch RH	F3 F3	F2	Front door switch LH D3				Fuel tank gauge unit B5	E2	F2	B3	C3	A5	C5	B4	D4	C4	C5	A5	C5	A5	C5
To M4	: Fuse block (J/B)	: Fuse block (J/B)	: Power seat LH	: Seat belt I	: Heated seat LH	: Rear heat	: Parking br	: Heated se	: Heated se	: Heated seat RH	: Power seat RH	: Front door	: Body ground	To D71	: Front door	: Body ground	To D51	: Fuel pump	: Fuel tank	To Ti													

GY/6 W/12 BR/16

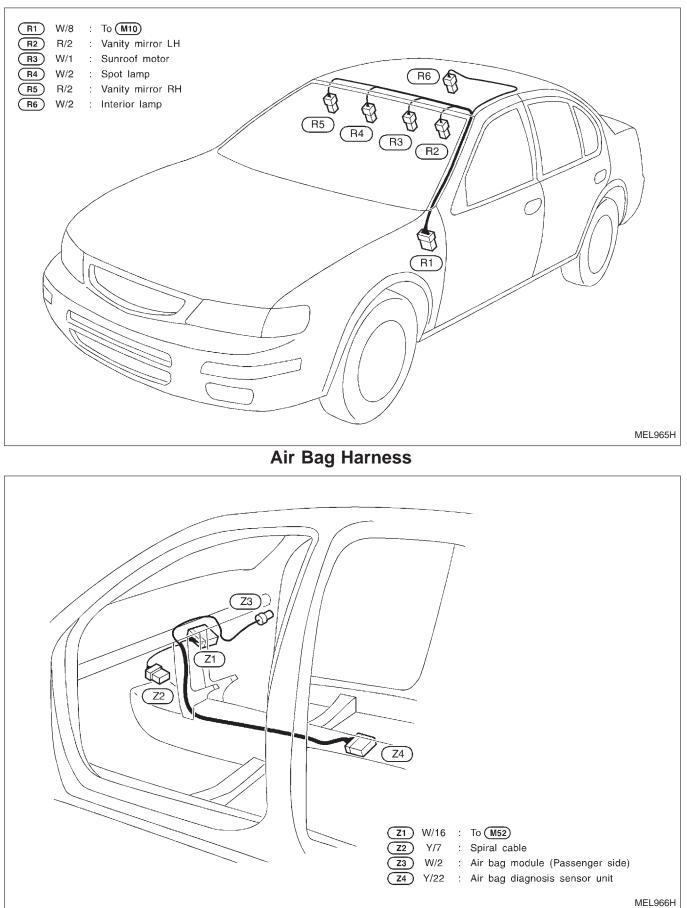
W/24

* : Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work.
 Failure to do so may cause the ECM to have diagnostic trouble codes.
 Do not disconnect these connectors except in the case of working according to WORK FLOW of TROUBLE DIAGNOSES in EC and AT sections.

Body No. 2 Harness

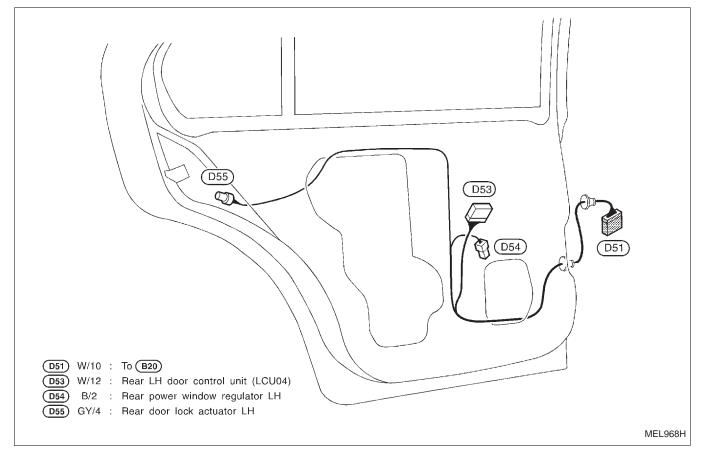


Room Lamp Harness



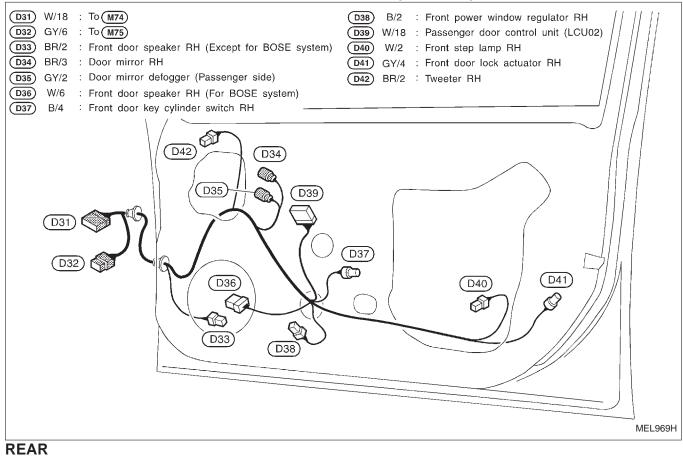
Door Harness (LH side) FRONT D1 W/18 : To M8 (D8) B/2 : Front power window regulator LH D2 GY/6 : To M9 (D9) W/18 : Driver door control unit (LCU01) D3 BR/2 : Front door speaker LH (Except for BOSE system) (D10) W/2 : Trunk lid opener switch D4) BR/3 : Door mirror LH (D11) W/2 : Front step lamp LH (D5) GY/2 : Door mirror defogger (Driver side) (D12) GY/4 : Front door lock actuator LH (D6) W/6 : Front door speaker LH (For BOSE system) (D13) BR/2 : Tweeter LH (D7) B/4 Front door key cylinder switch LH 🕼 (D13) D4 D D5 D9 (D10) (D1)D7 D2 \mathbf{O} D6 D12 Q D11) Ø. D3 D8 MEL967H

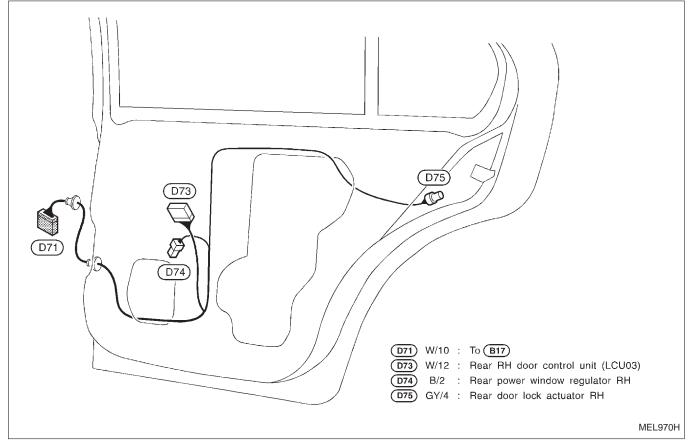
REAR



FRONT

Door Harness (RH side)





EL-315

Headlamp

	Wattage (12V)
High/low (Semi-sealed beam)	60/55

Exterior Lamp

		Wattage (12V)
Front turn signal lamp		27
Front combination lamp	Parking	8
Front combination lamp	Front side marker	3.8
Front fog lamp		55 (H3)
	Turn signal	27
Rear combination lamp	Stop/Tail	27/8
	Back-up	27
Rear side marker lamp		3.8
License plate lamp	5	
High-mounted stop lamp	18	

Interior Lamp

	Wattage (12V)
Interior lamp	10
Spot lamp	10
Step lamp	2.7
Trunk room lamp	3.4

Use the chart below to find out what each wiring diagram code stands for.

Refer to the wiring diagram code in the alphabetical index to find the location (page number) of each wiring diagram.

Code	Section	Wiring Diagram Name
AAC/V	EC	IACV-AAC Valve
ABS	BR	Anti-lock Brake System
A/C, A	HA	Auto Air Conditioner
A/C, M	HA	Manual Air Conditioner
AP/SEN	EC	Absolute Pressure Sensor
ASCD	EL	Automatic Speed Control Device (ASCD)
A/T	AT	A/T
AT/C	EC	A/T Control
ATDIAG	EC	A/T Diagnosis Communication Line
AUDIO	EL	Audio
BACK/L	EL	Back-up Lamp
BUZZER	EL	Warning Buzzer
BYPS/V	EC	Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve
CANI/V	EC	EVAP Canister Purge Control Valve/ Solenoid Valve
CHARGE	EL	Charging System
CIGAR	EL	Cigarette Lighter
CLOCK	EL	Clock
COMM	EL	Main Power Supply, Ground and Communication Circuits — IVMS
COOL/F	EC	Cooling Fan
DEF	EL	Rear Window Defogger
D/LOCK	EL	Power Door Lock — IVMS
DTRL	EL	Headlamp - With Daytime Light Sys- tem
ECTS	EC	Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor
EGRC	EC	EGR Function
EGRC/V	EC	EGRC-Solenoid Valve
EGR/TS	EC	EGR Temperature Sensor
EMNT	EC	Engine Mount
F/FOG	EL	Front Fog Lamp
FICD	EC	IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve
FO2H-L	EC	Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Left Bank)
FO2H-R	EC	Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Right Bank)
FPCM	EC	Fuel Pump Control Module
F/PUMP	EC	Fuel Pump

Code	Section	Wiring Diagram Name
FRO2LH	EC	Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Left Bank)
FRO2RH	EC	Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Right Bank)
FUELLH	EC	Fuel Injection System Function (Left Bank)
FUELRH	EC	Fuel Injection System Function (Right Bank)
H/LAMP	EL	Headlamp
HORN	EL	Horn
H/SEAT	EL	Heated Seat
IATS	EC	Intake Air Temperature Sensor
IGN/SG	EC	Ignition Signal
ILL	EL	Illumination
INJECT	EC	Injector
INT/L	EL	Spot, Vanity Mirror and Trunk Room Lamps
KS	EC	Knock Sensor
LD/SIG	EC	Electrical Load Signal
MAFS	EC	Mass Air Flow Sensor
MAIN	EC	Main Power Supply and Ground Cir- cuit
METER	EL	Speedometer, Tachometer, Temp., Oil and Fuel Gauges
MIL/DL	EC	MIL & Data Link Connector
MIRROR	EL	Power Door Mirror
MULTI	EL	Multi-remote Control System — IVMS
P/ANT	EL	Power Antenna
PHONE	EL	Telephone Pre-wire
PGC/V	EC	EVAP Canister Purge Volume Con- trol Valve
PHASE	EC	Camshaft Position Sensor (PHASE)
PNP/SW	EC	Park/Neutral Position Switch
POS	EC	Crankshaft Position Sensor (POS)
POWER	EL	Power Supply Routing
PRE/SE	EC	EVAP Control System Pressure Sen- sor
PST/SW	EC	Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch
REF	EC	Crankshaft Position Sensor (REF)
ROOM/L	EL	Interior Lamp
RRO2	EC	Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor

Code	Section	Wiring Diagram Name
RRO2/H	EC	Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater
SEAT	EL	Power Seat
SHIFT	AT	A/T Shift Lock System
SROOF	EL	Sunroof
SRS	RS	Supplemental Restraint System
S/SIG	EC	Start Signal
START	EL	Starting System
STEP/L	EL	Step Lamp — IVMS
STOP/L	EL	Stop lamp
SW/ILL	EL	Power Window Switch Illumination — IVMS
SW/V	EC	MAP/BARO Switch Solenoid Valve
TAIL/L	EL	Parking, License and Tail Lamps
TFTS	EC	Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor

Code	Section	Wiring Diagram Name
T/LID	EL	Trunk Lid Opener
THEFT	EL	Theft Warning System — IVMS
TPS	EC	Throttle Position Sensor
TP/SW	EC	Closed Throttle Position Switch
TRANSMT	EL	Integrated HOMELINK (TM) Trans- mitter
TURN	EL	Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps
VENT/V	EC	EVAP Canister Vent Control Valve
VSS	EC	Vehicle Speed Sensor
WARN	EL	Warning Lamps
WINDOW	EL	Power Window — IVMS
WIPER	EL	Front Wiper and Washer

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

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